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FOREWORD

Sine die adjournment of the second regular session of the 67th Colorado General Assembly occurred May 12, 2010.

During the 2010 session, 668 bills and resolutions were introduced, and the League actively followed 221 of these measures.

During the session, 20 of 24 League-supported bills became law, and 17 of 17 League-opposed bills were either defeated or amended in a manner to remove League opposition. This is an 83 percent record for enactment of supported bills, and a 100 percent record for defeat or amendment of opposed bills!

One of the League’s services is the analysis and distribution of information regarding laws passed by the General Assembly that affect cities and towns. Published annually, Colorado Laws Enacted focuses on selected acts that have a particular significance for municipal operations, services, and powers. A few of these acts are reprinted herein for easy reference. This publication is not a comprehensive listing of all new legislation enacted into law affecting municipal government.

The League recommends that each municipality assign at least one staff member to review this publication carefully and become familiar with these new laws. We suggest that special attention be given to effective dates and any ordinance or other policy changes that might be required. Please notify the appropriate officials in your municipality of these changes.

Municipal officials are encouraged to review the actual text of new laws rather than rely on the summaries in this publication. When reading these new laws, please read the act in the context of the existing statute or statutes being amended. We encourage you to consult with your municipal attorney where legal questions arise. Copies of any law and further information are available to municipal officials upon request to the League staff. Finally, we appreciate your comments and suggestions on ways to improve Colorado Laws Enacted.

Acknowledgements go to the following CML staff for contributing to this book: Kevin Bommer, legislative advocacy manager, Mark Radtke, legislative and policy advocate, Traci Stoffel, publications specialist, and Geoff Wilson, general counsel.

Kevin Bommer
CML legislative advocacy manager
June 2010

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HB 10-1017  
**AFFORDABLE HOUSING**

Voluntary agreements for rent, deed restrictions

Clarifies that the rent control statute applies only to private residential property or private residential housing units. Clarifies that nothing in the rent control statute shall prohibit or restrict the right of a property owner and a public entity from voluntarily entering into and enforcing an agreement that controls rent on a private residential housing unit or places a restriction on the deed to the property, whether the agreement is entered into before, on, or after the effective date of the bill. An agreement authorized pursuant to the act may specify how long a unit is subject to its terms, whether or not subsequent property owners are subject to the agreement, and remedies for early termination agreed to by both the property owner and the public entity. Precludes the denial of an application for a development permit if the applicant declines to enter into such an agreement. Specifies the statute shall not preclude public entities from cooperatively entering into an agreement, nor shall it preclude the assignment of rights and remedies to any party to the agreement. Effective Sept. 1, 2010. *Reprinted.* Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

HB 10-1170  
**BEER & LIQUOR**

Luxury boxes

Permits the sale or provision of alcohol beverages in sealed containers to adult occupants of luxury boxes located in stadiums, arenas, and similar sports and entertainment venues with a seating capacity of at least 1,500 seats. Occupants are not permitted to leave the luxury box with an alcohol beverage in a sealed container. Effective April 12, 2010. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

HB 10-1204  
**CODE ENFORCEMENT**

Plumbing code conservation standards

Adds water conservation to the list of standards that must be included in the Colorado Plumbing Code. Requires Board of Examining Plumbers to include standards based on national guidelines and standards that have been tested and approved by a nationally recognized testing laboratory. Board to include these standards during its scheduled update of the plumbing code. Includes standards for water efficient fixtures and encouraging the use of locally produced products. Effective Aug. 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, mradtke@cml.org.

HB 10-1225  
**CODE ENFORCEMENT**

Reauthorizes State Electrical Board until 2019

Changes the board’s functions to include the ability to take action again municipalities that do not comply with the state electrical code. If a municipality has not complied with the state code within a year of its adoption, the board may issue a cease and desist order. State fees to be determined administratively and to be based on inspection costs rather than project costs. Effective July 1, 2010. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, mradtke@cml.org.

HB 10-1231  
**CODE ENFORCEMENT**

Elevator regulation

Amends the Elevator and Escalator Certification Act to exempt from inspection stairway chairlifts in single family residences. Includes reporting of dangerous conditions noted by inspectors to local governments. Requires out-of-state contractors doing business in Colorado to carry the same amount of insurance as Colorado certified contractors. Effective Aug. 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, mradtke@cml.org.

SB 10-098  
**CONSERVATION TRUST FUND**

Utilization of moneys from fund

Specifically includes conservation districts and local noxious weed control programs among the governments or political subdivisions with which an eligible entity may cooperate or contract in the utilization of such moneys. Specifies that the sharing of moneys held by any eligible entities in their respective conservation trust funds for joint expenditures for the acquisition, development, and maintenance of "new conservation sites" are to be implemented in accordance with the Great Outdoors Colorado Program provisions of the state constitution. Effective April 29, 2010. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

SB 10-041  
**ELECTIONS**

Campaign and political finance technical modifications

Makes technical modifications to statutory provisions governing campaign finance. Conforms the registration requirements for issue committees involved in recall elections to the registration requirements for other types of issue committees. Extends from seven business days to 15 business days the amount of time allowed for curing a deficiency in a report required to be filed under the Fair Campaign Practices Act. The secretary of state may require any filing of campaign finance reports to be made by electronic means. Contains other provisions. Effective July 1, 2010. Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.

SB 10-203  
**ELECTIONS**

FCPA and corporations/labor unions

In accordance with a recent decision of the Colorado Supreme Court, affirms that corporations and labor organizations shall not be prohibited from making independent expenditures. Requires all such expenditures to be disclosed in accordance with the existing constitutional and statutory requirements. Requires any person that accepts a donation that is given for the purpose of making an independent expenditure or that makes an independent expenditure to register with the secretary of state not later than the date on which the aggregate amount of donations accepted or expenditures made reaches or exceeds $1,000. Specifies the required components of the registration. Restrictions on political activity by the state and political subdivisions. Expands existing statutory restrictions on the ability of the state or any political subdivision of the state
from making any contribution in campaigns involving the nomination, retention, or election of any person to any public office to prohibit such entities from making any donation to any other person for the purpose of making an independent expenditure. Additionally, removes a statutory limitation that had restricted the prohibition on political involvement by the state or political subdivisions to the use of public moneys so that the prohibition will now apply to all moneys. Contains numerous other provisions. Effective May 25, 2010. Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.

HB 10-1116 ELECTIONS Omnibus Uniform Election Code

Makes technical and administrative revisions to the Uniform Election Code of 1992 (election code) and other election-related provisions. Specifies that no elector’s registration record shall be cancelled solely for failure to vote. Deletes language in order to harmonize conflicting dates regarding the cancellation of an election. Specifies that, for purposes of the ballot issue notice required by the taxpayer’s bill of rights, if there is no “designated election official” the governing body of a political subdivision, including a special district, is the “election official” responsible for summarizing the comments for and against a ballot issue placed on the ballot by a political subdivision. Requires signature verification for all mail ballot and “mail-in” elections, that are conducted by the county clerk. Contains numerous other provisions. Effective May 5, 2010. Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.

HB 10-1404 ETHICS Independent Ethics Commission

The bill moves the independent ethics commission (commission), which is charged with interpreting and hearing complaints pursuant to Amendment 41 (Colo. Constitution Article 29), from the office of administrative courts in the department of personnel to the judicial department. In the case of a request for an advisory opinion from the commission, the bill requires the commission to prepare a response to such request as soon as practicable after the request is made, rather than within 20 business days as under current law. Contains other provisions. Effective June 10, 2010. Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.

HB 10-1021 HEALTH CARE Mandatory coverage for reproductive services

Makes changes to individual and accident insurance policies and requires both individual and group policies to provide coverage for contraception, and does not allow pregnancy coverage to be excluded as a preexisting condition. Effective Jan. 1, 2011. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

HB 10-1160 HEALTH CARE Wellness incentives

Repeals the restriction on incentives based on outcomes and allows carriers to base the incentives or rewards on satisfaction of a standard related to a health risk factor if the incentive or reward under the wellness and prevention program is consistent with the nondiscrimination requirements of the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996. Permits licensed health care providers, community-based wellness programs, employers, and individuals participating in an individual health coverage plan to develop wellness and prevention programs for carriers to consider in determining the types of programs to offer to covered persons. Allows carriers to offer incentives or rewards based upon satisfaction of a standard related to a health risk factor only if the incentive or reward is offered pursuant to a bona fide wellness and prevention program and only if specific standards are met. Contains numerous other provisions. Effective for health plans and small group plans issued after July 1, 2010. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

HB 10-1202 HEALTH CARE Mandatory oral anticancer medication

Requires a health benefit plan that covers cancer chemotherapy treatment to provide coverage for prescribed, orally administered anticancer medication at a cost to the patient at the same coinsurance percentage or copayment amount as is applied to the cost of other cancer medications. Requires that the medication be prescribed only upon a finding that it is medically necessary by the treating physician for the treatment of cancer in a manner that is in accordance with nationally accepted standards of medical practice, clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, extent site, and duration, and not primarily for the convenience of the patient or the health care provider. Applies to policies issued or renewed on or after Jan. 1, 2011. Effective Jan. 1, 2011. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

HB 10-1252 HEALTH CARE Breast cancer screening requirement

Adds a provision to required mandatory breast cancer screening such that screen will be provided for individuals more than 40 years old that are deemed at risk. Effective Jan. 1, 2011. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

SB 10-192 HISTORIC PRESERVATION Funding of capitol dome repairs

Creates the capitol dome restoration fund in the state treasury to finance repairs and safety improvements to the state capitol dome and supporting structures, and transfers to the fund $4 million in state fiscal year 2010-11 and up to $4 million per year in each of state fiscal years 2011-12 and 2012-13 from moneys constitutionally allocated to historic preservation. Should other funds be raised through cause-related marketing implemented under companion legislation
HB 10-1203

INSURANCE

Group life minimum number

Deletes the minimum number requirement of three persons that must be covered by a group life insurance policy. Effective March 29, 2010. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

HB 10-1107

LAND USE

Agricultural land in urban renewal areas

Prohibits the inclusion of property assessed as agriculture into an urban renewal authority area (URA). Defines agricultural land as property assessed as agriculture anytime during the previous five years. Makes six exceptions to the prohibition: 1) qualified brownfields sites; 2) property at least two-thirds contiguous to urban level development and one half of the property currently contains urban level development; 3) enclaves within a municipality surrounded by urban level development; 4) land included in a URA prior to June 1, 2010; 5) property for a manufacturing facility of a scale that exports production outside of Colorado; or 6) all affected taxing entities agree to the inclusion. Any agricultural land that is included in a URA through these exceptions will be assessed at market value, rather than at agricultural value for purposes of tax increment financing, decreasing the amount of property tax available for the tax increment. Effective June 1, 2010. Reprinted. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, mradtke@cml.org.

HB 10-1143

LAND USE

Land uses at RTD transfer facilities

Expands the Regional Transportation District's authority to enter into agreements with private firms for the provision of retail and commercial goods at transfer facilities to allow for residential uses. Encourages transit-oriented development that will focus both retail and residential opportunities at light rail stations. Allowed RTD to enter into agreements that allow private development of commercial, retail and residential on RTD property. Local zoning applies. Effective Aug. 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, mradtke@cml.org.

HB 10-1205

LAND USE

Military installations

Modifies statutory provisions relating to the land use planning by county and municipal governments to address the impacts of military installations. Modifies existing statutory provisions requiring local governments to notify military installations of certain zoning changes occurring near such installations. Current law requires a local government with a military installation within its territory to submit to the commanding officer of the installation information about proposed changes to the local government’s comprehensive plan or land development regulations that would significantly affect the intensity density or use of any territory of the local government within two miles of the installation. The Bill narrows this provision by requiring such a local government to submit only information related to zoning changes that would affect the "use" only of any area within two miles of the installation. Gives the military installation 14 business days within which to review the information and submit comments to the local government on the impact the proposed changes may have on the mission of the military installation. Requires a county or municipal master plan to reflect the off-site impacts of a military installation using noise contour data provided by the United States department of defense. Modifies the definition of "military facility", as it relates to the applicable statute, to include facilities larger than 500 acres, rather than those larger than 1,000 acres. Clarifies that nothing in the bill is intended or shall be construed to require a county or municipality to prepare a new master plan in order to satisfy any of the requirements of the bill; Contains other provisions. Effective Aug. 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.

SB 10-110

LAW ENFORCEMENT

Vehicle child restraint requirements

Extends the requirement for children riding in a motor vehicle to be seated in a proper child restraint system to include children less than eight years of age. Children under the age of eight must be seated in the back seat of a vehicle, with exceptions. Children aged eight to 16 are required to be secured in either a seat belt or child restraint system. Effective Aug. 1, 2010. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, mradtke@cml.org.
<table>
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<th>Bill</th>
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<td>HB 10-1019</td>
<td>LAW ENFORCEMENT</td>
<td>Reserved parking for the disabled</td>
<td>Increases penalties for parking violations in spaces reserved for the disabled (handicapped parking). Provides a new form to be completed by physicians who must certify under penalty of perjury that the recipient is eligible for a disabled parking permit. Enables law enforcement to confirm the validity of a disabled parking plate or placard through electronic access to records.Authorizes police or property owners to tow vehicles parked illegally. Effective Jan. 1, 2011. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, <a href="mailto:mradtke@cml.org">mradtke@cml.org</a>.</td>
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<td>HB 10-1340</td>
<td>LAW ENFORCEMENT</td>
<td>Abandoned vehicles</td>
<td>Requires the law enforcement agency to send a notice by first-class mail, if a law enforcement agency uses a tow operator. Amends statutes governing the towing of vehicles on public property that previously required that both the law enforcement agency and the tow operator send a notice of the tow by certified mail to the owner or lienholder of a towed vehicle. Effective May 5, 2010. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, <a href="mailto:kbommer@cml.org">kbommer@cml.org</a>.</td>
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<tr>
<td>HB 10-1096</td>
<td>LAW ENFORCEMENT</td>
<td>VIN verification staff</td>
<td>Expands authority to verify vehicle identification numbers (VIN) from only sworn peace officers to include persons appointed by a sheriff or municipal police chief. Requires authorized persons to undergo fingerprinting and background checks. Requires VIN verification training through a course developed by the Peace Officer Safety and Training Board. Effective Aug. 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, <a href="mailto:mradtke@cml.org">mradtke@cml.org</a>.</td>
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<tr>
<td>HB 10-1201</td>
<td>LAW ENFORCEMENT</td>
<td>Consensual searches</td>
<td>Requires a peace officer to articulate the factors related to the search to the person and obtain the person’s consent to the search before conducting a consensual search of a person, the person’s effects, or a car. If a defendant is searched in violation of the act and moves to suppress the evidence obtained in the search, the court shall consider the failure to comply with the statute as a factor in determining the voluntariness of the consent. Provisions apply only to searches for which there is otherwise no legal basis. Effective April 29, 2010. Reprinted. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, <a href="mailto:kbommer@cml.org">kbommer@cml.org</a>.</td>
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<td>HB 10-1238</td>
<td>LAW ENFORCEMENT</td>
<td>Wildlife crossing zones</td>
<td>Directs the Department of Transportation to work with the Division of Wildlife and the State Patrol to identify up to 100 miles of wildlife crossing zones along Colorado highways to be posted with lower speed limits. Directs agencies to select stretches of highway that experience a large number of vehicle/big game collisions, with other factors taken into consideration. Directs CDOT to post these stretches with lower speed limits for certain times of the day and certain times of the year; signage also to indicate that fines for violations will be doubled. Does not include interstate highways. Effective Sept. 1, 2010. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, <a href="mailto:mradtke@cml.org">mradtke@cml.org</a>.</td>
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<td>SB 10-109</td>
<td>MEDICAL MARIJUANA</td>
<td>Doctor/patient</td>
<td>Ensures medical marijuana is used as a legitimate medical therapy rather than for recreational purposes. Allows only medical doctors or doctors of osteopathy to make a medical marijuana recommendation for a patient. Requires a bona fide doctor-patient relationship, including an appropriate physical examination, to exist before a medical marijuana recommendation is made. Requires a doctor to identify the debilitating condition that justifies a recommendation for medical marijuana and certify that finding to the state health department, with that recommendation becoming a part of a patient’s medical history. Prohibits physicians from being compensated for their recommendations by a medical marijuana center. Effective June 7, 2010. Reprinted. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, <a href="mailto:mradtke@cml.org">mradtke@cml.org</a>.</td>
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<tr>
<td>HB 10-1284</td>
<td>MEDICAL MARIJUANA</td>
<td>Retail operations</td>
<td>Creates a regulatory framework to control the retail sales of medical marijuana. Defines retail sales establishments for medical marijuana as an extension of Section 14, Article XVIII of the Colorado Constitution. Creates three classes of license to regulate retail sales: medical marijuana centers (dispensaries), off premises cultivation, and infused products manufacturing; all three categories are required to obtain both a local license and a state license to operate. Provides municipalities the option to prohibit licensing of any retail sales operations within their jurisdiction through either legislative or voter action; does not allow prohibition for patients to grow their own product or for registered caregivers from serving a maximum of five patients. Gives municipalities that chooses to allow retail sales wide latitude in determining local licensing requirements; minimum requirements include criminal history, age, and residency. Permits municipalities to determine local licensing fee structure. Allows existing medical marijuana centers to continue operation under existing local approval until the new state licenses are issued on July 1, 2011; however, to remain legal during this interim period, requires application for a state license to the Department of Revenue by Aug. 1, 2010 and certify by September 1, 2010, that they are growing at least 70 percent of the marijuana sold on their premises. Effective July 1, 2010. Reprinted. Lobbyists: Mark Radtke, <a href="mailto:mradtke@cml.org">mradtke@cml.org</a>; Kevin Bommer, <a href="mailto:kbommer@cml.org">kbommer@cml.org</a>.</td>
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HB 10-1291  MUNICIPAL COURT

Witness fees
Eliminates the daily fee, ranging from 50 cents to $2 that a witness receives for attending municipal court. Contains other provisions. Effective July 1, 2010. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

SB 10-116  MUNICIPAL FINANCE

Contract change orders
Moves forward the beginning of payments for the cost of any construction contract change order. Requires payment for construction contract change orders to begin when the contractor submits a change order estimate. In current practice, payments generally do not begin until a change order is finalized. Effective Aug. 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, mradtke@cml.org.

SB 10-162  MUNICIPAL FINANCE

Enterprise zone requirements
Increases the population limit to qualify as an enterprise zone from a maximum of 80,000 to 115,000 people for urban zones and from 100,000 to 150,000 people for rural zones. Requires use of population figures from the most recent census. Requires businesses that seek a future tax credit to pre-qualify with the enterprise zone administrator. Permits enterprise zone to charge fees to cover costs. Tightens state oversight of tax credit claims. Effective Jan. 1, 2012. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, mradtke@cml.org.

SB 10-198  MUNICIPAL FINANCE

Mid-sized trailer late fees
Reduces the fee imposed on late vehicle registration to $10 for nonmotorized vehicles weighing between 2,000 and 16,000 pounds, camper trailers of any weight, and multipurpose trailers of any weight. Reduces the estimated amount of Highway Users Tax Fund disbursed to municipalities by $80,000 per year. Effective July 1, 2010. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, mradtke@cml.org.

HB 10-1211  MUNICIPAL FINANCE

Small trailer late fees
Lowers vehicle registration late fees for non-motorized vehicles weighing less than 2,000 pounds to a flat $10. Projects the annual loss of revenue for the municipal share of the Highway Users Tax Fund at $75,000. Effective July 1, 2010. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, mradtke@cml.org.

HB 10-1212  MUNICIPAL FINANCE

Vehicle late fee waivers
Directs the Department of Revenue to promulgate rules to guide the waiver of late fees for vehicle registration. Suggests, among other circumstances, the waiving imposition of a late fee to include inclement weather, business office closures, and customer illness. Asks the department to develop a rule that reduces or waives late fees for commercial trailers that the owner can prove have been idled. Effective April 15, 2010. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, mradtke@cml.org.

HB 10-1328  MUNICIPAL FINANCE

Energy Improvement District
Creates a statewide improvement district to allow individual property owners to access loans to finance energy efficiency and alternative energy improvements. Allows loans to be repaid over 20 years through an assessment on the property. Specifies that the district be active in counties that have approved participation in the district. No municipal action is required. Properties need not be contiguous to participate. Caps loans to $25,000 per property. Authorizes an 11-member appointed board, including a member representing local government, to govern the district. Effective June 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, mradtke@cml.org.

HB 10-1387  MUNICIPAL FINANCE

Divert driver’s license fee
Continues the diversion of fees collected for the Highway Users Tax Fund from driver’s license issuance for the next two state fiscal years, taking nearly $20 million in FY 2010-11 and FY 2011-12 from HUTF to replace general fund dollars that traditionally have been appropriated to support the driver’s license bureau. Effective July 1, 2010. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, mradtke@cml.org.

SB 10-001  PENSIONS/RETIREMENT

PERA reform
Contains benefit and contribution changes to the benefit plans of the Public Employees’ Retirement Association (PERA) to achieve a sound actuarial response to PERA’s financial situation. Makes changes to fully amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of each of PERA’s divisions and thereby reach a 100 percent funded ratio for each division within the next 30 years. Freezes the annual increases in the amortization equalization distribution (AED) beginning with the 2011 calendar year for employers in the local government division and the judicial division only. For these two divisions, the bill maintains the AED at the 2010 rate of 2.2 percent of the employer’s total payroll. Requires the AED for that particular division to be reduced by 0.5 percent in any year that the actuarial funded ratio of the local government or judicial division of PERA is at or above 103 percent. Subsequent to reaching a 90 percent funded ratio, in any year that the actuarial funded ratio of either such division of PERA falls below 90 percent, requires the AED for that particular division to be increased by 0.5 percent; except that the AED shall not exceed 5 percent. Freezes the annual increases in the SAED beginning with the 2011 calendar year for employers in the local government division and the judicial division only. For these two divisions, the bill maintains the supplemental amortization equalization distribution (SAED) at the 2010 rate of 1.5 percent of the employer’s total payroll — but, to the extent allowed by law, requires funding from moneys that would have otherwise been used for employees’ annual...
advances. Requires the SAED for that particular division to be reduced by 0.5 percent in any year that the actuarial funded ratio of the local government or judicial division of PERA is at or above 103 percent. Subsequent to reaching a 90 percent funded ratio, in any year that the actuarial funded ratio of either such division of PERA falls below 90 percent, requires the SAED for that particular division to be increased by 0.5 percent; except that the SAED shall not exceed 5%. Contains substantial additional provisions for members, retirees, and other PERA divisions. Effective Jan. 1, 2011, except for specific sections that are effective Feb. 23, 2010. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kboommer@cml.org

**SB 10-021**  
**PENSIONS/RETIREMENT**  
**Fire and police — Volunteer pension board composition**

Amends the “Volunteer Firefighter Pension Act” to eliminate the exclusion of the reimbursement for lost wages from the definition of “compensation”; and permits retired fire department members, including those who have returned to active service, to serve on the board of trustees of a volunteer firefighter pension fund. Contains other provisions. Effective Aug. 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kboommer@cml.org.

**SB 10-022**  
**PENSIONS/RETIREMENT**  
**Fire and police — Member contribution increase**

Authorizes the FPPA board to increase the member contribution rate for the statewide defined benefit plan if the increase does not require an increase in the employer contribution rate or adversely affect the plan’s status under federal law; is approved by a supermajority of active plan members and a majority of the employers. Contains other provisions. Effective Aug. 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kboommer@cml.org.

**SB 10-023**  
**PENSIONS/RETIREMENT**  
**Fire and police — Return to work**

Authorizes the FPPA board to adopt rules suspending the distribution of benefits to any retired member participating in the defined benefit system who, after electing a retirement, has returned to work with an employer who also participates in the defined benefit system. Under certain conditions, authorizes the FPPA board to adopt rules that allow a member who has elected a retirement to continue to receive retirement benefits and earn additional benefits. Effective Aug. 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kboommer@cml.org.

**HB 10-1016**  
**PENSIONS/RETIREMENT**  
**Fire and police — Retired firefighter, police officer on board**

Extends the term of the retired firefighter or police officer serving as a member of the board of directors of the fire and police pension association from four years to six years. Applies to terms commencing on or after Jan. 1, 2010. Effective Aug. 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kboommer@cml.org.

**SB 10-120**  
**PUBLIC SAFETY**  
**Prepaid wireless 9-1-1 surcharge**

Establishes a 1.4 percent charge on the retail sale of prepaid wireless telephone service, for use by local 911 authority boards to fund E911 services. The charge is collected and remitted by retail sellers to the department of revenue in the same manner as sales tax is collected, after which the department transfers the fee to local 911 call centers in proportion to the number of wireless calls they receive. Allows the department to retain a portion of the charges for administrative costs, and allows retail sellers to retain a 2 percent vendor fee through July 1, 2011 and 3.2 percent thereafter. Effective Jan. 1, 2011. Reprinted. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kboommer@cml.org.

**SB 10-123**  
**PUBLICATION OF LEGAL NOTICES**

Secretary of State

Replaces references in the “State Administrative Procedure Act” to the print publication of the code of Colorado regulations and the Colorado register with similar references to the electronic version of these publications. In cases of conflict between the electronic and print versions of a document, gives precedence to the electronic version unless it is conclusively shown that the electronic version contains an error. In addition, the Colorado register is authorized to include public notices that are not related to rule-making as well as those that are related to rule-making. Effective April 15, 2010. Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.

**HB 10-1063**  
**PUBLICATION OF LEGAL NOTICES**

Municipalities — Exception

Current law specifies that no publication, no matter how frequently published, shall be considered a legal publication unless it has been admitted to the United States mails with periodicals mailing privileges. Amends law to provide that if no newspaper is published within the territorial boundaries of a municipality that satisfies the existing requirements for a legal publication, but a “Free” newspaper that provides local news and that would satisfy the requirements for periodicals mailing privileges but for the absence of paid circulation is distributed within such territorial boundaries, the municipality may publish any legal notice or advertisement required by law in such newspaper. Effective March 18, 2010. Reprinted. Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.

**HB 10-1165**  
**REAL PROPERTY**  
**State Land Board — Conveyances to local governments**

Allows the State Board of Land Commissioners to convey land to units of local government if the conveyance would add value to adjoining or nearby state trust property, benefit board operations, or comply with local land use regulations. Contains other provisions. Effective April 15, 2010. Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.
SB 10-100  RENEWABLE ENERGY
Renewable energy improvement districts
Current law prohibits local improvement districts for energy efficiency improvements and renewable energy improvements (energy LIDs) to cross county boundaries. Allows such a district formed by a county to be created in two or more counties. Expands the definition of “renewable energy improvement” for energy LIDs formed by both counties and municipalities to include improvements located at a qualified community location rather than directly on a residential or commercial building. Contains other provisions. Effective May 25, 2010. Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.

HB 10-1342  RENEWABLE ENERGY
Community “solar gardens”
Directs the PUC to adopt new rules under which rebates can apply to solar generation facilities that are beneficially owned by 10 or more customers at a shared location, called a “community solar garden.” Defines a solar community garden as an on-site eligible solar electric generation facility with a nameplate rating of 2 megawatts or less and in which subscriptions are owned by 10 or more customers of a qualifying retail utility, and limits the size of a subscription to 120 percent of the average annual electric consumption of each subscriber at the premise to which the subscription is attributed. Allows the creation of a community solar garden owned by a subscriber organization, subject to rules adopted by the PUC by Oct. 1, 2010. Contains other provisions. Effective June 6, 2010. Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.

SB 10-174  SEVERANCE TAX/ FEDERAL MINERAL LEASE
Geothermal resources
Allows municipalities and counties to designate the use of geothermal resources for the commercial production of electricity as an activity of state interest. Directs federal mineral lease revenues derived from geothermal resource development to the geothermal resource leasing fund, and authorizes the executive director of the department of local affairs to distribute monies to state and local entities under certain conditions. Contains numerous other provisions. Effective Aug. 11, 2010 Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

HB 10-1125  SOLID WASTE
Yellow grease disposal and collection
Empowers the Colorado department of public health and environment to regulate the collection, transportation, and disposal of trap grease and yellow grease. Requires persons, facilities, and vehicles engaged in the collection, transportation, storage, processing, or disposal of grease to register annually with the department, which registration shall include completing an application, paying a fee, and posting a surety bond or other debt instrument or method of financial assurance. Requires the solid and hazardous waste commission in the department to promulgate rules. Contains other provisions. Effective Aug. 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.

SB 10-046  SPECIAL DISTRICTS
Forest improvement district boundaries
Allows a governing body of a county or municipality to propose the creation of a forest improvement district with boundaries not necessarily encompassing the entire territory of the county or municipality. Effective March 10, 2010. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

HB 10-1243  SPECIAL DISTRICTS
Metropolitan districts — Transportation
Authorizes the board of county commissioners in a county of any population to create a special district that is a metropolitan district organized with street improvement, safety protection, or transportation powers, which district may levy, with voter approval, a uniform sales tax in any unincorporated territory of the district. Requires proceeds of any sales tax levied to be used only to fund transportation-related safety protection and street improvement in areas of the metropolitan district in which the tax is levied and transportation, as described in, and limited by, specified existing statutory provisions. Requires the department of revenue to collect, administer, and enforce any sales tax levied; Contains other provisions. Effective Aug. 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.

HB 10-1362  SPECIAL DISTRICTS
Inactive status
The bill establishes procedures by which a special district may designate itself as inactive and by which an inactive special district may return to active status. The bill authorizes the board of directors (board) of an inactive special district to adopt a resolution that describes and affirms its qualifications for its inactive status and may direct that a notice of inactive status be filed with specified persons or entities. The act specifies that the special district shall be on inactive status during the period commencing with its notice of inactive status until such time as it has issued a notice of its determination to return to active status. During the period that a district is on inactive status, the act forbids such district from issuing any debt, imposing a mill levy, or conducting any other official business other than conducting elections and undertaking procedures necessary to implement the district’s intention to return to active status; Contains other provisions. Effective Aug. 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.

HB 10-1327  STATE BUDGET
General fund augmentation with local government cash funds
Among other cash fund transfers to the state general fund for the 2009-10 state fiscal year, requires the state treasurer to transfer specified amounts from the FML local government permanent fund, the local government...
severance tax fund, and the law enforcement assistance fund for the prevention of drunken driving and the enforcement of laws pertaining to driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs. Effective April 15, 2010 except for the LEAF transfer that is effective June 30, 2010. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

HB 10-1191

Sales and use tax — State exemption for candy and soft drinks

Narrows the state sales and use tax exemptions for food so that candy and soft drinks are no longer exempt from the state sales and use taxes. Specifies that the elimination of the exemption does not affect county, municipal, and other local government or political subdivision sales and use tax treatment of these items. Contains other provisions. Effective Feb. 24, 2010. Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.

HB 10-1192

Sales and use tax — Standardized software

Repeals “Special Regulation 7: Computer Software,” promulgated by the department of revenue related to the type of software subject to sales or use tax. Specifies that tangible personal property includes standardized software without regard to how such standardized software is acquired by the purchaser or downloaded to the purchaser’s computer. Defines standardized software. Contains numberous other provisions. Effective Feb. 24, 2010. Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.

HB 10-1193

Sales and use tax — Non-nexus retailers

Requires each retailer that does not collect Colorado sales tax to notify Colorado purchasers that sales or use tax is due on certain purchases made from the retailer and that the state of Colorado requires the purchaser to file a sales or use tax return. Failure to provide such notice will subject the retailer to a penalty of $5 for each such failure unless the retailer shows reasonable cause. Requires each retailer that does not collect Colorado sales tax to send notification to all Colorado purchasers by January 31 of each year showing information that the department of revenue requires by rule, including the total amount paid by the purchaser for Colorado purchases made from the retailer in the previous calendar year. Failure to provide such notification will subject the retailer to a penalty of $10 for each such failure unless the retailer shows reasonable cause. Requires each retailer that does not collect Colorado sales tax to file an annual statement by March 1 of each year with the department of revenue for each purchases by such purchaser during the preceding calendar year. Contains numberous other provisions. Effective Feb. 24, 2010. Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.

HB 10-1194

Sales and use — State exemption for nonessential items provided with food

Narrows the state sales and use tax exemptions for sales to retailers or vendors of food, meals, or beverages of articles, containers, and bags that are to be furnished without separate charge to consumers or users for use with articles of tangible personal property purchased at retail upon which state sales taxes paid so that articles, containers, and bags
that are non essential to the consumer or user are no longer exempt from the state sales and use taxes; Specifies that the elimination of the exemption does not affect county, municipal, and other local government or political subdivision sales and use tax bases. Contains numerous other provisions. Effective Feb. 24, 2010 Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.

**HB 10-1195**  
**TAXATION**  
Sales and use tax — State exemption for agricultural production items

Suspends the exemption from the state sales and use taxes for the sale or storage, use, or consumption of agricultural compounds used in caring for livestock, semen for agricultural and ranching purposes, and pesticides for use in the production of agricultural and livestock products for the period beginning March 1, 2010, and ending June 30, 2013. The act makes conforming amendments to prevent the narrowing of the exemption from affecting county, municipal, and other local government or political subdivision sales and use taxes. Contains numerous other provisions. Effective Feb. 24, 2010 Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.

**SB 10-184**  
**TRANSPORTATION**  
I-70 Corridor demand management

Encourages the Colorado Department of Transportation to pursue reversible travel lanes along Interstate 70 between Floyd Hill and the Eisenhower Tunnel, a process that would involve installation of a movable barricade in the median of the highway that could be moved to create three lanes of travel in one direction and one lane in the opposite direction during peak travel times. Allows the system to be either purchased or leased by the High Performance Transportation Enterprise created last year within CDOT. Requires a report to the General Assembly in January, 2011. Effective May 27, 2010. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, mradtke@cml.org.

**HB 10-1276**  
**TRANSPORTATION**  
Rail rights-of-way

Allows railroads to sell their rights-of-way to government agencies providing passenger rail service. Allows this transfer without requiring the railroad to proceed through the right-of-way abandonment process, which may cause the right-of-way to revert to prior land owners or a municipality. Clarifies that an easement held by the railroad may be transferred to any passenger rail operator providing public transportation. Effective Aug. 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, mradtke@cml.org.

**HB 10-1405**  
**TRANSPORTATION**  
Study devolution of highways

Requires the Colorado Department of Transportation to study the feasibility of transferring ownership of segments of the state highway system to local governments. Focuses the study on segments of state highways within Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) areas that carry 80 percent or more intra-MPO traffic. Does not include interstate highways. Requires the study to identify the level of funding necessary to avoid any unfunded mandates on municipal or county governments. Allows MPOs to review and comment on the study before it is presented to the General Assembly in January 2011. Effective June 7, 2010. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, mradtke@cml.org.

**SB 10-180**  
**UTILITIES**  
Smart Grid Task Force

Creates an 11-member Smart Grid Task Force to study and make recommendations for the development of a smart energy grid for the state. Asks the report to include a broad range of factors that serve as ingredients to a “smart grid” electrical system including: optimizing efficiency and demand response, integrating various sources of electrical generation, and giving greater control to consumers in managing consumption. Requires that one representative of a municipal utility be among the task force members. Requires the task force to report to the General Assembly in January 2011. Provides for the task force to be funded by federal recovery act dollars. Effective June 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, mradtke@cml.org.

**HB 10-1418**  
**UTILITIES**  
Community based renewable energy

Modifies the renewable energy portfolio standard to include electrical energy generated by an organization or cooperative of community residents within the definition of a community based project. Counts kilowatt hours generated by a community-based project that interconnects with a municipal electric utility or an REA as two kilowatt hours for purposes of attaining energy standards; reduces that bonus to a 1.5 kWh multiplier beginning in 2015. Effective Aug. 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Mark Radtke, mradtke@cml.org.

**SB 10-025**  
**WATER**  
Water efficiency grants

Extends the water efficiency grant program repeal until July 1, 2020, and authorizes up to $550,000 of annual appropriations from the cash fund beginning on July 1, 2010. Requires annual transfers of $550,000 from Tier 2 of the operational account of the severance tax trust fund to the water efficiency grant program cash fund beginning on July 1, 2012. Effective June 7, 2010. Reprinted. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

**SB 10-121**  
**WATER**  
Connected lands — Lease authority

Currently, a municipality is allowed to purchase water rights and to purchase and hold the lands with which the water rights are connected. Allows the municipality to sell such lands when deemed advisable by the governing body of the municipality. A allows the city to also lease such lands. Effective Aug. 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Geoff Wilson, gwilson@cml.org.
HB 10-1051  WATER

Water efficiency plans
Requires water providers’ water efficiency plans to include specific elements. Beginning in 2014, requires water providers to annually report to the Colorado water conservation board data regarding water use and conservation following guidelines adopted by the board. Requires the board to report to the Senate Agriculture and Natural Resources and the House of Representatives Agriculture, Livestock, and Natural Resources committees regarding the guidelines no later than Feb. 1, 2012, and no later than Feb. 1, 2019, regarding the guidelines and the collected data. Effective June 7, 2010. Reprinted. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

HB 10-1358  WATER

Water-Smart homes
Requires every person that builds a new single-family detached residence for which a buyer is under contract to offer the buyer the opportunity to select from four specified water-smart home options for the residence. Specifies that no upgrade options shall contravene local codes, covenants, and requirements and that all homes, landscapes, and irrigation systems shall meet all applicable national, state, and local regulations. Effective for new contracts on and after Jan. 1, 2011. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

SB 10-013  WORKERS COMPENSATION

Accountability for insurers
Requires workers’ compensation insurers to survey a limited number of injured workers at the close of each claim and requires the insurers to report the results of the surveys to the division of workers’ compensation. Prohibits an employer or insurer from taking disciplinary action or otherwise retaliating against an injured worker or his or her dependents for completing a survey. Contains other provisions. Effective July 1, 2010. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

SB 10-112  WORKERS COMPENSATION

Insurance rate setting – Public access to rate filing data
When an insured employer agrees to pay a deductible as part of its workers’ compensation insurance policy, the insurance carrier is to exclude the deductible amounts in establishing modification factors based upon experience that carriers use to determine premiums. Effective Jan. 1, 2011, the act specifies that for purposes of experience modifications, medical only claims are to be calculated in the same manner as claims with indemnity payments. With regard to rate filings by workers’ compensation rating organizations, the act makes the aggregate loss and payroll data by class code that the rating organization submits with rate filing available to the public and prohibits the use of the data for any commercial purpose. Effective Aug. 11, 2010 except as noted above. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

SB 10-011  WORKERS COMPENSATION

Conflicts of interest
Requires a physician who has been proposed by the division of workers’ compensation to perform an independent medical examination (IME) of an injured worker to disclose any business, employment, financial, or advisory relationship with an insurer, self-insured employer, or claimant. Prohibits the payment of a financial incentive by an insurer, self-insured employer, or health care provider to deny or delay a workers’ compensation claim, or to deny or delay medical care or payment for medical treatment for any such claim. Prohibits a treating physician from communicating with the insurer or employer of an injured worker unless the injured worker is present or the communication is in writing and is provided to the injured worker. Contains other provisions. Portions effective May 27, 2010. Otherwise effective on July 1, 2010. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

SB 10-178  WORKERS COMPENSATION

Provider reviews
Creates the “Provider Review and Disclosure Act”. Requires workers’ compensation insurers to include quality and patient data in performance programs. Requires such programs to be based on objective data that is available to affected providers. Provides due process for health care providers, including disclosure of the processes followed, the provider’s rights, and an appeal process to challenge results and decisions relating to performance programs. Effective July 1, 2010. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

SB 10-187  WORKERS COMPENSATION

Various changes to Workers Compensation Act
Excludes Medicaid and other indigent health care programs from the purview of health insurance plans, the cost of which is factored into a calculation of wages under the act. Adds a compensable cost under the act by requiring a court to award all reasonable costs to a claimant under specified circumstances. Clarifies that the phrase “at the time of injury”, with respect to calculation of a worker’s average weekly wage, means the wages the worker was earning on the date of the worker’s accident. Eliminates permanent partial disability from the types of disabilities for which payments must be reduced under the act in order to offset

SB 10-012  WORKERS COMPENSATION

Penalties for knowingly violating workers compensation laws
Increases the penalty for violating the workers’ compensation laws from up to $500 to up to $1,000 and changes the required mental state from “willfully” to “knowingly” in the statute that penalizes denying workers’ compensation medical benefits, delaying payment of medical benefits for more than 30 days, or stopping payments. Contains other provisions. Effective Aug. 11, 2010. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.
benefits payable under the federal "Old-age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance Amendments of 1965." Also repeals the requirement that employees apply for benefits under the federal act upon request by the insurer or employer. Enumerates some circumstances under which a temporarily disabled employee’s rejection of an offer of modified employment does not constitute employee responsibility for termination of employment. Requires the director of the division of workers’ compensation to annually adjust, based on annual adjustments to the computation of average weekly wages, the amount of compensation for combined temporary disability payments and permanent partial disability payments. This section takes effect Jan. 1, 2011, and applies to injuries sustained on or after Jan. 1, 2012. Forbids the director or an administrative law judge from conditioning a lump sum payment on the claimant’s waiver of his or her right to pursue permanent total disability payments. Effective on July 1, 2010, except as noted. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.

HB 10-1038 WORKERS COMPENSATION
Claims process brochure
Requires an employer or employer’s insurance carrier to provide a brochure to a workers’ compensation claimant, in a form developed by the director of the division of workers’ compensation, that describes the entities the claimant may contact for information, the claimant’s rights related to his or her medical treatment and rights to receive benefit payments, and the claims process. Effective May 26, 2010. Lobbyist: Kevin Bommer, kbommer@cml.org.
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SENATE BILL 10-025

BY SENATOR(S) Whitehead, Brophy, Hodge, Schwartz, White, Boyd, Foster, Gibbs, Keller, Kester, Newell, Sandoval, Shaffer B., Tapia, Williams;
also REPRESENTATIVE(S) Baumgardner, Curry, Fischer, Gardner C., McKinley, Frangas, Gerou, Kefalas, Kerr J., King S., Roberts, Ryden, Todd, Vigil.

CONCERNING THE LONG-TERM FUNDING OF THE WATER EFFICIENCY GRANT PROGRAM.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. 37-60-126 (12) (a) (III), (12) (a) (IV), and (12) (c), Colorado Revised Statutes, are amended to read:

37-60-126. Water conservation and drought mitigation planning - programs - relationship to state assistance for water facilities - guidelines - water efficiency grant program - repeal. (12) (a) (III) For the 2005-06 through 2010-11 EACH fiscal years YEAR BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JULY 1, 2010, the general assembly shall appropriate from the fund to the board up to five hundred thousand dollars annually for the purpose of providing grants to covered entities, other state and local governmental entities, and agencies in accordance with this subsection (12). Commencing
July 1, 2008, the general assembly shall also appropriate from the fund to the board fifty thousand dollars each fiscal year through 2011-12 to cover the costs associated with the administration of the grant program and the requirements of section 37-60-124. Moneys appropriated pursuant to this subparagraph (III) shall remain available until expended or until June 30, 2012, whichever occurs first.

(IV) Any moneys remaining in the fund on June 30, 2012, shall be transferred to the operational account of the severance tax trust fund described in section 39-29-109 (2) (b), C.R.S.

(c) This subsection (12) is repealed, effective July 1, 2012.

SECTION 2. 39-29-109.3 (2) (c) (I) (A) and (2) (c) (III), Colorado Revised Statutes, are amended to read:

39-29-109.3. Operational account of the severance tax trust fund - repeal. (2) Subject to the requirements of subsections (3) and (4) of this section, if the general assembly chooses not to spend up to one hundred percent of the moneys in the operational account as specified in subsection (1) of this section, the state treasurer shall transfer the following:

(c) (I) To the water efficiency grant program cash fund created in section 37-60-126 (12), C.R.S., for use in accordance with that section, the following amounts:

(A) For each state fiscal year commencing on or after July 1, 2008, eight 2012, five hundred fifty thousand dollars. If, on June 30, 2008, there is more than one hundred thousand dollars of unobligated revenue in the operational account above the reserve required by subsection (3) of this section, the state treasurer shall transfer such amounts over one hundred thousand dollars, up to a maximum of one million dollars, to the water efficiency grant program cash fund on July 1, 2008:

(III) This paragraph (c) is repealed, effective July 1, 2012.

SECTION 3. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

Brandon C. Shaffer
PRESIDENT OF
THE SENATE

Terrance D. Carroll
SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES

Karen Goldman
SECRETARY OF
THE SENATE

Marilyn Eddins
CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES

APPROVED June 7, 2010 at 4:54 p.m.

Bill Ritter, Jr.
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF COLORADO

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SENATE BILL 10-109

BY SENATOR(S) Romer and Spence, Boyd, Bacon, Hodge, Hudak, Johnston, Tapia, Tochtrop, Foster, Newell, Williams;
also REPRESENTATIVE(S) Massey and McCann, Rice, Frangas, McFadyen, Casso, Fischer, Labuda, Miklosi, Soper, Summers, Todd, Vigil, Kagan, Looper, Waller.

CONCERNING REGULATION OF THE PHYSICIAN-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP FOR
MEDICAL MARIJUANA PATIENTS, AND MAKING APPROPRIATIONS IN
CONNECTION THEREWITH.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. 25-1.5-106, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended
to read:

25-1.5-106. Medical marijuana program - powers and duties of
state health agency - medical review board - repeal. (1) Definitions.
In addition to the definitions set forth in section 14 (1) of article
XVIII of the state constitution, as used in this section, unless the
context otherwise requires:

(a) "BONA FIDE PHYSICIAN-PATIENT RELATIONSHIP", FOR PURPOSES
OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA PROGRAM, MEANS:

Capital letters indicate new material added to existing statutes; dashes through words indicate
deletions from existing statutes and such material not part of act.
(I) A PHYSICIAN AND A PATIENT HAVE A TREATMENT OR COUNSELING
RELATIONSHIP, IN THE COURSE OF WHICH THE PHYSICIAN HAS COMPLETED A
FULL ASSESSMENT OF THE PATIENT'S MEDICAL HISTORY AND CURRENT
MEDICAL CONDITION, INCLUDING AN APPROPRIATE PERSONAL PHYSICAL
EXAMINATION;

(II) THE PHYSICIAN HAS CONSULTED WITH THE PATIENT WITH
RESPECT TO THE PATIENT'S DEBILITATING MEDICAL CONDITION BEFORE THE
PATIENT APPLIES FOR A REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD; AND

(III) THE PHYSICIAN IS AVAILABLE TO OR OFFERS TO PROVIDE
FOLLOW-UP CARE AND TREATMENT TO THE PATIENT, INCLUDING BUT NOT
LIMITED TO PATIENT EXAMINATIONS, TO DETERMINE THE EFFICACY OF THE
USE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA AS A TREATMENT OF THE PATIENT'S
DEBILITATING MEDICAL CONDITION.

(b) "EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR" MEANS THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF
THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY.

(c) "IN GOOD STANDING", WITH RESPECT TO A PHYSICIAN'S LICENSE,
MEANS:

(I) THE PHYSICIAN HOLDS A DOCTOR OF MEDICINE OR DOCTOR OF
OSTEOPATHIC MEDICINE DEGREE FROM AN ACCREDITED MEDICAL SCHOOL;

(II) THE PHYSICIAN HOLDS A VALID, UNRESTRICTED LICENSE TO
PRACTICE MEDICINE IN COLORADO; AND

(III) THE PHYSICIAN HAS A VALID AND UNRESTRICTED UNITED
STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL DRUG ENFORCEMENT
ADMINISTRATION CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES REGISTRATION.

(d) "MEDICAL MARIJUANA PROGRAM" MEANS THE PROGRAM
ESTABLISHED BY SECTION 14 OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION
AND THIS SECTION.

(e) "REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD" MEANS THE
NONTRANSFERABLE CONFIDENTIAL REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD ISSUED
BY THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY TO PATIENTS AND PRIMARY CAREGIVERS

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PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.

(f) "STATE HEALTH AGENCY" MEANS THE PUBLIC HEALTH RELATED ENTITY OF STATE GOVERNMENT DESIGNATED BY THE GOVERNOR BY EXECUTIVE ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION 14 OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION.

(1) (2) Rule-making. The department of state health agency shall, pursuant to section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, promulgate rules of administration concerning the implementation of the medical marijuana program established by such section and that specifically govern the following:

(a) The establishment and maintenance of a confidential registry of patients who have applied for and are entitled to receive a registry identification card. The confidential registry of patients may be used to determine whether a physician should be referred to the Colorado board of medical examiners for a suspected violation of section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, paragraph (a), (b), or (c) of subsection (3) of this section, or the rules promulgated by the state health agency pursuant to this subsection (2).

(b) The development by the department of state health agency of an application form and the process for making such the form available to residents of this state seeking to be listed on the confidential registry of patients who are entitled to receive a registry identification card;

(c) The verification by the department of state health agency of medical information concerning patients who have applied for a confidential registry identification card or for renewal of a registry identification card;

(d) The development by the state health agency of a form that constitutes "written documentation" as defined and used in section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, which form a physician shall use when making a medical marijuana recommendation for a patient;

(d) (e) The conditions for issuance and renewal, and the form,
of confidential registry identification cards issued to patients, including but not limited to standards for ensuring that the state health agency issues a registry identification card to a patient only if he or she has a bona fide physician-patient relationship with a physician in good standing and licensed to practice medicine in the state of Colorado;

(c) (f) Communications with law enforcement officials about confidential registry identification cards that have been suspended when a patient is no longer diagnosed as having a debilitating medical condition; and

(f) (g) The manner in which the department of health may consider adding debilitating medical conditions to the list of debilitating medical conditions contained in section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution.

(3) Physicians. A physician who certifies a debilitating medical condition for an applicant to the medical marijuana program shall comply with all of the following requirements:

(a) The physician shall have a valid, unrestricted Colorado license to practice medicine, which license is in good standing.

(b) After a physician, who has a bona fide physician-patient relationship with the patient applying for the medical marijuana program, determines, for the purposes of making a recommendation, that the patient has a debilitating medical condition and that the patient may benefit from the use of medical marijuana, the physician shall certify to the state health agency that the patient has a debilitating medical condition and that the patient may benefit from the use of medical marijuana. If the physician certifies that the patient would benefit from the use of medical marijuana based on a chronic or debilitating disease or medical condition, the physician shall specify the chronic or debilitating disease or medical condition and, if known, the cause or source of the chronic or debilitating disease or medical condition.

(c) The physician shall maintain a record-keeping system for
ALL PATIENTS FOR WHOM THE PHYSICIAN HAS RECOMMENDED THE MEDICAL USE OF MARIJUANA, AND, PURSUANT TO AN INVESTIGATION INITIATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-36-118, C.R.S., THE PHYSICIAN SHALL PRODUCE SUCH MEDICAL RECORDS TO THE COLORADO STATE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS AFTER REDACTING ANY PATIENT OR PRIMARY CAREGIVER IDENTIFYING INFORMATION.

(d) A PHYSICIAN SHALL NOT:

(I) ACCEPT, SOLICIT, OR OFFER ANY FORM OF PECUNIARY REMUNERATION FROM OR TO A PRIMARY CAREGIVER, DISTRIBUTOR, OR ANY OTHER PROVIDER OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA;

(II) OFFER A DISCOUNT OR ANY OTHER THING OF VALUE TO A PATIENT WHO USES OR AGREES TO USE A PARTICULAR PRIMARY CAREGIVER, DISTRIBUTOR, OR OTHER PROVIDER OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA TO PROCURE MEDICAL MARIJUANA;

(III) EXAMINE A PATIENT FOR PURPOSES OF DIAGNOSING A DEBILITATING MEDICAL CONDITION AT A LOCATION WHERE MEDICAL MARIJUANA IS SOLD OR DISTRIBUTED; OR

(IV) HOLD AN ECONOMIC INTEREST IN AN ENTERPRISE THAT PROVIDES OR DISTRIBUTES MEDICAL MARIJUANA IF THE PHYSICIAN CERTIFIES THE DEBILITATING MEDICAL CONDITION OF A PATIENT FOR PARTICIPATION IN THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA PROGRAM.

(4) Enforcement. (a) If the state health agency has reasonable cause to believe that a physician has violated section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, paragraph (a), (b), or (c) of subsection (3) of this section, or the rules promulgated by the state health agency pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, the state health agency may refer the matter to the state board of medical examiners created in section 12-36-103, C.R.S., for an investigation and determination.

(b) If the state health agency has reasonable cause to believe that a physician has violated paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of this section, the state health agency shall conduct a hearing pursuant to section 24-4-104, C.R.S., to determine whether
A VIOLATION HAS OCCURRED.

(c) Upon a finding of unprofessional conduct pursuant to section 12-36-117 (1) (mm), C.R.S., by the state board of medical examiners or a finding of a violation of paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of this section by the state health agency, the state health agency shall restrict a physician's authority to recommend the use of medical marijuana, which restrictions may include the revocation or suspension of a physician's privilege to recommend medical marijuana. The restriction shall be in addition to any sanction imposed by the state board of medical examiners.

(d) When the state health agency has objective and reasonable grounds to believe and finds, upon a full investigation, that a physician has deliberately and willfully violated section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution or this section and that the public health, safety, or welfare imperatively requires emergency action, and the state health agency incorporates those findings into an order, the state health agency may summarily suspend the physician's authority to recommend the use of medical marijuana pending the proceedings set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection (4). A hearing on the order of summary suspension shall be held no later than thirty days after the issuance of the order of summary suspension, unless a longer time is agreed to by the parties, and an initial decision in accordance with section 24-4-105 (14), C.R.S., shall be rendered no later than thirty days after the conclusion of the hearing concerning the order of summary suspension.

(5) Renewal of patient identification card upon criminal conviction. Any patient who is convicted of a criminal offense under article 18 of title 18, C.R.S., sentenced or ordered by a court to drug or substance abuse treatment, or sentenced to the division of youth corrections, shall be subject to immediate renewal of his or her patient registry identification card, and the patient shall apply for the renewal based upon a recommendation from a physician with whom the patient has a bona fide physician-patient relationship.

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(6) A parent who submits a medical marijuana registry application for his or her child shall have his or her signature notarized on the application.

(2) (7) Fees - repeal. (a) The department of state health agency may collect fees from patients who, pursuant to section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, apply to the medical marijuana program established by such section for a marijuana registry identification card for the purpose of offsetting the department's direct and indirect costs of administering the program. The amount of such fees shall be set by rule of the state board of health of the state health agency. The state health agency shall also promulgate rules that allow a patient to claim indigence as it relates to paying the fee approved pursuant to this subsection (7). The rules shall establish the standard for indigence, the process the state health agency shall use to determine whether a patient who claims indigence meets the standard for indigence, and the process for granting a waiver if the state health agency determines that the patient meets the standard for indigence. All fees collected by the department of state health agency through the medical marijuana program shall be transferred to the state treasurer who shall credit the same to the medical marijuana program cash fund, which fund is hereby created.

(b) (I) The fees collected pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subsection (7) may be used for the direct and indirect costs to the state board of medical examiners associated with investigating and prosecuting up to five of the referrals of physicians received per year from the state health agency in relation to the medical marijuana program.

(II) This paragraph (b) is repealed, effective July 1, 2012.

(3) (8) Cash fund - repeal. (a) The medical marijuana program cash fund shall be subject to annual appropriation by the general assembly to the department of state health agency for the purpose of establishing, operating, and maintaining the medical marijuana program established by section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution. All moneys credited to the medical marijuana program cash fund and all interest derived from the deposit of such moneys that are not expended during the fiscal year shall be retained in the fund for future use and shall not be credited or transferred to

PAGE 7-SENATE BILL 10-109
the general fund or any other fund.

(b) Notwithstanding any provision of paragraph (a) of this subsection (8) to the contrary, on April 20, 2009, the state treasurer shall deduct two hundred fifty-eight thousand seven hundred thirty-five dollars from the medical marijuana program cash fund and transfer such sum to the general fund.

(c) (I) The state health agency shall transfer from the medical marijuana program cash fund to the department of regulatory agencies for allocation to the state board of medical examiners moneys to cover the direct and indirect costs associated with investigating and prosecuting up to five of the referrals of physicians received per year from the state health agency in relation to the medical marijuana program.

(II) This paragraph (c) is repealed, effective July 1, 2012.

(9) This section is repealed, effective July 1, 2019.

SECTION 2. 25-1-1202 (1), Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended by the addition of a new paragraph to read:

25-1-1202. Index of statutory sections regarding medical record confidentiality and health information. (1) Statutory provisions concerning policies, procedures, and references to the release, sharing, and use of medical records and health information include the following:

(vv.5) Section 25-1.5-106, concerning the medical marijuana program;

SECTION 3. 12-36-117 (1), Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended by the addition of a new paragraph to read:

12-36-117. Unprofessional conduct - repeal. (1) "Unprofessional conduct" as used in this article means:

(mm) Failure to comply with the requirements of section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, section 25-1.5-106, C.R.S., or the rules promulgated by the state health agency

PAGE 8-SENATE BILL 10-109
PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-106 (2), C.R.S.

SECTION 4. 12-36-118 (5) (g), Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SUBPARAGRAPH to read:

12-36-118. Disciplinary action by board - immunity. (5) (g) (X) In all cases involving alleged violations of section 12-36-117 (1) (mm), the board shall promptly notify the executive director of the department of public health and environment of its findings, including whether it found that the physician violated section 12-36-117 (1) (mm) and any restrictions it placed on the physician with respect to recommending the use of medical marijuana.

SECTION 5. 12-36-103 (6) (a), Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

12-36-103. State board of medical examiners - immunity - subject to termination - repeal of article. (6) (a) (I) The provisions of section 24-34-104, C.R.S., concerning the termination schedule for regulatory bodies of the state unless extended as provided in that section, are applicable to the Colorado state board of medical examiners created by this section.

(II) The review required by this subsection (6) shall include an analysis of physician responsibilities related to recommendations for medical marijuana and the provisions of section 25-1.5-106, C.R.S.

SECTION 6. Appropriation. (1) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the medical marijuana program cash fund created in section 25-1.5-106 (8), Colorado Revised Statutes, not otherwise appropriated, to the department of public health and environment, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010, the sum of eight hundred fifteen thousand two hundred twenty-four dollars ($815,224) cash funds and 2.1 FTE, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the implementation of this act. Of said appropriation, ninety-nine thousand eight hundred seventy-nine dollars ($99,879) shall be allocated to the administration and support division and seven hundred fifteen thousand three hundred forty-five dollars ($715,345) and 2.1 FTE.
shall be allocated to the center for health and environmental information.

(2) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby appropriated to the department of regulatory agencies, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010, the sum of five hundred ninety-three thousand three hundred thirty-three dollars ($593,333) and 1.2 FTE, for the investigation and prosecution of physicians referred to the board of medical examiners pursuant to section 25-1.5-106 (5), Colorado Revised Statutes, or so much thereof as may be necessary for the implementation of this act. Said appropriation shall be from reappropriated funds received from the department of public health and environment out of the appropriation made in subsection (1) of this section to the center for health and environmental information. Of said appropriation, five hundred twelve thousand five hundred eighty-four dollars ($512,584) shall be allocated to the executive director's office and eighty thousand seven hundred forty-nine dollars ($80,749) and 1.2 FTE shall be allocated to the division of registrations.

(3) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby appropriated to the department of law, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010, the sum of six hundred twelve thousand four hundred sixty-three dollars ($612,463) and 5.2 FTE, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the provision of legal services to the department of public health and environment and the department of regulatory agencies related to the implementation of this act. Of said appropriation, ninety-nine thousand eight hundred seventy-nine dollars ($99,879) shall be from reappropriated funds received from the department of public health and environment out of the appropriation made in subsection (1) of this section to the administration and support division and five hundred twelve thousand five hundred eighty-four dollars ($512,584) shall be from reappropriated funds received from the department of regulatory agencies out of the appropriation made in subsection (2) of this section to the executive director's office.

SECTION 7. Severability. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are declared to be severable.

SECTION 8. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

Brandon C. Shaffer
PRESIDENT OF
THE SENATE

Terrance D. Carroll
SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES

Karen Goldman
SECRETARY OF
THE SENATE

Marilyn Eddins
CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES

APPROVED June 7, 2010 at 9:15 a.m.

Bill Ritter, Jr.
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF COLORADO

PAGE 11-SENATE BILL 10-109
SENATE BILL 10-120

BY SENATOR(S) White, Bacon, Steadman, Boyd, Foster, Gibbs, Heath, Hodge, Johnston, Keller, Tochtrop, Whitehead, Williams, Schwartz; also REPRESENTATIVE(S) Rice, Bradford, McCann, Casso, Hullinghorst, Liston, Looper, Soper, Todd.

CONCERNING THE INCLUSION OF PREPAID WIRELESS TELEPHONE SERVICE AMONG THE SERVICES SUBJECT TO THE SURCHARGE THAT FUNDS ENHANCED 911 EMERGENCY SERVICES, AND MAKING AN APPROPRIATION IN CONNECTION THEREWITH.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. 29-11-101, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended by the addition of a new subsection to read:

29-11-101. Definitions. As used in this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

(5.5) "PREPAID WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE" MEANS WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS ACCESS THAT ALLOWS A CALLER TO DIAL 911 TO ACCESS THE 911 SYSTEM, IS PAID FOR IN ADVANCE, AND IS SOLD IN PREDETERMINED UNITS OR DOLLARS, OF WHICH THE NUMBER OF UNITS OR DOLLARS AVAILABLE TO THE CALLER DEPENDS ON THE USE IN A KNOWN
AMOUNT.

SECTION 2. 29-11-102 (2), Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW PARAGRAPH to read:

29-11-102. Imposition of charge - liability of user for charge - collection - uncollected amounts - rules. (2) (e) This subsection (2) SHALL NOT APPLY TO PREPAID WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES.

SECTION 3. Part 1 of article 11 of title 29, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION to read:

29-11-102.5. Imposition of charge on prepaid wireless - rules - prepaid wireless trust cash fund - definitions - repeal. (1) AS USED IN THIS SECTION:

(a) "CONSUMER" MEANS A PERSON WHO PURCHASES PREPAID WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE IN A RETAIL TRANSACTION.

(b) "DEPARTMENT" MEANS THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE.

(c) "PREPAID WIRELESS E911 CHARGE" MEANS THE CHARGE THAT IS REQUIRED TO BE COLLECTED BY A SELLER FROM A CONSUMER UNDER SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION.

(d) "PROVIDER" MEANS A PERSON THAT PROVIDES PREPAID WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE.

(e) "RETAIL TRANSACTION" MEANS THE PURCHASE OF PREPAID WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE FROM A SELLER FOR ANY PURPOSE OTHER THAN RESALE.

(f) "SELLER" MEANS A PERSON WHO SELLS PREPAID WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE TO ANOTHER PERSON.

(2) (a) A PREPAID WIRELESS E911 CHARGE OF ONE AND FOUR-TENTHS PERCENT OF THE PRICE OF THE RETAIL TRANSACTION IS HEREBY IMPOSED ON EACH RETAIL TRANSACTION.

(b) (1) THE SELLER SHALL COLLECT THE PREPAID WIRELESS E911
CHARGE FROM THE CONSUMER ON EACH RETAIL TRANSACTION OCCURRING IN THIS STATE. THE AMOUNT OF THE PREPAID WIRELESS E911 CHARGE SHALL BE EITHER DISCLOSED TO THE CONSUMER OR SEPARATELY STATED ON AN INVOICE, RECEIPT, OR OTHER SIMILAR DOCUMENT THE SELLER PROVIDES TO THE CONSUMER. A SELLER SHALL ELECT TO EITHER DISCLOSE OR SEPARATELY STATE THE CHARGE AND SHALL NOT CHANGE THE ELECTION WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF THE DEPARTMENT.

(II) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH (b), A RETAIL TRANSACTION OCCURS IN COLORADO IF:

(A) THE CONSUMER EFFECTS THE RETAIL TRANSACTION IN PERSON AT A BUSINESS LOCATION IN COLORADO;

(B) IF SUB-SUBPARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH (II) DOES NOT APPLY, THE PRODUCT IS DELIVERED TO THE CONSUMER AT A COLORADO ADDRESS PROVIDED TO THE SELLER;

(C) IF SUB-SUBPARAGRAPHS (A) AND (B) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH (II) DO NOT APPLY, THE SELLER’S RECORDS, MAINTAINED IN THE ORDINARY COURSE OF BUSINESS, INDICATE THAT THE CONSUMER’S ADDRESS IS IN COLORADO AND THE RECORDS ARE NOT MADE OR KEPT IN BAD FAITH;

(D) IF SUB-SUBPARAGRAPHS (A) TO (C) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH (II) DO NOT APPLY, THE CONSUMER GIVES A COLORADO ADDRESS DURING THE CONSUMMATION OF THE SALE, INCLUDING THE CONSUMER’S PAYMENT INSTRUMENT IF NO OTHER ADDRESS IS AVAILABLE, AND THE ADDRESS IS NOT GIVEN IN BAD FAITH; OR

(E) IF SUB-SUBPARAGRAPHS (A) TO (D) OF THIS SUBPARAGRAPH (II) DO NOT APPLY, THE MOBILE TELEPHONE NUMBER IS ASSOCIATED WITH A COLORADO LOCATION.

(c) THE PREPAID WIRELESS E911 CHARGE IS THE LIABILITY OF THE CONSUMER AND NOT OF THE SELLER OR OF ANY PROVIDER; EXCEPT THAT THE SELLER SHALL BE LIABLE TO REMIT ALL PREPAID WIRELESS E911 CHARGES THAT THE SELLER COLLECTS FROM CONSUMERS AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION. THE SELLER SHALL BE DEEMED TO HAVE COLLECTED THE CHARGE NOTWITHSTANDING THAT THE AMOUNT OF THE CHARGE HAS NEITHER BEEN SEPARATELY DISCLOSED NOR STATED ON AN INVOICE.
RECEIPT, OR OTHER SIMILAR DOCUMENT THE SELLER PROVIDES TO THE CONSUMER.

(d) The amount of the prepaid wireless E911 charge that is collected by a seller from a consumer shall not be included in the base for measuring any tax, fee, surcharge, or other charge that is imposed by this state, any political subdivision of this state, or any intergovernmental agency.

(3) (a) The seller shall remit any collected prepaid wireless E911 charges to the department at the times and in the manner provided in part 1 of article 26 of title 39, C.R.S. The department shall establish, by rule, registration and payment procedures that substantially coincide with the registration and payment procedures that apply under part 1 of article 26 of title 39, C.R.S. A seller is subject to the penalties under part 1 of article 26 of title 39, C.R.S., for failure to collect or remit a prepaid wireless E911 charge in accordance with this section.

(b) (I) Effective July 1, 2011, a seller may deduct and retain three and three-tenths percent of the prepaid wireless E911 charges that are collected by the seller from consumers.

(II) (A) A seller may deduct and retain two percent of the prepaid wireless E911 charges that are collected by the seller from consumers.

(B) This subparagraph (II) is repealed, effective July 1, 2011.

(c) The audit and appeal procedures applicable to the state sales tax under part 1 of article 26 of title 39, C.R.S., shall apply to prepaid wireless E911 charges.

(d) The department shall establish procedures by which a seller may document that a transaction is not a retail transaction, which procedures shall substantially coincide with the procedures for documenting that a sale was wholesale for purposes of the sales tax under part 1 of article 26 of title 39, C.R.S.
(c)(I) Remittances of prepaid wireless E911 charges received by the department are collections for the local governing body, not general revenues of the state, and shall be held in trust in the prepaid wireless trust cash fund, which is hereby created. Except as provided in subparagraph (II) of this paragraph (c), the department shall transmit the moneys in the fund to each governing body within sixty days after the department receives the money in accordance with section 29-2-106 for use by such governing body for the purposes permitted under section 29-11-104.

(II) The department may expend an amount, not to exceed three percent of the collected charges in the prepaid wireless trust cash fund, necessary to reimburse the department for its direct costs of administering the collection and remittance of prepaid wireless E911 charges; except that the department may expend up to an additional four hundred fifty thousand dollars from January 1, 2011, through January 1, 2012, to cover the initial cost of establishing the collection and remittance process.

(III) The public utilities commission shall establish a formula for distribution of revenues from the prepaid wireless E911 charge based upon the governing authority's portion of the total 911 wireless call volume. The public utilities commission, or its designee, shall collect and transmit the percentage of wireless calls processed by each public safety answering point to the department by November 15 of each year. The public utilities commission may promulgate rules to implement this subparagraph (III).

(4) The prepaid wireless E911 charge imposed by this section shall be the only direct E911 funding obligation imposed with respect to prepaid wireless telecommunications service in this state. No tax, fee, surcharge, or other charge to fund E911 shall be imposed by this state, any political subdivision of this state, or any intergovernmental agency upon a provider, seller, or consumer with respect to the sale, purchase, use, or provision of prepaid wireless telecommunications service.

SECTION 4. Appropriation. In addition to any other
appropriation, there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the prepaid wireless trust cash fund created in section 29-11-102.5 (3) (e) (I), Colorado Revised Statutes, not otherwise appropriated, to the department of revenue, for administrative costs associated with collecting prepaid wireless telephone 911 surcharges, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010, the sum of four hundred seventy-six thousand one hundred ninety-five dollars ($476,195) cash funds and 1.4 FTE, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the implementation of this act.

SECTION 5. Specified effective date - applicability. This act shall take effect January 1, 2011, and shall apply to sales made on or after said date.

SECTION 6. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

[Signature]
Brandon C. Shaffer
PRESIDENT OF
THE SENATE

[Signature]
Terrance D. Carroll
SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES

[Signature]
Karen Goldman
SECRETARY OF
THE SENATE

[Signature]
Marilyn Eddins
CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES

APPROVED
June 7, 2010 at 9:43 a.m.

[Signature]
Bill Ritter, Jr.
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF COLORADO

PAGE 7-SENATE BILL 10-120
HOUSE BILL 10-1017

BY REPRESENTATIVE(S) Kagan, Gagliardi, Casso, Fischer, Hullinghorst, Kefalas, Labuda, Levy, Ryden, Weissmann, Pommer, Vigil; also SENATOR(S) Boyd, Carroll M., Hudak, Sandoval, Schwartz, Shaffer B., Steadman.

CONCERNING AUTHORIZATION FOR CERTAIN PUBLIC ENTITIES TO ENTER INTO VOLUNTARY AGREEMENTS AFFECTING RENT ON PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. 38-12-301, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

38-12-301. Control of rents by counties and municipalities prohibited. (1) The general assembly finds and declares that the imposition of rent control on private residential housing units is a matter of statewide concern; therefore, no county or municipality may enact any ordinance or resolution which would control rents on either private residential property or a private residential housing unit.

(2) For purposes of subsection (1) of this section, an ordinance or resolution that would control rent on either
PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY OR A PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL HOUSING UNIT SHALL NOT INCLUDE:

(a) A VOLUNTARY AGREEMENT BETWEEN A COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY AND A PERMIT APPLICANT OR PROPERTY OWNER TO LIMIT RENT ON THE PROPERTY OR UNIT OR THAT IS OTHERWISE DESIGNED TO PROVIDE AFFORDABLE HOUSING STOCK; OR

(b) THE PLACEMENT ON THE TITLE TO THE UNIT OF A DEED RESTRICTION THAT LIMITS RENT ON THE PROPERTY OR UNIT OR THAT IS OTHERWISE DESIGNED TO PROVIDE AFFORDABLE HOUSING STOCK PURSUANT TO A VOLUNTARY AGREEMENT BETWEEN A COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY AND A PERMIT APPLICANT OR PROPERTY OWNER TO PLACE THE DEED RESTRICTION ON THE TITLE.

(3) AN AGREEMENT AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION MAY SPECIFY HOW LONG EITHER PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY OR A PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL HOUSING UNIT IS SUBJECT TO ITS TERMS, WHETHER A SUBSEQUENT PROPERTY OWNER IS SUBJECT TO THE AGREEMENT, AND REMEDIES FOR EARLY TERMINATION AGREED TO BY BOTH THE PERMIT APPLICANT OR PROPERTY OWNER AND THE COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY.

(4) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS SECTION, A COUNTY OR MUNICIPALITY MAY NOT DENY AN APPLICATION FOR A DEVELOPMENT PERMIT AS DEFINED IN SECTION 29-20-103 (1), C.R.S., BECAUSE AN APPLICANT FOR SUCH A PERMIT DECLINES TO ENTER INTO AN AGREEMENT TO LIMIT RENT ON EITHER PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY OR A PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL HOUSING UNIT.

(5) This section is not intended to impair the right of any state agency, county, or municipality to manage and control any property in which it has an interest through a housing authority or similar agency.

SECTION 2. Act subject to petition - specified effective date - applicability. (1) This act shall take effect September 1, 2010; except that, if a referendum petition is filed pursuant to section 1 (3) of article V of the state constitution against this act or an item, section, or part of this act within the ninety-day period after final adjournment of the general assembly, then the act, item, section, or part shall not take effect unless
approved by the people at the general election to be held in November 2010 and shall take effect on the date of the official declaration of the vote thereon by the governor.

(2) The provisions of this act shall apply to agreements entered into before, on, or after the applicable effective date of this act.

Terrance D. Carroll
SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES

Brandon C. Shaffer
PRESIDENT OF
THE SENATE

Marilyn Eddins
CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES

Karen Goldman
SECRETARY OF
THE SENATE

APPROVED May 6, 2010 @ 4:18 p.m.

Bill Ritter, Jr.
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF COLORADO

PAGE 3-HOUSE BILL 10-1017
An Act

HOUSE BILL 10-1051

BY REPRESENTATIVE(S) Pommer, Fischer, Frangas, Hullinghorst, Labuda, Looper, Pace;
also SENATOR(S) Whitehead, Carroll M., Foster, Tochtrop.

CONCERNING ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING COVERED ENTITIES' WATER EFFICIENCY PLANS.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. 37-60-126 (4) (a) (I) and (9) (a), Colorado Revised Statutes, are amended, and the said 37-60-126 is further amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SUBSECTION, to read:

37-60-126. Water conservation and drought mitigation planning - programs - relationship to state assistance for water facilities - guidelines - water efficiency grant program - repeal. (4) A plan developed by a covered entity pursuant to subsection (2) of this section shall, at a minimum, include a full evaluation of the following plan elements:

(a) The water-saving measures and programs to be used by the covered entity for water conservation. In developing these measures and programs, each covered entity shall, at a minimum, consider the following:

Capital letters indicate new material added to existing statutes; dashes through words indicate deletions from existing statutes and such material not part of act.
(I) Water-efficient fixtures and appliances, including toilets, urinals, clothes washers, showerheads, and faucets faucet aerators;

(4.5) (a) On an annual basis starting no later than June 30, 2014, covered entities shall report water use and conservation data, to be used for statewide water supply planning, following Board guidelines pursuant to paragraph (b) of this subsection (4.5), to the Board by the end of the second quarter of each year for the previous calendar year.

(b) No later than February 1, 2012, the Board shall adopt guidelines regarding the reporting of water use and conservation data by covered entities, and shall provide a report to the Senate Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee and the House of Representatives Agriculture, Livestock, and Natural Resources Committee, or their successor committees, regarding the guidelines. These guidelines shall:

(I) Be adopted pursuant to the Board's public participation process and shall include outreach to stakeholders from water providers with geographic and demographic diversity, nongovernmental organizations, and water conservation professionals; and

(II) Include clear descriptions of: Categories of customers, uses, and measurements; how guidelines will be implemented; and how data will be reported to the Board.

(c) (I) No later than February 1, 2019, the Board shall report to the Senate Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee and the House of Representatives Agriculture, Livestock, and Natural Resources Committee, or their successor committees, on the guidelines and data collected by the Board under the guidelines.

(II) This paragraph (c) is repealed, effective July 1, 2020.

(9) (a) Neither the board nor the Colorado water resources and power development authority shall release grant or loan proceeds to a
covered entity unless such THE covered entity provides a copy of the water conservation plan adopted pursuant to this section; except that the board or the authority may release such THE grant or loan proceeds NOTWITHSTANDING A COVERED ENTITY'S FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (4.5) OF THIS SECTION OR if the board or the authority, as applicable, determines that an unforseen emergency exists in relation to the covered entity's loan application, in which case the board or the authority, as applicable, may impose a grant or loan surcharge upon the covered entity that may be rebated or reduced if the covered entity submits and adopts a plan in compliance with this section in a timely manner as determined by the board or the authority, as applicable.

SECTION 2. Applicability. This act shall apply to conduct occurring on or after the effective date of this act.

SECTION 3. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

Terrance D. Carroll  
SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE  
OF REPRESENTATIVES

Brandon C. Shaffer  
PRESIDENT OF  
THE SENATE

Marilyn Edjons  
CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE  
OF REPRESENTATIVES

Karen Goldman  
SECRETARY OF  
THE SENATE

APPROVED  
June 7, 2010 at 4:55 p.m.

Bill Ritter, Jr.  
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF COLORADO

PAGE 4-HOUSE BILL 10-1051
HOUSE BILL 10-1063

BY REPRESENTATIVE(S) Todd, Frangas, Labuda, McFadyen, Tyler, Vigil, Waller;
also SENATOR(S) Gibbs, Heath, Kester, Schwartz, Steadman, Tapia, Whitehead.

CONCERNING THE AUTHORITY FOR THE PUBLICATION OF A LEGAL NOTICE IN
A NEWSPAPER WITHOUT UNITED STATES PERIODICALS MAILING
PRIVILEGES WITHIN A MUNICIPALITY WHERE NO NEWSPAPER THAT
HAS SUCH PRIVILEGES IS PUBLISHED WITHIN THE MUNICIPALITY.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. 24-70-103, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended
BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SUBSECTION to read:

24-70-103. Requisites of legal newspaper. (4) NOTWITHSTANDING
ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS PART 1, IF NO NEWSPAPER IS PUBLISHED
WITHIN THE TERRITORIAL BOUNDARIES OF A MUNICIPALITY THAT SATISFIES
THE REQUIREMENTS FOR A LEGAL PUBLICATION AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION
24-70-102, BUT A NEWSPAPER THAT PROVIDES LOCAL NEWS AND THAT
WOULD SATISFY THE REQUIREMENTS TO BE ADMITTED TO THE UNITED
STATES MAILS WITH PERIODICALS MAILING PRIVILEGES BUT FOR THE
ABSENCE OF PAID CIRCULATION IS DISTRIBUTED WITHIN SUCH TERRITORIAL
BOUNDARIES, THE MUNICIPALITY MAY PUBLISH ANY LEGAL NOTICE OR ADVERTISEMENT REQUIRED BY LAW IN SUCH NEWSPAPER.

SECTION 2. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds, determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

Terrance D. Carroll
SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES

Brandon C. Shaffer
PRESIDENT OF
THE SENATE

Marilyn Eddins
CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES

Karen Goldman
SECRETARY OF
THE SENATE

APPROVED March 18, 2010 at 11:23 A.M.

Bill Ritter, Jr.
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF COLORADO

PAGE 2-HOUSE BILL 10-1063
HOUSE BILL 10-1107

BY REPRESENTATIVE(S) Fischer, Ferrandino, Hullinghorst, Pommer, Court, Frangas, Kagan, Kefalas, Labuda, Looper, Merrifield, Sonnenberg, Todd, Vigil, Baumgardner, Gardner C., Middleton, Scanlan, Schafer S., Tyler;
also SENATOR(S) Carroll M., Tochtrop, Bacon, Boyd, Harvey, Johnston, Lundberg, Morse, Newell, Sandoval, Schwartz, Steadman, White.

CONCERNING LIMITATIONS ON THE INCLUSION OF AGRICULTURAL LANDS WITHIN URBAN RENEWAL AREAS.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. 31-25-102, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SUBSECTION to read:

31-25-102. Legislative declaration. (4) The general assembly further finds and declares that:

(a) Urban renewal areas created for the purposes described in subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall not include agricultural land except in connection with the limited circumstances described in this part 1; and

Capital letters indicate new material added to existing statutes; dashes through words indicate deletions from existing statutes and such material not part of act.
(b) The inclusion of agricultural land within urban renewal areas is a matter of statewide concern.

SECTION 2. 31-25-103 (1), Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended, and the said 31-25-103 is further amended by the addition of the following new subsections, to read:

31-25-103. Definitions. As used in this part 1, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Authority" or "urban renewal authority" means a corporate body organized pursuant to the provisions of this part 1 for the purposes, with the powers, and subject to the restrictions set forth in this part 1. "Agricultural land" means any one parcel of land or any two or more contiguous parcels of land that, regardless of the uses for which the land has been zoned, has been classified by the county assessor as agricultural land for purposes of the levying and collection of property tax pursuant to sections 39-1-102 (1.6) (a) and 39-1-103 (5) (a), C.R.S., at any time during the five-year period prior to the date of adoption of an urban renewal plan or any modification of such a plan.

(3.1) "Brownfield site" means real property, the development, expansion, redevelopment, or reuse of which will be complicated by the presence of a substantial amount of one or more hazardous substances, pollutants, or contaminants, as designated by the United States environmental protection agency.

(7.5) "Urban-level development" means an area in which there is a predominance of either permanent structures or above-ground or at-grade infrastructure.

(8.5) "Urban renewal authority" or "authority" means a corporate body organized pursuant to the provisions of this part 1 for the purposes, with the powers, and subject to the restrictions set forth in this part 1.

SECTION 3. 31-25-107 (1) (c), the introductory portion to 31-25-107 (3.5) (a), and 31-25-107 (9) (a) (II), (10) (a), and (11), Colorado Revised Statutes, are amended, and the said 31-25-107 (9) is further
amended BY THE ADDITION OF THE FOLLOWING NEW PARAGRAPHS, to read:

31-25-107. Approval of urban renewal plans by local governing body. (1) (c) (I) Except for urban renewal plans subject to section 31-25-103 (2) (l), the boundaries of an area that the governing body determines to be a blighted area shall be drawn as narrowly as the governing body determines feasible to accomplish the planning and development objectives of the proposed urban renewal area. The governing body shall not approve an urban renewal plan until a general plan for the municipality has been prepared. An authority shall not acquire real property for an urban renewal project unless the local governing body has approved the urban renewal plan in accordance with subsection (4) of this section. In making the determination as to whether a particular area is blighted pursuant to the provisions of this part 1, any particular condition found to be present may satisfy as many of the factors referenced in section 31-25-103 (2) as are applicable to such condition.

(II) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS PART 1, NO AREA THAT HAS BEEN DESIGNATED AS AN URBAN RENEWAL AREA SHALL CONTAIN ANY AGRICULTURAL LAND UNLESS:

(A) THE AGRICULTURAL LAND IS A BROWNFIELD SITE;

(B) NOT LESS THAN ONE-HALF OF THE URBAN RENEWAL AREA AS A WHOLE CONSISTS OF PARCELS OF LAND CONTAINING URBAN-LEVEL DEVELOPMENT THAT, AT THE TIME OF THE DESIGNATION OF SUCH AREA, ARE DETERMINED TO CONSTITUTE A SLUM OR BLIGHTED AREA, OR A COMBINATION THEREOF, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF PARAGRAPH (a) OF SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION AND NOT LESS THAN TWO-THIRDS OF THE PERIMETER OF THE URBAN RENEWAL AREA AS A WHOLE IS CONTIGUOUS WITH URBAN-LEVEL DEVELOPMENT AS DETERMINED AT THE TIME OF THE DESIGNATION OF SUCH AREA;

(C) THE AGRICULTURAL LAND IS AN ENCLAVE WITHIN THE TERRITORIAL BOUNDARIES OF A MUNICIPALITY AND THE ENTIRE PERIMETER OF THE ENCLAVE HAS BEEN CONTIGUOUS WITH URBAN-LEVEL DEVELOPMENT FOR A PERIOD OF NOT LESS THAN THREE YEARS AS DETERMINED AT THE TIME OF THE DESIGNATION OF THE AREA;

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(D) Each public body that levies an ad valorem property tax on the agricultural land agrees in writing to the inclusion of the agricultural land within the urban renewal area; or

(E) The agricultural land was included in an approved urban renewal plan prior to the effective date of this subparagraph (II).

(III) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part 1, for a period commencing on the effective date of this subparagraph (III) and concluding ten years from the effective date of this subparagraph (III) and in addition to the provisions of subparagraph (II) of this paragraph (c), no area that has been designated as an urban renewal area shall contain any agricultural land unless:

(A) The agricultural land is contiguous with an urban renewal area in existence as of the effective date of this subparagraph (III);

(B) The person who is the fee simple owner of the agricultural land as of the effective date of this subparagraph (III) is also the fee simple owner of land within the urban renewal area as of the effective date of this subparagraph (III) that is contiguous with the agricultural land; and

(C) Both the agricultural land and the land within the urban renewal area that is described in sub-subparagraph (B) of this subparagraph (III) will be developed solely for the purpose of creating primary manufacturing jobs, and any ancillary jobs necessary to support such manufacturing operations, for the duration of the period during which property tax revenues in excess of a base amount are paid into a special fund pursuant to subparagraph (II) of paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of this section for the purpose of financing an urban renewal project. For purposes of this subparagraph (III), "primary manufacturing jobs" means manufacturing jobs that produce products that are in excess of those that will be consumed within the boundaries of the state and that are exported to other states and foreign countries in exchange for value.

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(3.5) (a) At least thirty days prior to the hearing on an urban renewal plan or a substantial modification to such plan, REGARDLESS OF WHEN THE URBAN RENEWAL PLAN WAS FIRST APPROVED, the governing body or the authority shall submit such plan or modification to the board of county commissioners, and, if property taxes collected as a result of the county levy will be utilized, the governing body or the authority shall also submit an urban renewal impact report, which shall include, at a minimum, the following information concerning the impact of such plan:

(9) (a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any urban renewal plan, as originally approved or as later modified pursuant to this part I, may contain a provision that taxes, if any, levied after the effective date of the approval of such urban renewal plan upon taxable property in an urban renewal area each year or that municipal sales taxes collected within said area, or both such taxes, by or for the benefit of any public body shall be divided for a period not to exceed twenty-five years after the effective date of adoption of such a provision, as follows:

(II) That portion of said property taxes or all or any portion of said sales taxes, or both, in excess of such the amount of property taxes or sales taxes paid into the funds of each such public body in accordance with the requirements of subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (a) shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into a special fund of the authority to pay the principal of, the interest on, and any premiums due in connection with the bonds of, loans or advances to, or indebtedness incurred by, whether funded, refunded, assumed, or otherwise, such the authority for financing or refinancing, in whole or in part, an urban renewal project, or to make payments under an agreement executed pursuant to subsection (11) of this section. Any excess municipal sales tax collections not allocated pursuant to this subparagraph (II) shall be paid into the funds of the municipality. Unless and until the total valuation for assessment of the taxable property in an urban renewal area exceeds the base valuation for assessment of the taxable property in such urban renewal area, as provided in subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (a), all of the taxes levied upon the taxable property in such urban renewal area shall be paid into the funds of the respective public bodies. Unless and until the total municipal sales tax collections in an urban renewal area exceed the base year municipal sales tax collections in such urban renewal area, as provided in subparagraph (I) of this paragraph (a), all such sales tax collections shall be paid into the funds of the municipality. When such bonds, loans, advances, and
indebtedness, if any, including interest thereon and any premiums due in connection therewith, have been paid, all taxes upon the taxable property or the total municipal sales tax collections, or both, in such urban renewal area shall be paid into the funds of the respective public bodies.

(g) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, if one or more of the conditions specified in subparagraph (II), or all of the conditions specified in subparagraph (III), of paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of this section have been satisfied such that agricultural land is included within an urban renewal area, the county assessor shall value the agricultural land at its fair market value in making the calculation of the taxes to be paid to the public bodies pursuant to subparagraph (I) of paragraph (a) of this subsection (9) solely for the purpose of determining the tax increment available pursuant to subparagraph (II) of paragraph (a) of this subsection (9). Nothing in this section shall affect the actual classification, or require reclassification, of agricultural land for property tax purposes, and nothing in this section shall affect the taxes actually to be paid to the public bodies pursuant to subparagraph (I) of paragraph (a) of this subsection (9), which shall continue to be based on the agricultural classification of such land unless and until it has been reclassified in the normal course of the assessment process.

(h) The manner and methods by which the requirements of this subsection (9) are to be implemented by county assessors shall be contained in such manuals, appraisal procedures, and instructions, as applicable, that the property tax administrator is authorized to prepare and publish pursuant to section 39-2-109(1)(e), C.R.S.

(10) The municipality in which an urban renewal authority has been established pursuant to the provisions of this part 1 shall timely notify the assessor of the county in which such authority has been established when:

(a) An urban renewal plan or a substantial modification of such plan has been approved that contains the provision referenced in paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of this section or a substantial modification of the plan adds land to the plan, which plan contains the provision referenced in paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of this
(11) The governing body or the authority may enter into an agreement with any county TAXING ENTITY within the boundaries of which property taxes collected as a result of the county TAXING ENTITY's levy, or any portion of the levy, will be subject to allocation pursuant to subsection (9) of this section. The agreement may provide for the allocation of responsibility among the parties to the agreement for payment of the costs of any additional county infrastructure or services necessary to offset the impacts of an urban renewal project and for the sharing of revenues. Except with the consent of the governing body or the authority, any such shared revenues shall be limited to all or any portion of the taxes levied upon taxable property within the urban renewal area by the county TAXING ENTITY. The agreement may provide for a waiver of any provision of this Part 1 that provides for notice to the taxing entity, requires any filing with or by the taxing entity, requires or permits consent from the taxing entity, or provides any enforcement right to the taxing entity.

SECTION 4. 31-25-107 (1), Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended by the addition of a new paragraph to read:

31-25-107. Approval of urban renewal plans by local governing body. (1) (d) In the case of an urban renewal plan approved or substantially modified on or after the effective date of this paragraph (d), the plan shall include a legal description of the urban renewal area, including the legal description of any agricultural land proposed for inclusion within the urban renewal area pursuant to the conditions specified in subparagraph (II) or (III) of paragraph (c) of this subsection (1).

SECTION 5. 31-25-107 (3.5), Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended by the addition of a new paragraph to read:

31-25-107. Approval of urban renewal plans by local governing body. (3.5)(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a city and county shall not be required to submit an urban renewal impact report satisfying the requirements of paragraph (a) of this subsection (3.5).
SECTION 6. 31-25-107, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SUBSECTION to read:

31-25-107. Approval of urban renewal plans by local governing body. (13) Not later than thirty days after the municipality has provided the county assessor the notice required by paragraph (a) of subsection (10) of this section, the county assessor may provide written notice to the municipality if the assessor believes that agricultural land has been improperly included in the urban renewal area in violation of subparagraph (II) or (III) of paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of this section. If the notice is not delivered within the thirty-day period, the inclusion of the land in the urban renewal area as described in the urban renewal plan shall be incontestable in any suit or proceeding notwithstanding the presence of any cause. If the assessor provides notice to the municipality within the thirty-day period, the municipality may file an action in state district court exercising jurisdiction over the county in which the land is located for an order determining whether the inclusion of the land in the urban renewal area is consistent with one of the conditions specified in subparagraph (II) or (III) of paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of this section and shall have an additional thirty days from the date it receives the notice in which to file such action. If the municipality fails to file such an action within the additional thirty-day period, the agricultural land shall not become part of the urban renewal area.

SECTION 7. Specified effective date - applicability. This act shall take effect June 1, 2010, and shall apply to urban renewal plans approved or substantially modified on or after said date.

SECTION 8. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

Terrance D. Carroll  
SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Brandon C. Shaffer  
PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE

Marilyn Edkins  
CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Karen Goldman  
SECRETARY OF THE SENATE

APPROVED  
April 14th, 2010 at 2:52 p.m.

Bill Ritter, Jr.  
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF COLORADO

PAGE 9-HOUSE BILL 10-1107
An Act

HOUSE BILL 10-1201

BY REPRESENTATIVE(S) Middleton, Carroll T., Ferrandino, McFadyen, Miklosi, Pace, Vigil, Weissmann, Apan, Court, Curry, Fischer, Kagan, Labuda, Todd, Tyler, May, Schafer S.; also SENATOR(S) Steadman, Bacon, Cadman, Carroll M., Foster, Heath, Hodge, King K., Lundberg, Newell, Romer, Scheffel, Schultheis, Schwartz, Shaffer B., Spence, Tochtrop, White, Whitehead, Williams.

CONCERNING DUTIES RELATED TO PEACE OFFICER CONTACTS.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. Part 3 of article 3 of title 16, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION to read:

16-3-310. Oral advisement and written consent prior to search of a vehicle or a person during a police contact. (1) (a) PRIOR TO CONDUCTING A CONSENSUAL SEARCH OF A PERSON WHO IS NOT UNDER ARREST, THE PERSON'S EFFECTS, OR A VEHICLE, A PEACE OFFICER SHALL COMPLY WITH PARAGRAPh (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (1).

(b) A PEACE OFFICER MAY CONDUCT A CONSENSUAL SEARCH ONLY AFTER ARTICULATING THE FOLLOWING FACTORS TO, AND SUBSEQUENTLY RECEIVING CONSENT FROM, THE PERSON SUBJECT TO THE SEARCH OR THE
PERSON WITH THE APPARENT OR ACTUAL AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE
PERMISSION TO SEARCH THE VEHICLE OR EFFECTS. THE FACTORS ARE:

(I) THE PERSON IS BEING ASKED TO VOLUNTARILY CONSENT TO A
SEARCH; AND

(II) THE PERSON HAS THE RIGHT TO REFUSE THE REQUEST TO SEARCH.

(c) AFTER PROVIDING THE ADVISEMENT REQUIRED IN PARAGRAPH (b)
OF THIS SUBSECTION (1), A PEACE OFFICER MAY CONDUCT THE REQUESTED
SEARCH ONLY IF THE PERSON SUBJECT TO THE SEARCH VOLUNTARILY
PROVIDES VERBAL OR WRITTEN CONSENT. OTHER EVIDENCE OF KNOWING
AND VOLUNTARY CONSENT MAY BE ACCEPTABLE, IF THE PERSON IS UNABLE
TO PROVIDE WRITTEN OR VERBAL CONSENT.

(2) A PEACE OFFICER PROVIDING THE ADVISEMENT REQUIRED
PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION NEED NOT PROVIDE A
SPECIFIC RECITATION OF THE ADVISEMENT; SUBSTANTIAL COMPLIANCE WITH
THE SUBSTANCE OF THE FACTORS IS SUFFICIENT TO COMPLY WITH THE
REQUIREMENT.

(3) IF A DEFENDANT MOVES TO SUPPRESS ANY EVIDENCE OBTAINED
IN THE COURSE OF THE SEARCH, THE COURT SHALL CONSIDER THE FAILURE
TO COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION AS A FACTOR IN
DETERMINING THE VOLUNTARINESS OF THE CONSENT.

(4) THIS SECTION SHALL NOT APPLY TO A SEARCH CONDUCTED
PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-3-103, C.R.S., A VALID SEARCH INCIDENT TO OR
SUBSEQUENT TO A LAWFUL ARREST, OR TO A SEARCH FOR WHICH THERE IS A
LEGAL BASIS OTHER THAN VOLUNTARY CONSENT. THIS SHALL INCLUDE, BUT
NOT BE LIMITED TO, A SEARCH IN A CORRECTIONAL FACILITY OR ON
CORRECTIONAL FACILITY PROPERTY, A DETENTION FACILITY, COUNTY
DETENTION FACILITY, CUSTODY FACILITY, JUVENILE CORRECTIONAL
FACILITY OR ANY MENTAL HEALTH INSTITUTE OR MENTAL HEALTH FACILITY
OPERATED BY OR UNDER A CONTRACT WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN
SERVICES, A COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS FACILITY, OR A JAIL OR A SEARCH OF
A PERSON SUBJECT TO PROBATION OR PAROLE BY A COMMUNITY
SUPERVISION OR PAROLE OFFICER WHEN THE PERSON HAS CONSENTED TO
SEARCH AS A TERM AND CONDITION OF ANY PROBATION OR PAROLE.

PAGE 2-HOUSE BILL 10-1201
SECTION 2. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds, determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

Terrance D. Carroll
SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES

Brandon C. Shaffer
PRESIDENT OF
THE SENATE

Marilyn Eddins
CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE
OF REPRESENTATIVES

Karen Goldman
SECRETARY OF
THE SENATE

APPROVED April 29, 2010 at 8:57 a.m.

Bill Ritter, Jr.
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF COLORADO

PAGE 3-HOUSE BILL 10-1201
An Act

HOUSE BILL 10-1284

BY REPRESENTATIVE(S) Massey and Summers, McCann, Rice, Labuda, Kagan, Pommer; also SENATOR(S) Romer and Spence.

CONCERNING REGULATION OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA, AND MAKING AN APPROPRIATION THEREFOR.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:

SECTION 1. Title 12, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW ARTICLE to read:

ARTICLE 43.3
Medical Marijuana

PART 1
COLORADO MEDICAL MARIJUANA CODE

12-43.3-101. Short title. This article shall be known and may be cited as the "COLORADO MEDICAL MARIJUANA CODE".

12-43.3-102. Legislative declaration. (1) The general assembly hereby declares that this article shall be deemed an exercise of

(2) The general assembly further declares that it is unlawful under state law to cultivate, manufacture, distribute, or sell medical marijuana, except in compliance with the terms, conditions, limitations, and restrictions in section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution and this article or when acting as a primary caregiver in compliance with the terms, conditions, limitations, and restrictions of section 25-1.5-106, C.R.S.

12-43.3-103. Applicability. (1)(a) On July 1, 2010, a person who is operating an established, locally approved business for the purpose of cultivation, manufacture, or sale of medical marijuana or medical marijuana-infused products or a person who has applied to a local government to operate a locally approved business for the purpose of cultivation, manufacture, or sale of medical marijuana or medical marijuana-infused products which is subsequently granted may continue to operate that business in accordance with any applicable state or local laws. "Established", as used in this paragraph (a), shall mean owning or leasing a space with a storefront and remitting sales taxes in a timely manner on retail sales of the business as required pursuant to 39-26-105, C.R.S., as well as any applicable local sales taxes.

(b) To continue operating a business or operation as described in paragraph (a) of this subsection (1), the owner shall, on or before August 1, 2010, complete forms as provided by the Department of Revenue and shall pay a fee, which shall be credited to the medical marijuana license cash fund established pursuant to section 12-43.3-501. The purpose of the fee shall be to pay for the direct and indirect costs of the state licensing authority and the development of application procedures and rules necessary to implement this article. Payment of the fee and completion of the form shall not create a local or state license or a present or future entitlement to receive a license. An owner issued a local license after August 1, 2010, shall complete the forms and pay the fee pursuant to this paragraph (b) within thirty days of issuance of the local license. In addition to any criminal penalties for
SELLING WITHOUT A LICENSE, IT SHALL BE UNLAWFUL TO CONTINUE OPERATING A BUSINESS OR OPERATION WITHOUT FILING THE FORMS AND PAYING THE FEE AS DESCRIBED IN THIS SUBSECTION (b), AND ANY VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE PRIMA-FACIE EVIDENCE OF UNSATISFACTORY CHARACTER, RECORD, AND REPUTATION FOR ANY FUTURE APPLICATION FOR LICENSE UNDER THIS ARTICLE.

(c) A COUNTY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR MUNICIPALITY SHALL PROVIDE TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY, UPON REQUEST, A LIST THAT INCLUDES THE NAME AND LOCATION OF EACH LOCAL CENTER OR OPERATION LICENSED IN SAID COUNTY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR MUNICIPALITY SO THAT THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY CAN IDENTIFY ANY CENTER OR OPERATION OPERATING UNLAWFULLY.

(2) (a) PRIOR TO JULY 1, 2011, A COUNTY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR MUNICIPALITY MAY ADOPT AND ENFORCE A RESOLUTION OR ORDINANCE LICENSING, REGULATING, OR PROHIBITING THE CULTIVATION OR SALE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA. IN A COUNTY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR MUNICIPALITY WHERE SUCH AN ORDINANCE OR RESOLUTION HAS BEEN ADOPTED, A PERSON WHO IS NOT REGISTERED AS A PATIENT OR PRIMARY CAREGIVER PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-106, C.R.S., AND WHO IS CULTIVATING OR SELLING MEDICAL MARIJUANA SHALL NOT BE ENTITLED TO AN AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO A CRIMINAL PROSECUTION AS PROVIDED FOR IN SECTION 14 OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION UNLESS THE PERSON IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE COUNTY OR MUNICIPAL LAW.

(b) ON OR BEFORE SEPTEMBER 1, 2010, A BUSINESS OR OPERATION SHALL CERTIFY THAT IT IS CULTIVATING AT LEAST SEVENTY PERCENT OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA NECESSARY FOR ITS OPERATION.

(c) ON AND AFTER JULY 1, 2011, ALL BUSINESSES FOR THE PURPOSE OF CULTIVATION, MANUFACTURE, OR SALE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS, AS DEFINED IN THIS ARTICLE, SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THIS ARTICLE AND ANY RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE.

12-43.3-104. Definitions. As used in this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Good cause", for purposes of refusing or denying a
LICENSE RENEWAL, REINSTATEMENT, OR INITIAL LICENSE ISSUANCE, MEANS:

(a) THE LICENSEE OR APPLICANT HAS VIOLATED, DOES NOT MEET, OR HAS FAILED TO COMPLY WITH ANY OF THE TERMS, CONDITIONS, OR PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE, ANY RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, OR ANY SUPPLEMENTAL LOCAL LAW, RULES, OR REGULATIONS;

(b) THE LICENSEE OR APPLICANT HAS FAILED TO COMPLY WITH ANY SPECIAL TERMS OR CONDITIONS THAT WERE PLACED ON ITS LICENSE PURSUANT TO AN ORDER OF THE STATE OR LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY;

(c) THE LICENSED PREMISES HAVE BEEN OPERATED IN A MANNER THAT ADVERSELY AFFECTS THE PUBLIC HEALTH OR WELFARE OR THE SAFETY OF THE IMMEDIATE NEIGHBORHOOD IN WHICH THE ESTABLISHMENT IS LOCATED.

(2) "License" means to grant a license or registration pursuant to this article.

(3) "Licensed premises" means the premises specified in an application for a license under this article, which are owned or in possession of the licensee and within which the licensee is authorized to cultivate, manufacture, distribute, or sell medical marijuana in accordance with the provisions of this article.

(4) "Licensee" means a person licensed or registered pursuant to this article.

(5) "Local licensing authority" means an authority designated by municipal or county charter, municipal ordinance, or county resolution.

(6) "Location" means a particular parcel of land that may be identified by an address or other descriptive means.

(7) "Medical marijuana" means marijuana that is grown and sold pursuant to the provisions of this article and for a purpose authorized by section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution.

(8) "Medical marijuana center" means a person licensed
Pursuant to this Article to operate a business as described in Section 12-43.3-402 that sells medical marijuana to registered patients or primary caregivers as defined in Section 14 of Article XVIII of the State Constitution, but is not a primary caregiver.

(9) "Medical marijuana-infused product" means a product infused with medical marijuana that is intended for use or consumption other than by smoking, including but not limited to edible products, ointments, and tinctures. These products, when manufactured or sold by a licensed medical marijuana center or a medical marijuana-infused product manufacturer, shall not be considered a food or drug for the purposes of the "Colorado Food and Drug Act", part 4 of article 5 of title 25, C.R.S.

(10) "Medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer" means a person licensed pursuant to this Article to operate a business as described in Section 12-43.3-404.

(11) "Optional premises" means the premises specified in an application for a medical marijuana center license with related growing facilities in Colorado for which the licensee is authorized to grow and cultivate marijuana for a purpose authorized by Section 14 of Article XVIII of the State Constitution.

(12) "Optional premises cultivation operation" means a person licensed pursuant to this Article to operate a business as described in Section 12-43.3-403.

(13) "Person" means a natural person, partnership, association, company, corporation, limited liability company, or organization, or a manager, agent, owner, director, servant, officer, or employee thereof.

(14) "Premises" means a distinct and definite location, which may include a building, a part of a building, a room, or any other definite contiguous area.

(15) "School" means a public or private preschool or a public or private elementary, middle, junior high, or high school.

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(16) "STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY" MEANS THE AUTHORITY CREATED FOR THE PURPOSE OF REGULATING AND CONTROLLING THE LICENSING OF THE CULTIVATION, MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTION, AND SALE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA IN THIS STATE, PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-43.3-201.

12-43.3-105. Limited access areas. Subject to the provisions of 12-43.3-701, a limited access area shall be a building, room, or other contiguous area upon the licensed premises where medical marijuana is grown, cultivated, stored, weighed, displayed, packaged, sold, or possessed for sale, under control of the licensee, with limited access to only those persons licensed by the state licensing authority. All areas of ingress or egress to limited access areas shall be clearly identified as such by a sign as designated by the state licensing authority.

12-43.3-106. Local option. The operation of this article shall be statewide unless a municipality, county, city, or city and county, by either a majority of the registered electors of the municipality, county, city, or city and county voting at a regular election or special election called in accordance with the "COLORADO MUNICIPAL ELECTION CODE OF 1965", article 10 of title 31, C.R.S., or the "UNIFORM ELECTION CODE OF 1992", articles 1 to 13 of title 1, C.R.S., as applicable, or a majority of the members of the governing board for the municipality, county, city, or city and county, vote to prohibit the operation of medical marijuana centers, optional premises cultivation operations, and medical marijuana-infused products manufacturers' licenses.

PART 2
STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY

12-43.3-201. State licensing authority - creation - repeal.
(1) For the purpose of regulating and controlling the licensing of the cultivation, manufacture, distribution, and sale of medical marijuana in this state, there is hereby created the state licensing authority, which shall be the executive director of the department of revenue or the deputy director of the department of revenue if the executive director so designates.

(2) The executive director of the department of revenue
SHALL BE THE CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER OF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY AND MAY EMPLOY, PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OF ARTICLE XII OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION, SUCH OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES AS MAY BE DETERMINED TO BE NECESSARY, WHICH OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES SHALL BE PART OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL, AT ITS DISCRETION, BASED UPON WORKLOAD, EMPLOY NO MORE THAN ONE FULL TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEE FOR EACH TEN MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTERS LICENSED BY OR MAKING APPLICATION WITH THE AUTHORITY. NO MONEYS SHALL BE APPROPRIATED TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY FROM THE GENERAL FUND FOR THE OPERATION OF THIS ARTICLE, NOR SHALL THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY EXPEND ANY GENERAL FUND MONEYS FOR THE OPERATION OF THIS ARTICLE.

(3) (a) DURING FISCAL YEAR 2010-2011, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL CONSIDER EMPLOYMENT OF TEMPORARY OR CONTRACT STAFF TO CONDUCT BACKGROUND INVESTIGATIONS. THE ADDITIONAL COST OF THE BACKGROUND INVESTIGATIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.

(b) ON JULY 1, 2010, THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT SHALL LOAN TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY, CREATED IN 12-43.3-201, A SUM NOT TO EXCEED ONE MILLION DOLLARS FROM THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA CASH FUND CREATED IN 25-1.5-106. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL PAY BACK THE ONE MILLION DOLLAR LOAN TO THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT NO LATER THAN DECEMBER 31, 2010.

(c) THIS SUBSECTION (3) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2011.

12-43.3-202. Powers and duties of state licensing authority - repeal. (1) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL:

(a) GRANT OR REFUSE STATE LICENSES FOR THE CULTIVATION, MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTION, AND SALE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA AS PROVIDED BY LAW; SUSPEND, FINE, RESTRICT, OR REVOKE SUCH LICENSES UPON A VIOLATION OF THIS ARTICLE, OR A RULE PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE; AND IMPOSE ANY PENALTY AUTHORIZED BY THIS ARTICLE OR ANY RULE PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY TAKE ANY ACTION WITH RESPECT TO A REGISTRATION PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE AS IT MAY WITH RESPECT TO A
LICENSE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROCEDURES ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE.

(b) (I) PROMULGATE SUCH RULES AND SUCH SPECIAL RULINGS AND FINDINGS AS NECESSARY FOR THE PROPER REGULATION AND CONTROL OF THE CULTIVATION, MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTION, AND SALE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND FOR THE ENFORCEMENT OF THIS ARTICLE. A COUNTY, MUNICIPALITY, OR CITY AND COUNTY THAT HAS ADOPTED A TEMPORARY MORATORIUM REGARDING THE SUBJECT MATTER OF THIS ARTICLE SHALL BE SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZED TO EXTEND THE MORATORIUM UNTIL THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE RULES ADOPTED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS ARTICLE.

(II) (A) THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL CONDUCT A PUBLIC REVIEW HEARING WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENT BY SEPTEMBER 1, 2010, TO RECEIVE PUBLIC INPUT ON ANY EMERGENCY RULES ADOPTED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY AND BE PROVIDED WITH AN UPDATE FROM THE INDUSTRY, CAREGIVERS, PATIENTS, AND OTHER STAKEHOLDERS REGARDING THE INDUSTRY'S CURRENT STATUS. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL PROVIDE AT LEAST FIVE BUSINESS DAYS' NOTICE PRIOR TO THE HEARING.

(B) THIS SUBPARAGRAPH (II) IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2011.


(d) MAINTAIN THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF REPORTS OBTAINED FROM A LICENSEE SHOWING THE SALES VOLUME OR QUANTITY OF MEDICAL
MARIJUANA SOLD OR ANY OTHER RECORDS THAT ARE EXEMPT FROM PUBLIC INSPECTION PURSUANT TO STATE LAW;

(e) **DEVELOP SUCH FORMS, LICENSES, IDENTIFICATION CARDS, AND APPLICATIONS AS ARE NECESSARY OR CONVENIENT IN THE DISCRETION OF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF THIS ARTICLE OR ANY OF THE RULES PROMULGATED UNDER THIS ARTICLE;**

(f) **PREPARE AND TRANSMIT ANNUALLY, IN THE FORM AND MANNER PRESCRIBED BY THE HEADS OF THE PRINCIPAL DEPARTMENTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 24-1-136, C.R.S., A REPORT ACCOUNTING TO THE GOVERNOR FOR THE EFFICIENT DISCHARGE OF ALL RESPONSIBILITIES ASSIGNED BY LAW OR DIRECTIVE TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY; AND**

(g) **IN RECOGNITION OF THE POTENTIAL MEDICINAL VALUE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA, MAKE A REQUEST BY JANUARY 1, 2012, TO THE FEDERAL DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION TO CONSIDER RESCHEDULING, FOR PHARMACEUTICAL PURPOSES, MEDICAL MARIJUANA FROM A SCHEDULE I CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE TO A SCHEDULE II CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE.**

(2) (a) **RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (b) OF SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION MAY INCLUDE, BUT NEED NOT BE LIMITED TO, THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS:**

(i) **COMPLIANCE WITH, ENFORCEMENT OF, OR VIOLATION OF ANY PROVISION OF THIS ARTICLE, OR ANY RULE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, INCLUDING PROCEDURES AND GROUNDS FOR DENYING, SUSPENDING, FINING, Restricting, OR REVOKING A STATE LICENSE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE;**

(II) **SPECIFICATIONS OF DUTIES OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY;**

(III) **INSTRUCTIONS FOR LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES AND LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS;**

(IV) **REQUIREMENTS FOR INSPECTIONS, INVESTIGATIONS, SEARCHES, SEIZURES, AND SUCH ADDITIONAL ACTIVITIES AS MAY BECOME NECESSARY FROM TIME TO TIME;**

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(V) Creation of a range of penalties for use by the state licensing authority;

(VI) Prohibition of misrepresentation and unfair practices;

(VII) Control of informational and product displays on licensed premises;

(VIII) Development of individual identification cards for owners, officers, managers, contractors, employees, and other support staff of entities licensed pursuant to this article, including a fingerprint-based criminal history record check as may be required by the state licensing authority prior to issuing a card;

(IX) Identification of state licensees and their owners, officers, managers, and employees;

(X) Security requirements for any premises licensed pursuant to this article, including, at a minimum, lighting, physical security, video, alarm requirements, and other minimum procedures for internal control as deemed necessary by the state licensing authority to properly administer and enforce the provisions of this article, including reporting requirements for changes, alterations, or modifications to the premises;

(XI) Regulation of the storage of, warehouses for, and transportation of medical marijuana;

(XII) Sanitary requirements for medical marijuana centers, including but not limited to sanitary requirements for the preparation of medical marijuana-infused products;

(XIII) The specification of acceptable forms of picture identification that a medical marijuana center may accept when verifying a sale;

(XIV) Labeling standards;

(XV) Records to be kept by licensees and the required
AVAILABILITY OF THE RECORDS;

(XVI) STATE LICENSING PROCEDURES, INCLUDING PROCEDURES FOR RENEWALS, REINSTATEMENTS, INITIAL LICENSES, AND THE PAYMENT OF LICENSING FEES;

(XVII) THE REPORTING AND TRANSMITTAL OF MONTHLY SALES TAX PAYMENTS BY MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTERS;

(XVIII) AUTHORIZATION FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE TO HAVE ACCESS TO LICENSING INFORMATION TO ENSURE SALES AND INCOME TAX PAYMENT AND THE EFFECTIVE ADMINISTRATION OF THIS ARTICLE;

(XIX) AUTHORIZATION FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE TO ISSUE ADMINISTRATIVE CITATIONS AND PROCEDURES FOR ISSUING, APPEALING AND CREATING A CITATION VIOLATION LIST AND SCHEDULE OF PENALTIES; AND

(XX) SUCH OTHER MATTERS AS ARE NECESSARY FOR THE FAIR, IMPARTIAL, STRINGENT, AND COMPREHENSIVE ADMINISTRATION OF THIS ARTICLE.

(b) NOTHING IN THIS ARTICLE SHALL BE CONSTRUED AS DELEGATING TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY THE POWER TO FIX PRICES FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA.

(c) NOTHING IN THIS ARTICLE SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO LIMIT A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY’S ABILITY TO INVESTIGATE UNLAWFUL ACTIVITY IN RELATION TO A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER, OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION OPERATION, OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER. A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO RUN A COLORADO CRIME INFORMATION CENTER CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK OF A PRIMARY CAREGIVER, LICENSEE, OR EMPLOYEE OF A LICENSEE DURING AN INVESTIGATION OF UNLAWFUL ACTIVITY RELATED TO MEDICAL MARIJUANA.

PART 3
STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING

12-43.3-301. Local licensing authority - applications - licenses.
(1) A local licensing authority may issue only the following
MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSES UPON PAYMENT OF THE FEE AND COMPLIANCE WITH ALL LOCAL LICENSING REQUIREMENTS TO BE DETERMINED BY THE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY:

(a) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER LICENSE;

(b) AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION LICENSE;

(c) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS MANUFACTURING LICENSE.

(2) (a) A LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL NOT ISSUE A LOCAL LICENSE WITHIN A MUNICIPALITY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR THE UNINCORPORATED PORTION OF A COUNTY UNLESS THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE MUNICIPALITY OR CITY AND COUNTY HAS ADOPTED AN ORDINANCE, OR THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE COUNTY HAS ADOPTED A RESOLUTION, CONTAINING SPECIFIC STANDARDS FOR LICENSE ISSUANCE, OR IF NO SUCH ORDINANCE OR RESOLUTION IS ADOPTED PRIOR TO JULY 1, 2011, THEN A LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL CONSIDER THE MINIMUM LICENSING REQUIREMENTS OF THIS PART 3 WHEN ISSUING A LICENSE.

(b) IN ADDITION TO ALL OTHER STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO THE ISSUANCE OF LICENSES UNDER THIS ARTICLE, THE LOCAL GOVERNING BODY MAY ADOPT ADDITIONAL STANDARDS FOR THE ISSUANCE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER, OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION, OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER LICENSES CONSISTENT WITH THE INTENT OF THIS ARTICLE THAT MAY INCLUDE, BUT NEED NOT BE LIMITED TO:

(I) DISTANCE RESTRICTIONS BETWEEN PREMISES FOR WHICH LOCAL LICENSES ARE ISSUED;

(II) REASONABLE RESTRICTIONS ON THE SIZE OF AN APPLICANT’S LICENSED PREMISES; AND

(III) ANY OTHER REQUIREMENTS NECESSARY TO ENSURE THE CONTROL OF THE PREMISES AND THE EASE OF ENFORCEMENT OF THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE LICENSE.

(3) AN APPLICATION FOR A LICENSE SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF
THIS SECTION SHALL BE FILED WITH THE APPROPRIATE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY ON FORMS PROVIDED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY AND SHALL CONTAIN SUCH INFORMATION AS THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE AND ANY FORMS AS THE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY REQUIRE. EACH APPLICATION SHALL BE VERIFIED BY THE OATH OR AFFIRMATION OF THE PERSONS PRESCRIBED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY.

(4) An applicant shall file at the time of application for a local license plans and specifications for the interior of the building if the building to be occupied is in existence at the time. If the building is not in existence, the applicant shall file a plot plan and a detailed sketch for the interior and submit an architect's drawing of the building to be constructed. In its discretion, the local or state licensing authority may impose additional requirements necessary for the approval of the application.

12-43.3-302. Public hearing notice - posting and publication.
(1) Upon receipt of an application for a local license, except an application for renewal or for transfer of ownership, a local licensing authority may schedule a public hearing upon the application to be held not less than thirty days after the date of the application. If the local licensing authority schedules a hearing for a medical marijuana center application, it shall post and publish public notice thereof not less than ten days prior to the hearing. The local licensing authority shall give public notice by the posting of a sign in a conspicuous place on the medical marijuana center premises for which application has been made and by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the medical marijuana center premises are located.

(2) Public notice given by posting shall include a sign of suitable material, not less than twenty-two inches wide and twenty-six inches high, composed of letters not less than one inch in height and stating the type of license applied for, the date of the application, the date of the hearing, the name and address of the applicant, and such other information as may be required to fully apprise the public of the nature of the application. The sign
SHALL CONTAIN THE NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF THE OFFICERS, DIRECTORS, OR MANAGER OF THE FACILITY TO BE LICENSED.

(3) Public notice given by publication shall contain the same information as that required for signs.

(4) If the building in which medical marijuana is to be sold is in existence at the time of the application, a sign posted as required in subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall be placed so as to be conspicuous and plainly visible to the general public. If the building is not constructed at the time of the application, the applicant shall post a sign at the premises upon which the building is to be constructed in such a manner that the notice shall be conspicuous and plainly visible to the general public.

(5) (a) A local licensing authority, or a license applicant with local licensing authority approval, may request that the state licensing authority conduct a concurrent review of a new license application prior to the local licensing authority's final approval of the license application. Local licensing authorities who permit a concurrent review will continue to independently review the applicant's license application.

(b) When conducting a concurrent application review, the state licensing authority may advise the local licensing authority of any items that it finds that could result in the denial of the license application. Upon correction of the noted discrepancies if the correction is permitted by the state licensing authority, the state licensing authority shall notify the local licensing authority of its conditional approval of the license application subject to the final approval by the local licensing authority. The state licensing authority shall then issue the applicant's state license upon receiving evidence of final approval by the local licensing authority.

(c) All applications submitted for concurrent review shall be accompanied by all applicable state license and application fees. Any applications that are later denied or withdrawn may allow for a refund of license fees only. All application fees provided by an applicant shall be retained by the respective
Licensing Authority.

12-43.3-303. Results of investigation - decision of authorities. (1) Not less than five days prior to the date of the public hearing authorized in section 12-43.3-302, the local licensing authority shall make known its findings, based on its investigation, in writing to the applicant and other parties of interest. The local licensing authority has authority to refuse to issue a license provided for in this section for good cause, subject to judicial review.

(2) Before entering a decision approving or denying the application for a local license, the local licensing authority may consider, except where this article specifically provides otherwise, the facts and evidence adduced as a result of its investigation, as well as any other facts pertinent to the type of license for which application has been made, including the number, type, and availability of medical marijuana outlets located in or near the premises under consideration, and any other pertinent matters affecting the qualifications of the applicant for the conduct of the type of business proposed.

(3) Within thirty days after the public hearing or completion of the application investigation, a local licensing authority shall issue its decision approving or denying an application for local licensure. The decision shall be in writing and shall state the reasons for the decision. The local licensing authority shall send a copy of the decision by certified mail to the applicant at the address shown in the application.

(4) After approval of an application, a local licensing authority shall not issue a local license until the building in which the business to be conducted is ready for occupancy with such furniture, fixtures, and equipment in place as are necessary to comply with the applicable provisions of this article, and then only after the local licensing authority has inspected the premises to determine that the applicant has complied with the architect's drawing and the plot plan and detailed sketch for the interior of the building submitted with the application.

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(5) After approval of an application for local licensure, the local licensing authority shall notify the state licensing authority of such approval, who shall investigate and either approve or disapprove the application for state licensure.

12-43.3-304. Medical marijuana license bond. (1) Before the state licensing authority issues a state license to an applicant, the applicant shall procure and file with the state licensing authority evidence of a good and sufficient bond in the amount of five thousand dollars with corporate surety thereon duly licensed to do business with the state, approved as to form by the attorney general of the state, and conditioned that the applicant shall report and pay all sales and use taxes due to the state, or for which the state is the collector or collecting agent, in a timely manner, as provided in law.

(2) A corporate surety shall not be required to make payments to the state claiming under such bond until a final determination of failure to pay taxes due to the state has been made by the state licensing authority or a court of competent jurisdiction.

(3) All bonds required pursuant to this section shall be renewed at such time as the bondholder’s license is renewed. The renewal may be accomplished through a continuation certificate issued by the surety.

12-43.3-305. State licensing authority - application and issuance procedures. (1) Applications for a state license under the provisions of this article shall be made to the state licensing authority on forms prepared and furnished by the state licensing authority and shall set forth such information as the state licensing authority may require to enable the state licensing authority to determine whether a state license should be granted. The information shall include the name and address of the applicant, the names and addresses of the officers, directors, or managers, and all other information deemed necessary by the state licensing authority. Each application shall be verified by the oath or affirmation of such person or persons as the state licensing authority may prescribe.
(2) The state licensing authority shall not issue a state license pursuant to this section until the local licensing authority has approved the application for a local license and issued a local license as provided for in sections 12-43.3-301 to 12-43.3-303.

(3) Nothing in this article shall preempt or otherwise impair the power of a local government to enact ordinances or resolutions concerning matters authorized to local governments.

12-43.3-306. Denial of application. (1) The state licensing authority shall deny a state license if the premises on which the applicant proposes to conduct its business do not meet the requirements of this article or for reasons set forth in section 12-43.3-104 (1) (c) or 12-43.3-305.

(2) If the state licensing authority denies a state license pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, the applicant shall be entitled to a hearing pursuant to article 4 of title 24, C.R.S. The state licensing authority shall provide written notice of the grounds for denial of the state license to the applicant and to the local licensing authority at least fifteen days prior to the hearing.

12-43.3-307. Persons prohibited as licensees. (1) (a) A license provided by this article shall not be issued to or held by:

(I) A person until the annual fee therefore has been paid;

(II) A person whose criminal history indicates that he or she is not of good moral character;

(III) A corporation, if the criminal history of any of its officers, directors, or stockholders indicates that the officer, director, or stockholder is not of good moral character;

(IV) A licensed physician making patient recommendations;

(V) A person employing, assisted by, or financed in whole or
IN PART BY ANY OTHER PERSON WHOSE CRIMINAL HISTORY INDICATES HE OR SHE IS NOT OF GOOD CHARACTER AND REPUTATION SATISFACTORY TO THE RESPECTIVE LICENSING AUTHORITY;

(VI) A PERSON UNDER TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE;

(VII) A PERSON LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE WHO, DURING A PERIOD OF LICENSURE, OR WHO, AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION, HAS FAILED TO:

(A) PROVIDE A SURETY BOND OR FILE ANY TAX RETURN WITH A TAXING AGENCY;

(B) PAY ANY TAXES, INTEREST, OR PENALTIES DUE;

(C) PAY ANY JUDGMENTS DUE TO A GOVERNMENT AGENCY;

(D) STAY OUT OF DEFAULT ON A GOVERNMENT-ISSUED STUDENT LOAN.

(E) PAY CHILD SUPPORT; OR

(F) REMEDY AN OUTSTANDING DELINQUENCY FOR TAXES OWED, AN OUTSTANDING DELINQUENCY FOR JUDGMENTS OWED TO A GOVERNMENT AGENCY, OR AN OUTSTANDING DELINQUENCY FOR CHILD SUPPORT.

(VIII) A PERSON WHO HAS DISCHARGED A SENTENCE IN THE FIVE YEARS IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE APPLICATION DATE FOR A CONVICTION OF A FELONY OR A PERSON WHO AT ANY TIME HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF A FELONY PURSUANT TO ANY STATE OR FEDERAL LAW REGARDING THE POSSESSION, DISTRIBUTION, OR USE OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE.

(IX) A PERSON WHO EMPLOYED ANOTHER PERSON AT A MEDICAL MARIJUANA FACILITY WHO HAS NOT PASSED A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK;

(X) A SHERIFF, DEPUTY SHERIFF, POLICE OFFICER, OR PROSECUTING OFFICER, OR AN OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE OF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OR A LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY;

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(XI) A person whose authority to be a primary caregiver as defined in section 25-1.5-106 (2) has been revoked by the State Health Agency;

(XII) A person for a license for a location that is currently licensed as a retail food establishment or wholesale food registrant; or

(XIII) A person who has not been a resident of Colorado for at least two years prior to the date of the person’s application; except that for a person who submits an application for licensure pursuant to this article by December 15, 2010, this requirement shall not apply to that person if the person was a resident of the state of Colorado on December 15, 2009.

(2) (a) In investigating the qualifications of an applicant or a licensee, the state licensing authority may have access to criminal history record information furnished by a criminal justice agency subject to any restrictions imposed by such agency. In the event the state licensing authority considers the applicant’s criminal history record, the state licensing authority shall also consider any information provided by the applicant regarding such criminal history record, including but not limited to evidence of rehabilitation, character references, and educational achievements, especially those items pertaining to the period of time between the applicant’s last criminal conviction and the consideration of the application for a state license.

(b) As used in paragraph (a) of this subsection (2), "criminal justice agency" means any federal, state, or municipal court or any governmental agency or subunit of such agency that administers criminal justice pursuant to a statute or executive order and that allocates a substantial part of its annual budget to the administration of criminal justice.

(c) At the time of filing an application for issuance or renewal of a state medical marijuana center license, medical marijuana-infused product manufacturer license, or optional premises cultivation license, an applicant shall submit a set of his or her fingerprints and file personal history information
CONCERNING THE APPLICANT’S QUALIFICATIONS FOR A STATE LICENSE ON FORMS PREPARED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL SUBMIT THE FINGERPRINTS TO THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONDUCTING FINGERPRINT-BASED CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECKS. THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION SHALL FORWARD THE FINGERPRINTS TO THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONDUCTING FINGERPRINT-BASED CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECKS. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY ACQUIRE A NAME-BASED CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK FOR AN APPLICANT OR A LICENSE HOLDER WHO HAS TWICE SUBMITTED TO A FINGERPRINT-BASED CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK AND WHOSE FINGERPRINTS ARE UNCLASSIFIABLE. AN APPLICANT WHO HAS PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED FINGERPRINTS FOR STATE LICENSING PURPOSES MAY REQUEST THAT THE FINGERPRINTS ON FILE BE USED. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL USE THE INFORMATION RESULTING FROM THE FINGERPRINT-BASED CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK TO INVESTIGATE AND DETERMINE WHETHER AN APPLICANT IS QUALIFIED TO HOLD A STATE LICENSE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY VERIFY ANY OF THE INFORMATION AN APPLICANT IS REQUIRED TO SUBMIT.

12-43.3-308. Restrictions for applications for new licenses. (1) The state or a local licensing authority shall not receive or act upon an application for the issuance of a state or local license pursuant to this article:

(a) If the application for a state or local license concerns a particular location that is the same as or within one thousand feet of a location for which, within the two years immediately preceding the date of the application, the state or a local licensing authority denied an application for the same class of license due to the nature of the use or other concern related to the location;

(b) Until it is established that the applicant is, or will be, entitled to possession of the premises for which application is made under a lease, rental agreement, or other arrangement for possession of the premises or by virtue of ownership of the premises;
(c) For a location in an area where the cultivation, manufacture, and sale of medical marijuana as contemplated is not permitted under the applicable zoning laws of the municipality, city and county, or county;

(d) (I) If the building in which medical marijuana is to be sold is located within one thousand feet of a school, an alcohol or drug treatment facility, or the principal campus of a college, university, or seminary, or a residential child care facility. The provisions of this section shall not affect the renewal or re-issuance of a license once granted or apply to licensed premises located or to be located on land owned by a municipality, nor shall the provisions of this section apply to an existing licensed premises on land owned by the state, or apply to a license in effect and actively doing business before said principal campus was constructed. The local licensing authority of a city and county, by rule or regulation, the governing body of a municipality, by ordinance, and the governing body of a county, by resolution, may vary the distance restrictions imposed by this subparagraph (I) for a license or may eliminate one or more types of schools, campuses, or facilities from the application of a distance restriction established by or pursuant to this subparagraph (I).

(II) The distances referred to in this paragraph (d) are to be computed by direct measurement from the nearest property line of the land used for a school or campus to the nearest portion of the building in which medical marijuana is to be sold, using a route of direct pedestrian access.

(III) In addition to the requirements of section 12-43.3-303 (2), the local licensing authority shall consider the evidence and make a specific finding of fact as to whether the building in which the medical marijuana is to be sold is located within any distance restrictions established by or pursuant to this paragraph (d).

12-43.3-309. Transfer of ownership. (1) A state or local license granted under the provisions of this article shall not be transferable except as provided in this section, but this section shall not prevent a change of location as provided in section 12-43.3-310 (13).

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(2) For a transfer of ownership, a license holder shall apply to the state and local licensing authorities on forms prepared and furnished by the state licensing authority. In determining whether to permit a transfer of ownership, the state and local licensing authorities shall consider only the requirements of this article, any rules promulgated by the state licensing authority, and any other local restrictions. The local licensing authority may hold a hearing on the application for transfer of ownership. The local licensing authority shall not hold a hearing pursuant to this subsection (2) until the local licensing authority has posted a notice of hearing in the manner described in section 12-43.3-302 (2) on the licensed medical marijuana center premises for a period of ten days and has provided notice of the hearing to the applicant at least ten days prior to the hearing. Any transfer of ownership hearing by the state licensing authority shall be held in compliance with the requirements specified in section 12-43.3-302.

12-43.3-310. Licensing in general. (1) This article authorizes a county, municipality, or city and county to prohibit the operation of medical marijuana centers, optional premises cultivation operations, and medical marijuana-infused products manufacturers' licenses and to enact reasonable regulations or other restrictions applicable to medical marijuana centers, optional premises cultivation licenses, and medical marijuana-infused products manufacturers' licenses based on local government zoning, health, safety, and public welfare laws for the distribution of medical marijuana that are more restrictive than this article.

(2) A medical marijuana center, optional premises cultivation operation, or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturer may not operate until it has been licensed by the local licensing authority and the state licensing authority pursuant to this article. In connection with a license, the applicant shall provide a complete and accurate list of all owners, officers, and employees who work at, manage, own, or are otherwise associated with the operation and shall provide a complete and accurate application as required by the state licensing authority.

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(3) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER, OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION OPERATION, OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER SHALL NOTIFY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY IN WRITING WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER AN OWNER, OFFICER, OR EMPLOYEE CEASES TO WORK AT, MANAGE, OWN, OR OTHERWISE BE ASSOCIATED WITH THE OPERATION. THE OWNER, OFFICER, OR EMPLOYEE SHALL SURRENDER HIS OR HER IDENTIFICATION CARD TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY ON OR BEFORE THE DATE OF THE NOTIFICATION.

(4) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER, OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION OPERATION, OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER SHALL NOTIFY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY IN WRITING OF THE NAME, ADDRESS, AND DATE OF BIRTH OF AN OWNER, OFFICER, MANAGER, OR EMPLOYEE BEFORE THE NEW OWNER, OFFICER, OR EMPLOYEE BEGINS WORKING AT, MANAGING, OWNING, OR BEING ASSOCIATED WITH THE OPERATION. THE OWNER, OFFICER, MANAGER, OR EMPLOYEE SHALL PASS A FINGERPRINT-BASED CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK AS REQUIRED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY AND OBTAIN THE REQUIRED IDENTIFICATION PRIOR TO BEING ASSOCIATED WITH, MANAGING, OWNING, OR WORKING AT THE OPERATION.

(5) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER, OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION OPERATION, OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER SHALL NOT ACQUIRE, POSSESS, CULTIVATE, DELIVER, TRANSFER, TRANSPORT, SUPPLY, OR DISPENSE MARIJUANA FOR ANY PURPOSE EXCEPT TO ASSIST PATIENTS, AS DEFINED BY SECTION 14(1) OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION.

(6) ALL OWNERS, OFFICERS, MANAGERS, AND EMPLOYEES OF A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER, OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION OPERATION, OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS MANUFACTURER SHALL BE RESIDENTS OF COLORADO. A LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL NOT ISSUE A LICENSE PROVIDED FOR IN THIS ARTICLE UNTIL THAT SHARE OF THE LICENSE APPLICATION FEE DUE TO THE STATE HAS BEEN RECEIVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE. ALL LICENSES GRANTED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE SHALL BE VALID FOR A PERIOD NOT TO EXCEED TWO YEARS FROM THE DATE OF ISSUANCE UNLESS REVOKED OR SUSPENDED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE OR THE RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE.
(7) Before granting a local or state license, the respective licensing authority may consider, except where this article specifically provides otherwise, the requirements of this article and any rules promulgated pursuant to this article, and all other reasonable restrictions that are or may be placed upon the licensee by the licensing authority. With respect to a second or additional license for the same licensee or the same owner of another licensed business pursuant to this article, each licensing authority shall consider the effect on competition of granting or denying the additional licenses to such licensee and shall not approve an application for a second or additional license that would have the effect of restraining competition.

(8) (a) Each license issued under this article is separate and distinct. It is unlawful for a person to exercise any of the privileges granted under a license other than the license that the person holds or for a licensee to allow any other person to exercise the privileges granted under the licensee’s license. A separate license shall be required for each specific business or business entity and each geographical location.

(b) At all times, a licensee shall possess and maintain possession of the premises or optional premises for which the license is issued by ownership, lease, rental, or other arrangement for possession of the premises.

(9) (a) The licenses provided pursuant to this article shall specify the date of issuance, the period of licensure, the name of the licensee, and the premises or optional premises licensed. The licensee shall conspicuously place the license at all times on the licensed premises or optional premises.

(b) A local licensing authority shall not transfer location of or renew a license to sell medical marijuana until the applicant for the license produces a license issued and granted by the state licensing authority covering the whole period for which a license or license renewal is sought.

(10) In computing any period of time prescribed by this article, the day of the act, event, or default from which the
DESIGNATED PERIOD OF TIME BEGINS TO RUN SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED. SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS, AND LEGAL HOLIDAYS SHALL BE COUNTED AS ANY OTHER DAY.

(11) A LICENSEE SHALL REPORT EACH TRANSFER OR CHANGE OF FINANCIAL INTEREST IN THE LICENSE TO THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES, THIRTY DAYS PRIOR TO ANY TRANSFER OR CHANGE PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-43.3-309. A REPORT SHALL BE REQUIRED FOR TRANSFERS OF CAPITAL STOCK OF ANY CORPORATION REGARDLESS OF SIZE.

(12) EACH LICENSEE SHALL MANAGE THE LICENSED PREMISES HIMSELF OR HERSELF OR EMPLOY A SEPARATE AND DISTINCT MANAGER ON THE PREMISES AND SHALL REPORT THE NAME OF THE MANAGER TO THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES. THE LICENSEE SHALL REPORT ANY CHANGE IN MANAGER TO THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES THIRTY DAYS PRIOR TO THE CHANGE PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-43.3-309.

(13) (a) A LICENSEE MAY MOVE HIS OR HER PERMANENT LOCATION TO ANY OTHER PLACE IN THE SAME MUNICIPALITY OR CITY AND COUNTY FOR WHICH THE LICENSE WAS ORIGINALLY GRANTED, OR IN THE SAME COUNTY IF THE LICENSE WAS GRANTED FOR A PLACE OUTSIDE THE CORPORATE LIMITS OF A MUNICIPALITY OR CITY AND COUNTY, BUT IT SHALL BE UNLAWFUL TO CULTIVATE, MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTE OR SELL MEDICAL MARIJUANA AT ANY SUCH PLACE UNTIL PERMISSION TO DO SO IS GRANTED BY THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES PROVIDED FOR IN THIS ARTICLE.

(b) IN PERMITTING A CHANGE OF LOCATION, THE STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES SHALL CONSIDER ALL REASONABLE RESTRICTIONS THAT ARE OR MAY BE PLACED UPON THE NEW LOCATION BY THE GOVERNING BOARD OR LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY OF THE MUNICIPALITY, CITY AND COUNTY, OR COUNTY AND ANY SUCH CHANGE IN LOCATION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL REQUIREMENTS OF THIS ARTICLE AND RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE.

(14) THE LOCATION OF AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION OPERATION AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 12-43.3-403 SHALL BE A CONFIDENTIAL RECORD AND SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM THE COLORADO OPEN RECORDS ACT. STATE AND LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITIES SHALL KEEP THE LOCATION OF AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION OPERATION
CONFIDENTIAL AND SHALL REDACT THE LOCATION FROM ALL PUBLIC RECORDS. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF LAW TO THE CONTRARY, A STATE OR LOCAL LICENSING AGENCY MAY SHARE INFORMATION REGARDING THE LOCATION OF AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION OPERATION WITH A PEACE OFFICER OR A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.

12-43.3-311. License renewal. (1) Ninety days prior to the expiration date of an existing license, the state licensing authority shall notify the licensee of the expiration date by first class mail at the licensee’s address of record with the state licensing authority. A licensee shall apply for the renewal of an existing license to the local licensing authority not less than forty-five days and to the state licensing authority not less than thirty days prior to the date of expiration. A local licensing authority shall not accept an application for renewal of a license after the date of expiration, except as provided in subsection (2) of this section. The state licensing authority may extend the expiration date of the license and accept a late application for renewal of a license provided that the applicant has filed a timely renewal application with the local licensing authority. All renewals filed with the local licensing authority and subsequently approved by the local licensing authority shall next be processed by the state licensing authority. The state or the local licensing authority, in its discretion, subject to the requirements of this subsection (1) and subsection (2) of this section and based upon reasonable grounds, may waive the forty-five-day or thirty-day time requirements set forth in this subsection (1). The local licensing authority may hold a hearing on the application for renewal only if the licensee has had complaints filed against it, has a history of violations, or there are allegations against the licensee that would constitute good cause. The local licensing authority shall not hold a renewal hearing provided for by this subsection (1) for a medical marijuana center until it has posted a notice of hearing on the licensed medical marijuana center premises in the manner described in section 12-43.3-302 (2) for a period of ten days and provided notice to the applicant at least ten days prior to the hearing. The local licensing authority may refuse to renew any license for good cause, subject to judicial review.
(2) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, a licensee whose license has been expired for not more than ninety days may file a late renewal application upon the payment of a nonrefundable late application fee of five hundred dollars to the local licensing authority. A licensee who files a late renewal application and pays the requisite fees may continue to operate until both the state and local licensing authorities have taken final action to approve or deny the licensee's late renewal application unless the state or local licensing authority summarily suspends the license pursuant to Article 4 of Title 24, C.R.S., this article, and rules promulgated pursuant to this article.

(b) The state and local licensing authorities may not accept a late renewal application more than ninety days after the expiration of a licensee's permanent annual license. A licensee whose permanent annual license has been expired for more than ninety days shall not cultivate, manufacture, distribute, or sell any medical marijuana until all required licenses have been obtained.

(c) Notwithstanding the amount specified for the late application fee in paragraph (a) of this subsection (2), the state licensing authority by rule or as otherwise provided by law may reduce the amount of the fee if necessary pursuant to section 24-75-402 (3), C.R.S., by reducing the uncommitted reserves of the fund to which all or any portion of the fee is credited. After the uncommitted reserves of the fund are sufficiently reduced, the state licensing authority by rule or as otherwise provided by law may increase the amount of the fee as provided in section 24-75-402 (4), C.R.S.

12-43.3-312. Inactive licenses. The state or local licensing authority, in its discretion, may revoke or elect not to renew any license if it determines that the licensed premises have been inactive, without good cause, for at least one year.

12-43.3-313. Unlawful financial assistance. (1) The state licensing authority, by rule and regulation, shall require a complete disclosure of all persons having a direct or indirect
FINANCIAL INTEREST, AND THE EXTENT OF SUCH INTEREST, IN EACH LICENSE
ISSUED UNDER THIS ARTICLE.

(2) A PERSON SHALL NOT HAVE AN UNREPORTED FINANCIAL
INTEREST IN A LICENSE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE UNLESS THAT PERSON
HAS UNDERGONE A FINGERPRINT-BASED CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK
AS PROVIDED FOR BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY IN ITS RULES;
EXCEPT THAT THIS SUBSECTION (2) SHALL NOT APPLY TO BANKS, SAVINGS
AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS, OR INDUSTRIAL BANKS SUPERVISED AND
REGULATED BY AN AGENCY OF THE STATE OR FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, OR TO
FHA-APPROVED MORTGAGEES, OR TO STOCKHOLDERS, DIRECTORS, OR
OFFICERS THEREOF.

(3) THIS SECTION IS INTENDED TO PROHIBIT AND PREVENT THE
CONTROL OF THE OUTLETS FOR THE SALE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA BY A
PERSON OR PARTY OTHER THAN THE PERSONS LICENSED PURSUANT TO THE
PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE.

PART 4
LICENSE TYPES

12-43.3-401. Classes of licenses. (1) FOR THE PURPOSE OF
REGULATING THE CULTIVATION, MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTION, AND SALE
OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY IN ITS
DISCRETION, UPON APPLICATION IN THE PRESCRIBED FORM MADE TO IT, MAY
ISSUE AND GRANT TO THE APPLICANT A LICENSE FROM ANY OF THE
FOLLOWING CLASSES, SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS AND RESTRICTIONS
PROVIDED BY THIS ARTICLE:

(a) Medical marijuana center license;

(b) Optional premises cultivation license;

(c) Medical marijuana-infused products manufacturing
license; and

(d) Occupational licenses and registrations for owners,
managers, operators, employees, contractors, and other support
staff employed by, working in, or having access to restricted
areas of the licensed premises, as determined by the state
licensing authority. The state licensing authority may take any
action with respect to a registration pursuant to this article as
it may with respect to a license pursuant to this article, in
accordance with the procedures established pursuant to this
article.

(2) All persons licensed pursuant to this article shall
collect sales tax on all sales made pursuant to the licensing
activities.

(3) A state chartered bank or a credit union may loan
money to any person licensed pursuant to this article for the
operation of a licensed business.

12-43.3-402. Medical marijuana center license. (1) A medical
marijuana center license shall be issued only to a person selling
medical marijuana pursuant to the terms and conditions of this
article.

(2) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a
medical marijuana center licensee may also sell medical
marijuana-infused products that are prepackaged and labeled so
as to clearly indicate all of the following:

(I) That the product contains medical marijuana;

(II) That the product is manufactured without any
regulatory oversight for health, safety, or efficacy; and

(III) That there may be health risks associated with the
consumption or use of the product.

(b) A medical marijuana licensee may contract with a
medical marijuana-infused products manufacturing licensee for
the manufacture of medical marijuana-infused products upon a
medical marijuana-infused products manufacturing licensee's
licensed premises.

(3) Every person selling medical marijuana as provided for
in this article shall sell only medical marijuana grown in its

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MEDICAL MARIJUANA OPTIONAL PREMISES LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE. THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION (3) SHALL NOT APPLY TO MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS.

(4) NOTWITHSTANDING THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION TO THE CONTRARY, A MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSEE MAY PURCHASE NOT MORE THAN THIRTY PERCENT OF ITS TOTAL ON-HAND INVENTORY OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA FROM ANOTHER LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER IN COLORADO. A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER MAY SELL NO MORE THAN THIRTY PERCENT OF ITS TOTAL ON-HAND INVENTORY TO ANOTHER COLORADO LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSEE.

(5) PRIOR TO INITIATING A SALE, THE EMPLOYEE OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER MAKING THE SALE SHALL VERIFY THAT THE PURCHASER HAS A VALID REGISTRATION CARD ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 25-1.5-106, C.R.S., AND A VALID PICTURE IDENTIFICATION CARD THAT MATCHES THE NAME ON THE REGISTRATION CARD.

(6) A LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER MAY PROVIDE A SMALL AMOUNT OF ITS MEDICAL MARIJUANA FOR TESTING TO A LABORATORY THAT IS LICENSED PURSUANT TO THE OCCUPATIONAL LICENSING RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-43.3-202 (2) (a) (IV).

(7) ALL MEDICAL MARIJUANA SOLD AT A LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER SHALL BE LABELED WITH A LIST OF ALL CHEMICAL ADDITIVES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO NONORGANIC PESTICIDES, HERBICIDES, AND FERTILIZERS, THAT WERE USED IN THE CULTIVATION AND THE PRODUCTION OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA.

(8) A LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE 34 OF TITLE 24, C.R.S., AS THE PROVISIONS RELATE TO PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES.

12-43.3-403. Optional premises cultivation license. An optional premises cultivation license may be issued only to a person licensed pursuant to section 12-43.3-402 (1) or 12-43.3-404 (1) who grows and cultivates medical marijuana at an additional Colorado licensed premises contiguous or not contiguous with the licensed premises of the person's medical marijuana center license or the person's medical marijuana-infused products
MANUFACTURING LICENSE.

12-43.3-404. Medical marijuana-infused products manufacturing license. (1) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS MANUFACTURING LICENSE MAY BE ISSUED TO A PERSON WHO MANUFACTURES MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS, PURSUANT TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THIS ARTICLE.

(2) MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS SHALL BE PREPARED ON A LICENSED PREMISES THAT IS USED EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE MANUFACTURE AND PREPARATION OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS AND USING EQUIPMENT THAT IS USED EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE MANUFACTURE AND PREPARATION OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS.

(3) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS LICENSEE SHALL HAVE A WRITTEN AGREEMENT OR CONTRACT WITH A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER LICENSEE, WHICH CONTRACT SHALL AT A MINIMUM SET FORTH THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA OBTAINED FROM A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER LICENSEE TO BE USED IN THE MANUFACTURING PROCESS, AND THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS TO BE MANUFACTURED FROM THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA OBTAINED FROM THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER. A MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS LICENSEE SHALL NOT USE MEDICAL MARIJUANA FROM MORE THAN FIVE DIFFERENT MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTERS IN THE PRODUCTION OF ONE MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCT. THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS MANUFACTURING LICENSEE MAY SELL ITS PRODUCTS TO ANY LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER.

(4) ALL LICENSED PREMISES ON WHICH MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS ARE MANUFACTURED SHALL MEET THE SANITARY STANDARDS FOR MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCT PREPARATION PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-43.3-202 (2) (a) (XII).

(5) THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCT SHALL BE SEALED AND CONSPICUOUSLY LABELED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THIS ARTICLE AND ANY RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE.

(6) MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS MAY NOT BE
CONSUMED ON A PREMISES LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE.

(7) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF STATE LAW, SALES OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS SHALL NOT BE EXEMPT FROM STATE OR LOCAL SALES TAX.

(8) A MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS LICENSEE THAT HAS AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION LICENSE SHALL NOT SELL ANY OF THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA THAT IT CULTIVATES.

PART 5
FEES

12-43.3-501. Medical marijuana license cash fund. (1) All moneys collected by the state licensing authority pursuant to this article shall be transmitted to the state treasurer, who shall credit the same to the medical marijuana license cash fund, which fund is hereby created and referred to in this section as the "fund". The moneys in the fund shall be subject to annual appropriation by the general assembly to the department of revenue for the direct and indirect costs associated with implementing this article. Any moneys in the fund not expended for the purpose of this article may be invested by the state treasurer as provided by law. All interest and income derived from the investment and deposit of moneys in the fund shall be credited to the fund. Any unexpended and unencumbered moneys remaining in the fund at the end of a fiscal year shall remain in the fund and shall not be credited or transferred to the general fund or another fund.

(2) The executive director of the department of revenue by rule or as otherwise provided by law may reduce the amount of one or more of the fees if necessary pursuant to section 24-75-402 (3), C.R.S., to reduce the uncommitted reserves of the fund to which all or any portion of one or more of the fees is credited. After the uncommitted reserves of the fund are sufficiently reduced, the executive director by rule or as otherwise provided by law may increase the amount of one or more of the fees as provided in section 24-75-402 (4), C.R.S.

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(3) (a) The state licensing authority shall establish fees for processing the following types of applications, licenses, notices, or reports required to be submitted to the state licensing authority:

(I) Applications for licenses listed in section 12-43.3-401 and rules promulgated pursuant to that section;

(II) Applications to change location pursuant to section 12-43.3-310 and rules promulgated pursuant to that section;

(III) Applications for transfer of ownership pursuant to section 12-43.3-310 and rules promulgated pursuant to that section;

(IV) License renewal and expired license renewal applications pursuant to section 12-43.3-311; and

(V) Licenses as listed in section 12-43.3-401.

(b) The amounts of such fees, when added to the other fees transferred to the fund pursuant to this section shall reflect the actual direct and indirect costs of the state licensing authority in the administration and enforcement of this article so that the fees avoid exceeding the statutory limit on uncommitted reserves in administrative agency cash funds as set forth in section 24-75-402 (3), C.R.S.

(c) The state licensing authority may charge applicants licensed under this article a fee for the cost of each fingerprint analysis and background investigation undertaken to qualify new officers, directors, managers, or employees.

(d) At least annually, the state licensing authority shall review the amounts of the fees and, if necessary, adjust the amounts to reflect the direct and indirect costs of the state licensing authority.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, the state licensing authority shall establish a basic fee that shall be
PAID AT THE TIME OF SERVICE OF ANY SUBPOENA UPON THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY, PLUS A FEE FOR MEALS AND A FEE FOR MILEAGE AT THE RATE PRESCRIBED FOR STATE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES IN SECTION 24-9-104, C.R.S., FOR EACH MILE ACTUALLY AND NECESSARILY TRAVELED IN GOING TO AND RETURNING FROM THE PLACE NAMED IN THE SUBPOENA. IF THE PERSON NAMED IN THE SUBPOENA IS REQUIRED TO ATTEND THE PLACE NAMED IN THE SUBPOENA FOR MORE THAN ONE DAY, THERE SHALL BE PAID, IN ADVANCE, A SUM TO BE ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY FOR EACH DAY OF ATTENDANCE TO COVER THE EXPENSES OF THE PERSON NAMED IN THE SUBPOENA.

(4) The subpoena fee established pursuant to subsection (3) of this section shall not be applicable to any federal, state or local governmental agency.

12-43.3-502. Fees - allocation. (1) Except as otherwise provided, all fees and fines provided for by this article shall be paid to the department of revenue, which shall transmit the fees to the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall credit the fees to the medical marijuana license cash fund created in section 12-43.3-501.

(2) The expenditures of the state licensing authority shall be paid out of appropriations from medical marijuana license cash fund created in section 12-43.3-501.

12-43.3-503. Local license fees. (1) Each application for a local license provided for in this article filed with a local licensing authority shall be accompanied by an application fee in an amount determined by the local licensing authority.

(2) License fees as determined by the local licensing authority shall be paid to the treasurer of the municipality, city and county, or county where the licensed premises is located in advance of the approval, denial, or renewal of the license.

PART 6
DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS

12-43.3-601. Suspension - revocation - fines. (1) In addition to
ANY OTHER SANCTIONS PRESCRIBED BY THIS ARTICLE OR RULES PROMULGED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OR A LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY HAS THE POWER, ON ITS OWN MOTION OR ON COMPLAINT, AFTER INVESTIGATION AND OPPORTUNITY FOR A PUBLIC HEARING AT WHICH THE LICENSEE SHALL BE AFFORDED AN OPPORTUNITY TO BE HEARD, TO SUSPEND OR REVOKE A LICENSE ISSUED BY THE RESPECTIVE AUTHORITY FOR A VIOLATION BY THE LICENSEE OR BY ANY OF THE AGENTS OR EMPLOYEES OF THE LICENSEE OF THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE, OR ANY OF THE RULES PROMULGATED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, OR OF ANY OF THE TERMS, CONDITIONS, OR PROVISIONS OF THE LICENSE ISSUED BY THE STATE OR LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY. THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY OR A LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY HAS THE POWER TO ADMINISTER OATHS AND ISSUE SUBPOENAS TO REQUIRE THE PRESENCE OF PERSONS AND THE PRODUCTION OF PAPERS, BOOKS, AND RECORDS NECESSARY TO THE DETERMINATION OF A HEARING THAT THE STATE OR LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY IS AUTHORIZED TO CONDUCT.

(2) THE STATE OR LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE OF SUSPENSION, REVOCATION, FINE, OR OTHER SANCTION, AS WELL AS THE REQUIRED NOTICE OF THE HEARING PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION, BY MAILING THE SAME IN WRITING TO THE LICENSEE AT THE ADDRESS CONTAINED IN THE LICENSE. EXCEPT IN THE CASE OF A SUMMARY SUSPENSION, A SUSPENSION SHALL NOT BE FOR A LONGER PERIOD THAN SIX MONTHS. IF A LICENSE IS SUSPENDED OR REVOKED, A PART OF THE FEES PAID THEREFORE SHALL NOT BE RETURNED TO THE LICENSEE. ANY LICENSE OR PERMIT MAY BE SUMMARILY SUSPENDED BY THE ISSUING LICENSING AUTHORITY WITHOUT NOTICE PENDING ANY PROSECUTION, INVESTIGATION, OR PUBLIC HEARING PURSUANT TO THE TERMS OF SECTION 24-4-104 (4), C.R.S. NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHALL PREVENT THE SUMMARY SUSPENSION OF A LICENSE PURSUANT TO SECTION 24-4-104 (4), C.R.S. EACH PATIENT REGISTERED WITH A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER THAT HAS HAD ITS LICENSE SUMMARILY SUSPENDED MAY IMMEDIATELY TRANSFER HIS OR HER PRIMARY CENTER TO ANOTHER LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER.

(3)(a) WHenever a decision of the state licensing authority or a local licensing authority suspending a license for fourteen days or less becomes final, the licensee may, before the operative date of the suspension, petition for permission to pay a fine in lieu of having the license suspended for all or part of the suspension period. Upon the receipt of the petition, the state or local
LICENSING AUTHORITY MAY, IN ITS SOLE DISCRETION, STAY THE PROPOSED SUSPENSION AND CAUSE ANY INVESTIGATION TO BE MADE WHICH IT DEEMS DESIRABLE AND MAY, IN ITS SOLE DISCRETION, GRANT THE PETITION IF THE STATE OR LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY IS SATISFIED THAT:

(I) THE PUBLIC WELFARE AND MORALS WOULD NOT BE IMPAIRED BY PERMITTING THE LICENSEE TO Operate DURING THE PERIOD SET FOR SUSPENSION AND THAT THE PAYMENT OF THE FINE WILL ACHIEVE THE DESIRED DISCIPLINARY PURPOSES;

(II) THE BOOKS AND RECORDS OF THE LICENSEE ARE KEPT IN SUCH A MANNER THAT THE LOSS OF SALES THAT THE LICENSEE WOULD HAVE SUFFERED HAD THE SUSPENSION GONE INTO EFFECT CAN BE DETERMINED WITH REASONABLE ACCURACY; AND

(III) THE LICENSEE HAS NOT HAD HIS OR HER LICENSE SUSPENDED OR REVOKED, NOR HAD ANY SUSPENSION STAYED BY PAYMENT OF A FINE, DURING THE TWO YEARS IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING THE DATE OF THE MOTION OR COMPLAINT THAT RESULTED IN A FINAL DECISION TO SUSPEND THE LICENSE OR PERMIT.

(b) THE FINE ACCEPTED SHALL BE NOT LESS THAN FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS NOR MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.

(c) PAYMENT OF A FINE PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION (3) SHALL BE IN THE FORM OF CASH OR IN THE FORM OF A CERTIFIED CHECK OR CASHIER'S CHECK MADE PAYABLE TO THE STATE OR LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY, WHICHEVER IS APPROPRIATE.

(4) UPON PAYMENT OF THE FINE PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION, THE STATE OR LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY SHALL ENTER ITS FURTHER ORDER PERMANENTLY STAYING THE IMPOSITION OF THE SUSPENSION. IF THE FINE IS PAID TO A LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY, THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE AUTHORITY SHALL CAUSE THE MONEYS TO BE PAID INTO THE GENERAL FUND OF THE LOCAL LICENSING AUTHORITY. FINES PAID TO THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE TRANSMITTED TO THE STATE TREASURER WHO SHALL CREDIT THE SAME TO THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSE CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 12-43.3-501.
(5) In connection with a petition pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, the authority of the state or local licensing authority is limited to the granting of such stays as are necessary for the authority to complete its investigation and make its findings and, if the authority makes such findings, to the granting of an order permanently staying the imposition of the entire suspension or that portion of the suspension not otherwise conditionally stayed.

(6) If the state or local licensing authority does not make the findings required in paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of this section and does not order the suspension permanently stayed, the suspension shall go into effect on the operative date finally set by the state or local licensing authority.

(7) Each local licensing authority shall report all actions taken to impose fines, suspensions, and revocations to the state licensing authority in a manner required by the state licensing authority. No later than January 15 of each year, the state licensing authority shall compile a report of the preceding year's actions in which fines, suspensions, or revocations were imposed by local licensing authorities and by the state licensing authority. The state licensing authority shall file one copy of the report with the chief clerk of the house of representatives, one copy with the secretary of the senate, and six copies in the joint legislative library.

PART 7
INSPECTION OF BOOKS AND RECORDS

12-43.3-701. Inspection procedures. (1) Each licensee shall keep a complete set of all records necessary to show fully the business transactions of the licensee, all of which shall be open at all times during business hours for the inspection and examination of the state licensing authority or its duly authorized representatives. The state licensing authority may require any licensee to furnish such information as it considers necessary for the proper administration of this article and may require an audit to be made of the books of account and records on such occasions as it may consider necessary by an auditor to be
SELECTED BY THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY WHO SHALL LIKewise HAVE ACCESS TO ALL BOOKS AND RECORDS OF THE LICENSEE, AND THE EXPENSE THEREOF SHALL BE PAID BY THE LICENSEE.

(2) The licensed premises, including any places of storage where medical marijuana is grown, stored, cultivated, sold, or dispensed, shall be subject to inspection by the state or local licensing authorities and their investigators, during all business hours and other times of apparent activity, for the purpose of inspection or investigation. For examination of any inventory or books and records required to be kept by the licensees, access shall be required during business hours. Where any part of the licensed premises consists of a locked area, upon demand to the licensee, such area shall be made available for inspection without delay, and, upon request by authorized representatives of the state or local licensing authority, the licensee shall open the area for inspection.

(3) Each licensee shall retain all books and records necessary to show fully the business transactions of the licensee for a period of the current tax year and the three immediately prior tax years.

PART 8
JUDICIAL REVIEW

12-43.3-801. Judicial review. Decisions by the state licensing authority or a local licensing authority shall be subject to judicial review pursuant to section 24-4-106, C.R.S.

PART 9
UNLAWFUL ACTS - ENFORCEMENT

12-43.3-901. Unlawful acts - exceptions. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this article, it is unlawful for a person:

(a) To consume medical marijuana in a licensed medical marijuana center, and it shall be unlawful for a medical marijuana licensee to allow medical marijuana to be consumed upon its licensed premises;
(b) WITH KNOWLEDGE, TO PERMIT OR FAIL TO PREVENT THE USE OF HIS OR HER REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION BY ANY OTHER PERSON FOR THE UNLAWFUL PURCHASING OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA; OR

(c) TO CONTINUE OPERATING A BUSINESS FOR THE PURPOSE OF CULTIVATION, MANUFACTURE, OR SALE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS WITHOUT FILING THE FORMS AND PAYING THE FEE AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 12-43.3-103 (1) (b).

(d) TO CONTINUE OPERATING A BUSINESS FOR THE PURPOSE OF CULTIVATION, MANUFACTURE, OR SALE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA-INFUSED PRODUCTS WITHOUT SATISFYING THE CONDITIONS OF SECTION 12-43.3-103 (2) (b).

(2) IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR A PERSON TO BUY, SELL, TRANSFER, GIVE AWAY, OR ACQUIRE MEDICAL MARIJUANA EXCEPT AS ALLOWED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE.

(3) IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR A PERSON LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE:

(a) TO BE WITHIN A LIMITED-ACCESS AREA UNLESS THE PERSON'S LICENSE BADGE IS DISPLAYED AS REQUIRED BY THIS ARTICLE, EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 12-43.3-701;

(b) TO FAIL TO DESIGNATE AREAS OF INGRESS AND EGRESS FOR LIMITED-ACCESS AREAS AND POST SIGNS IN CONSPICUOUS LOCATIONS AS REQUIRED BY THIS ARTICLE;

(c) TO FAIL TO REPORT A TRANSFER REQUIRED BY SECTION 12-43.3-310 (11); OR

(d) TO FAIL TO REPORT THE NAME OF OR A CHANGE IN MANAGERS AS REQUIRED BY SECTION 12-43.3-310 (12).

(4) IT IS UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON LICENSED TO SELL MEDICAL MARIJUANA PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE:

(a) TO DISPLAY ANY SIGNS THAT ARE INCONSISTENT WITH LOCAL LAWS OR REGULATIONS;

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(b) To use advertising material that is misleading, deceptive, or false, or that is designed to appeal to minors;

(c) To provide public premises, or any portion thereof, for the purpose of consumption of medical marijuana in any form;

(d)(I) To sell medical marijuana to a person not licensed pursuant to this article or to a person not able to produce a valid patient registry identification card. Notwithstanding any provision in this subparagraph (I) to the contrary, a person under twenty-one years of age shall not be employed to sell or dispense medical marijuana at a medical marijuana center or grow or cultivate medical marijuana at an optional premises cultivation operation.

(II) If a licensee or a licensee's employee has reasonable cause to believe that a person is exhibiting a fraudulent patient registry identification card in an attempt to obtain medical marijuana, the licensee or employee shall be authorized to confiscate the fraudulent patient registry identification card, if possible, and shall, within seventy-two hours after the confiscation, turn it over to the state health department or local law enforcement agency. The failure to confiscate the fraudulent patient registry identification card or to turn it over to the state health department or a state or local law enforcement agency within seventy-two hours after the confiscation shall not constitute a criminal offense.

(e) To possess more than six medical marijuana plants and two ounces of medical marijuana for each patient who has registered the center as his or her primary center pursuant to section 25-1.5-106 (6) (f), C.R.S.; except that a medical marijuana center may have an amount that exceeds the six-plant and two-ounce product per patient limit if the center sells to patients that are authorized to have more than six plants and two ounces of product. In the case of a patient authorized to exceed the six-plant and two-ounce limit, the center shall obtain documentation from the patient's physician that the patient needs more than six plants and two ounces of product.
(f) To offer for sale or solicit an order for medical marijuana in person except within the licensed premises;

(g) To have in possession or upon the licensed premises any medical marijuana, the sale of which is not permitted by the license;

(h) To buy medical marijuana from a person not licensed to sell as provided by this article;

(i) To sell medical marijuana except in the permanent location specifically designated in the license for sale;

(j) To have on the licensed premises any medical marijuana or marijuana paraphernalia that shows evidence of the medical marijuana having been consumed or partially consumed;

(k) To require a medical marijuana center or medical marijuana center with an optional premises cultivation license to make delivery to any premises other than the specific licensed premises where the medical marijuana is to be sold; or

(l) To sell, serve, or distribute medical marijuana at any time other than between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m. Monday through Sunday.

(m) To violate the provisions of section 6-2-103 or 6-2-105, C.R.S.

(5) Except as provided in sections 12-43.3-402(4), 12-43.3-403, and 12-43.3-404, it is unlawful for a medical marijuana center, medical marijuana-infused products manufacturing operation with an optional premises cultivation license, or medical marijuana center with an optional premises cultivation license to sell, deliver, or cause to be delivered to a licensee any medical marijuana not grown upon its licensed premises, or for a licensee or medical marijuana center with an optional premises cultivation license or medical marijuana-infused products manufacturing operation with an optional premises cultivation license to sell, possess, or permit sale of medical marijuana not grown upon its
LICENSED PREMISES. A VIOLATION OF THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBSECTION (5) BY A LICENSEE SHALL BE GROUNDS FOR THE IMMEDIATE REVOCATION OF THE LICENSE GRANTED UNDER THIS ARTICLE.

(6) IT SHALL BE UNLAWFUL FOR A PHYSICIAN WHO MAKES PATIENT REFERRALS TO A LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER TO RECEIVE ANYTHING OF VALUE FROM THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER LICENSEE OR ITS AGENTS, SERVANTS, OFFICERS, OR OWNERS OR ANYONE FINANCIALLY INTERESTED IN THE LICENSEE, AND IT SHALL BE UNLAWFUL FOR A LICENSEE LICENSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE TO OFFER ANYTHING OF VALUE TO A PHYSICIAN FOR MAKING PATIENT REFERRALS TO THE LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER.

(7) A PERSON WHO COMMITS ANY ACTS THAT ARE UNLAWFUL PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION COMMITS A CLASS 2 MISDEMEANOR AND SHALL BE PUNISHED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 18-1.3-501, C.R.S.; EXCEPT FOR VIOLATIONS THAT WOULD ALSO CONSTITUTE A VIOLATION OF TITLE 18, C.R.S., WHICH VIOLATION SHALL BE CHARGED AND PROSECUTED PURSUANT TO TITLE 18, C.R.S.

PART 10
SUNSET REVIEW

12-43.3-1001. Sunset review - article repeal. (1) THIS ARTICLE IS REPEALED, EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2015.

(2) PRIOR TO THE REPEAL OF THIS ARTICLE, THE DEPARTMENT OF REGULATORY AGENCIES SHALL CONDUCT A SUNSET REVIEW AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 24-34-104 (8), C.R.S.

SECTION 2. 25-1.5-106, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

25-1.5-106. Medical marijuana program - powers and duties of the state health agency - repeal. (1) Legislative declaration. (a) THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY HEREBY DECLARES THAT IT IS NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT RULES TO ENSURE THAT PATIENTS SUFFERING FROM LEGITIMATE DEBILITATING MEDICAL CONDITIONS ARE ABLE TO SAFELY GAIN ACCESS TO MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND TO ENSURE THAT THESE PATIENTS:

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(I) Are not subject to criminal prosecution for their use of medical marijuana in accordance with section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, this section, and the rules of the state health agency; and

(II) Are able to establish an affirmative defense to their use of medical marijuana in accordance with section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, this section, and the rules of the state health agency.

(b) The general assembly hereby declares that it is necessary to implement rules to prevent persons who do not suffer from legitimate debilitating medical conditions from using section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution as a means to sell, acquire, possess, produce, use, or transport marijuana in violation of state and federal laws.

(2) Definitions. In addition to the definitions set forth in section 14(1) of article XVIII of the state constitution, as used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires, "primary caregiver" means a natural person, other than the patient or the patient's physician, who is eighteen years of age or older and has significant responsibility for managing the well-being of a patient who has a debilitating medical condition.

(3) Rule-making. (a) The department shall, pursuant to section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, promulgate rules of administration concerning the implementation of the medical marijuana program established by such section and that specifically govern the following:

(a) (I) The establishment and maintenance of a confidential registry of patients who have applied for and are entitled to receive a registry identification card;

(b) (II) The development by the department of an application form and making such form available to residents of this state seeking to be listed on the confidential registry of patients who are entitled to receive a registry identification card;

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(c) (III) The verification by the department of medical information concerning patients who have applied for a confidential registry card;

(d) (IV) The issuance and form of confidential registry identification cards;

(e) (V) Communications with law enforcement officials about confidential registry identification cards that have been suspended where a patient is no longer diagnosed as having a debilitating medical condition; and

(f) (VI) The manner in which the department may consider adding debilitating medical conditions to the list of debilitating medical conditions contained in section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution; AND

(VII) A WAIVER PROCESS TO ALLOW A HOMEBOUND PATIENT WHO IS ON THE REGISTRY TO HAVE A PRIMARY CAREGIVER TRANSPORT THE PATIENT'S MEDICAL MARIJUANA FROM A LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER TO THE PATIENT.

(b) THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY MAY PROMULGATE RULES REGARDING THE FOLLOWING:

(I) WHAT CONSTITUTES "SIGNIFICANT RESPONSIBILITY FOR MANAGING THE WELL-BEING OF A PATIENT"; EXCEPT THAT THE ACT OF SUPPLYING MEDICAL MARIJUANA OR MARIJUANA PARAPHERNALIA, BY ITSELF, IS INSUFFICIENT TO CONSTITUTE "SIGNIFICANT RESPONSIBILITY FOR MANAGING THE WELL-BEING OF A PATIENT";

(II) THE DEVELOPMENT OF A FORM FOR A PRIMARY CAREGIVER TO USE IN APPLYING TO THE REGISTRY, WHICH FORM SHALL REQUIRE, AT A MINIMUM, THAT THE APPLICANT PROVIDE HIS OR HER FULL NAME, HOME ADDRESS, DATE OF BIRTH, AND AN ATTESTATION THAT THE APPLICANT HAS A SIGNIFICANT RESPONSIBILITY FOR MANAGING THE WELL-BEING OF THE PATIENT FOR WHOM HE OR SHE IS DESIGNATED AS THE PRIMARY CAREGIVER AND THAT HE OR SHE UNDERSTANDS AND WILL ABIDE BY SECTION 14 OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION, THIS SECTION, AND THE RULES PROMULGATED BY THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION;
(III) The development of a form that constitutes "written documentation", as defined and used in section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, which form a physician shall use when making a medical marijuana recommendation for a patient; and

(IV) The grounds and procedure for a patient to change his or her designated primary caregiver.

(c) (I) The state health agency shall conduct a public review hearing with the department of revenue by September 1, 2010, to receive public input on any emergency rules adopted by the state health agency and be provided with an update from the industry, caregivers, patients, and other stakeholders regarding the industry's current status. The state health agency shall provide at least five business days' notice prior to the hearing.

(II) This paragraph (c) is repealed, effective July 1, 2011.

(4) Notwithstanding any other requirements to the contrary, notice issued by the state health agency for a rulemaking hearing pursuant to section 24-4-103, C.R.S., for rules concerning the medical marijuana program shall be sufficient if the state health agency provides the notice no later than forty-five days in advance of the rulemaking hearing in at least one publication in a newspaper of general distribution in the state and posts the notice on the state health agency's web site; except that emergency rules pursuant to section 24-4-103 (6), C.R.S., shall not require advance notice.

(5) Primary caregivers. (a) A primary caregiver may not delegate to any other person his or her authority to provide medical marijuana to a patient nor may a primary caregiver engage others to assist in providing medical marijuana to a patient.

(b) Two or more primary caregivers shall not join together for the purpose of cultivating medical marijuana.

(c) Only a medical marijuana center with an optional premises cultivation license, a medical marijuana-infused
PRODUCTS MANUFACTURING OPERATION WITH AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION LICENSE, OR A PRIMARY CAREGIVER FOR HIS OR HER PATIENTS OR A PATIENT FOR HIMSELF OR HERSELF MAY CULTIVATE OR PROVIDE MARIJUANA AND ONLY FOR MEDICAL USE.

(d) A PRIMARY CAREGIVER SHALL PROVIDE TO A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, UPON INQUIRY, THE REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD NUMBER OF EACH OF HIS OR HER PATIENTS. THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY SHALL MAINTAIN A REGISTRY OF THIS INFORMATION AND MAKE IT AVAILABLE TWENTY-FOUR HOURS PER DAY AND SEVEN DAYS A WEEK TO LAW ENFORCEMENT FOR VERIFICATION PURPOSES. UPON INQUIRY BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER AS TO AN INDIVIDUAL'S STATUS AS A PATIENT OR PRIMARY CAREGIVER, THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY SHALL CHECK THE REGISTRY. IF THE INDIVIDUAL IS NOT REGISTERED AS A PATIENT OR PRIMARY CAREGIVER, THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY MAY PROVIDE THAT RESPONSE TO LAW ENFORCEMENT. IF THE PERSON IS A REGISTERED PATIENT OR PRIMARY CAREGIVER, THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY MAY NOT RELEASE INFORMATION UNLESS CONSISTENT WITH SECTION 14 OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION. THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY MAY PROMULGATE RULES TO PROVIDE FOR THE EFFICIENT ADMINISTRATION OF THIS PARAGRAPH (d).

(6) **Patient - primary caregiver relationship.** (a) A PERSON SHALL BE LISTED AS A PRIMARY CAREGIVER FOR NO MORE THAN FIVE PATIENTS ON THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA PROGRAM REGISTRY AT ANY GIVEN TIME; EXCEPT THAT THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY MAY ALLOW A PRIMARY CAREGIVER TO SERVE MORE THAN FIVE PATIENTS IN EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES. IN DETERMINING WHETHER EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES EXIST, THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY MAY CONSIDER THE PROXIMITY OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTERS TO THE PATIENT. A PRIMARY CAREGIVER SHALL MAINTAIN A LIST OF HIS OR HER PATIENTS INCLUDING THE REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD NUMBER OF EACH PATIENT AT ALL TIMES.

(b) A PATIENT SHALL HAVE ONLY ONE PRIMARY CAREGIVER AT ANY GIVEN TIME.

(c) A PATIENT WHO HAS DESIGNATED A PRIMARY CAREGIVER FOR HIMSELF OR HERSELF MAY NOT BE DESIGNATED AS A PRIMARY CAREGIVER FOR ANOTHER PATIENT.

(d) A PRIMARY CAREGIVER MAY NOT CHARGE A PATIENT MORE THAN
THE COST OF CULTIVATING OR PURCHASING THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA, BUT MAY CHARGE FOR CAREGIVER SERVICES.

(e)(1) THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY SHALL MAINTAIN A SECURE AND CONFIDENTIAL REGISTRY OF AVAILABLE PRIMARY CAREGIVERS FOR THOSE PATIENTS WHO ARE UNABLE TO SECURE THE SERVICES OF A PRIMARY CAREGIVER.

(II) AN EXISTING PRIMARY CAREGIVER MAY INDICATE AT THE TIME OF REGISTRATION WHETHER HE OR SHE WOULD BE WILLING TO HANDLE ADDITIONAL PATIENTS AND WAIVE CONFIDENTIALITY TO ALLOW RELEASE OF HIS OR HER CONTACT INFORMATION TO PHYSICIANS OR REGISTERED PATIENTS ONLY.

(III) AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS NOT REGISTERED BUT IS WILLING TO PROVIDE PRIMARY CAREGIVING SERVICES MAY SUBMIT HIS OR HER CONTACT INFORMATION TO BE PLACED ON THE PRIMARY CAREGIVER REGISTRY.

(IV) A PATIENT-PRIMARY CAREGIVER ARRANGEMENT SECURED PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH (e) SHALL BE STRICTLY BETWEEN THE PATIENT AND THE POTENTIAL PRIMARY CAREGIVER. THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY, BY PROVIDING THE INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THIS PARAGRAPH (e), SHALL NOT ENDORSE OR VOUCH FOR A PRIMARY CAREGIVER.

(V) THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY MAY MAKE AN EXCEPTION, BASED ON A REQUEST FROM A PATIENT, TO PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (6) LIMITING PRIMARY CAREGIVERS TO FIVE PATIENTS. IF THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY MAKES AN EXCEPTION TO THE LIMIT, THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY SHALL NOTE THE EXCEPTION ON THE PRIMARY CAREGIVER'S RECORD IN THE REGISTRY.

(f) AT THE TIME A PATIENT APPLIES FOR INCLUSION ON THE CONFIDENTIAL REGISTRY, THE PATIENT SHALL INDICATE WHETHER THE PATIENT INTENDS TO CULTIVATE HIS OR HER OWN MEDICAL MARIJUANA, BOTH CULTIVATE HIS OR HER OWN MEDICAL MARIJUANA AND OBTAIN IT FROM EITHER A PRIMARY CAREGIVER OR LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER, OR INTENDS TO OBTAIN IT FROM EITHER A PRIMARY CAREGIVER OR A LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER. IF THE PATIENT ELECTS TO USE A LICENSED MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER, THE PATIENT SHALL REGISTER THE PRIMARY CENTER HE OR SHE INTENDS TO USE.
(7) Registry identification card required - denial - revocation - renewal. (a) To be considered in compliance with the provisions of section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, this section, and the rules of the state health agency, a patient or primary caregiver shall have his or her registry identification card in his or her possession at all times that he or she is in possession of any form of medical marijuana and produce the same upon request of a law enforcement officer to demonstrate that the patient or primary caregiver is not in violation of the law; except that, if more than thirty-five days have passed since the date the patient or primary caregiver filed his or her medical marijuana program application and the state health agency has not yet issued or denied a registry identification card, a copy of the patient's or primary caregiver's application along with proof of the date of submission shall be in the patient's or primary caregiver's possession at all times that he or she is in possession of any form of medical marijuana until the state health agency issues or denies the registry identification card. A person who violates section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, this section, or the rules promulgated by the state health agency may be subject to criminal prosecution for violations of section 18-18-406, C.R.S.

(b) The state health agency may deny a patient's or primary caregiver's application for a registry identification card or revoke the card if the state health agency, in accordance with article 4 of title 24, C.R.S., determines that the physician who diagnosed the patient's debilitating medical condition, the patient, or the primary caregiver violated section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, this section, or the rules promulgated by the state health agency pursuant to this section; except that, when a physician's violation is the basis for adverse action, the state health agency may only deny or revoke a patient's application or registry identification card when the physician's violation is related to the issuance of a medical marijuana recommendation.

(c) A patient or primary caregiver registry identification card shall be valid for one year and shall contain a unique identification number. It shall be the responsibility of the patient
OR PRIMARY CAREGIVER TO APPLY TO RENEW HIS OR HER REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD PRIOR TO THE DATE ON WHICH THE CARD EXPIRES. THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY SHALL DEVELOP A FORM FOR A PATIENT OR PRIMARY CAREGIVER TO USE IN RENEWING HIS OR HER REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD.

(d) IF THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY GRANTS A PATIENT A WAIVER TO ALLOW A PRIMARY CAREGIVER TO TRANSPORT THE PATIENT'S MEDICAL MARIJUANA FROM A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER TO THE PATIENT, THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY SHALL DESIGNATE THE WAIVER ON THE PATIENT'S REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD.

(e) A HOMEBOUND PATIENT WHO RECEIVES A WAIVER FROM THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY TO ALLOW A PRIMARY CAREGIVER TO TRANSPORT THE PATIENT'S MEDICAL MARIJUANA TO THE PATIENT FROM A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER SHALL PROVIDE THE PRIMARY CAREGIVER WITH THE PATIENT'S REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD, WHICH THE PRIMARY CAREGIVER SHALL CARRY WHEN THE PRIMARY CAREGIVER IS TRANSPORTING THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA. A MEDICAL MARIJUANA CENTER MAY PROVIDE THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA TO THE PRIMARY CAREGIVER FOR TRANSPORT TO THE PATIENT IF THE PRIMARY CAREGIVER PRODUCES THE PATIENT'S REGISTRY IDENTIFICATION CARD.

(8) **Use of medical marijuana.** (a) THE USE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA IS ALLOWED UNDER STATE LAW TO THE EXTENT THAT IT IS CARRIED OUT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 14 OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION, THIS SECTION, AND THE RULES OF THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY.

(b) A PATIENT OR PRIMARY CAREGIVER SHALL NOT:

(I) ENGAGE IN THE MEDICAL USE OF MARIJUANA IN A WAY THAT ENDANGERS THE HEALTH AND WELL-BEING OF A PERSON;

(II) ENGAGE IN THE MEDICAL USE OF MARIJUANA IN Plain VIEW OF OR IN A PLACE OPEN TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC;

(III) UNDERTAKE ANY TASK WHILE UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA, WHEN DOING SO WOULD CONSTITUTE NEGLIGENCE OR PROFESSIONAL MALPRACTICE;

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(IV) Possess medical marijuana or otherwise engage in the use of medical marijuana in or on the grounds of a school or in a school bus;

(V) Engage in the use of medical marijuana while:

(A) In a correctional facility or a community corrections facility;

(B) Subject to a sentence to incarceration; or

(C) In a vehicle, aircraft, or motorboat;

(VI) Operate, navigate, or be in actual physical control of any vehicle, aircraft, or motorboat while under the influence of medical marijuana; or

(VII) Use medical marijuana if the person does not have a debilitating medical condition as diagnosed by the person’s physician in the course of a bona fide physician-patient relationship and for which the physician has recommended the use of medical marijuana.

(c) A person shall not establish a business to permit patients to congregate and smoke or otherwise consume medical marijuana.

(9) Limit on cultivation of medical marijuana. Only registered patients, licensed primary caregivers, medical marijuana-infused products manufacturing operations with an optional premises cultivation license, and licensed medical marijuana centers with optional premises cultivation licenses may cultivate medical marijuana.

(10) Affirmative defense. If a patient or primary caregiver raises an affirmative defense as provided in section 14 (4) (b) of article XVIII of the state constitution, the patient’s physician shall certify the specific amounts in excess of two ounces that are necessary to address the patient’s debilitating medical condition and why such amounts are necessary. A patient who asserts this
AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE SHALL WAIVE CONFIDENTIALITY PRIVILEGES RELATED TO THE CONDITION OR CONDITIONS THAT WERE THE BASIS FOR THE RECOMMENDATION. IF A PATIENT, PRIMARY CAREGIVER, OR PHYSICIAN RAISES AN EXCEPTION TO THE STATE CRIMINAL LAWS AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 14 (2) (b) OR (c) OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION, THE PATIENT, PRIMARY CAREGIVER OR PHYSICIAN WAIVES THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF HIS OR HER RECORDS RELATED TO THE CONDITION OR CONDITIONS THAT WERE THE BASIS FOR THE RECOMMENDATION MAINTAINED BY THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY FOR THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA PROGRAM. UPON REQUEST OF A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY FOR SUCH RECORDS, THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY SHALL ONLY PROVIDE RECORDS PERTAINING TO THE INDIVIDUAL RAISING THE EXCEPTION, AND SHALL REDACT ALL OTHER PATIENT, PRIMARY CAREGIVER, OR PHYSICIAN IDENTIFYING INFORMATION.

(11) (a) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (b) OF THIS SUBSECTION (11), THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY SHALL ESTABLISH A BASIC FEE THAT SHALL BE PAID AT THE TIME OF SERVICE OF ANY SUBPOENA UPON THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY, PLUS A FEE FOR MEALS AND A FEE FOR MILEAGE AT THE RATE PRESCRIBED FOR STATE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES IN SECTION 24-9-104, C.R.S., FOR EACH MILE ACTUALLY AND NECESSARILY TRAVELED IN GOING TO AND RETURNING FROM THE PLACE NAMED IN THE SUBPOENA. IF THE PERSON NAMED IN THE SUBPOENA IS REQUIRED TO ATTEND THE PLACE NAMED IN THE SUBPOENA FOR MORE THAN ONE DAY, THERE SHALL BE PAID, IN ADVANCE, A SUM TO BE ESTABLISHED BY THE STATE HEALTH AGENCY FOR EACH DAY OF ATTENDANCE TO COVER THE EXPENSES OF THE PERSON NAMED IN THE SUBPOENA.

(b) THE SUBPOENA FEE ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (11) SHALL NOT BE APPLICABLE TO ANY FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL AGENCY.

(2)(12) FEES. The department STATE HEALTH AGENCY may collect fees from patients who, pursuant to section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution, apply to the medical marijuana program established by such section for a marijuana registry identification CARD for the purpose of offsetting the department's STATE HEALTH AGENCY's direct and indirect costs of administering the program. The amount of such the fees shall be set by rule of the state board of health STATE HEALTH AGENCY. THE AMOUNT OF THE FEES SET PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL REFLECT THE ACTUAL DIRECT AND INDIRECT COSTS OF THE STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY

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IN THE ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF THIS ARTICLE SO THAT THE FEES AVOID EXCEEDING THE STATUTORY LIMIT ON UNCOMMITTED RESERVES IN ADMINISTRATIVE AGENCY CASH FUNDS AS SET FORTH IN SECTION 24-75-402 (3), C.R.S. All fees collected by the department STATE HEALTH AGENCY through the medical marijuana program shall be transferred to the state treasurer who shall credit the same to the medical marijuana program cash fund, which fund is hereby created.

(3)(13) **Cash fund.** (a) The medical marijuana program cash fund shall be subject to annual appropriation by the general assembly to the department STATE HEALTH AGENCY for the purpose of establishing, operating, and maintaining the medical marijuana program. established by section 14 of article XVIII of the state constitution: All moneys credited to the medical marijuana program cash fund and all interest derived from the deposit of such moneys that are not expended during the fiscal year shall be retained in the fund for future use and shall not be credited or transferred to the general fund or any other fund.

(b) Notwithstanding any provision of paragraph (a) of this subsection (3) to the contrary, on April 20, 2009, the state treasurer shall deduct two hundred fifty-eight thousand seven hundred thirty-five dollars from the medical marijuana program cash fund and transfer such sum to the general fund:

**SECTION 3.** 25-5-403, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SUBSECTION to read:

**25-5-403. Offenses.** (3) The provisions of this section shall not apply to a medical marijuana center or a medical-marijuana-infused products manufacturer licensed pursuant to article 43.3 of title 12, C.R.S., that manufactures or sells a food product that contains medical marijuana so long as the food product is labeled as containing medical marijuana and the label specifies that the product is manufactured without any regulatory oversight for health, safety, or efficacy, and that there may be health risks associated with the consumption or use of the product.

**SECTION 4.** 16-2.5-121, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

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16-2.5-121. Executive director of the department of revenue - senior director of enforcement for the department of revenue. The executive director and the senior director of enforcement of the department of revenue are peace officers while engaged in the performance of their duties whose authority includes the enforcement of laws and rules regarding automobile dealers pursuant to section 12-6-105 (1) (d) (II), C.R.S., the lottery pursuant to sections 24-35-205 (3) and 24-35-206 (7), C.R.S., MEDICAL MARIJUANA PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 43.3 OF TITLE 12, C.R.S., limited gaming pursuant to section 12-47.1-204, C.R.S., liquor pursuant to section 12-47-904 (1), C.R.S., and racing events pursuant to section 12-60-203 (1), C.R.S., and the enforcement of all laws of the state of Colorado and who may be certified by the P.O.S.T. board.

SECTION 5. Part 1 of article 2.5 of title 16, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION to read:

16-2.5-124.5. Director of marijuana enforcement and medical marijuana enforcement investigator. A MEDICAL MARIJUANA ENFORCEMENT INVESTIGATOR IS A PEACE OFFICER WHILE ENGAGED IN THE PERFORMANCE OF HIS OR HER DUTIES AND WHILE ACTING UNDER PROPER ORDERS OR RULES PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 43.3 OF TITLE 12, C.R.S., AND SHALL ALSO INCLUDE THE ENFORCEMENT OF ALL LAWS OF THE STATE OF COLORADO AND WHO MAY BE CERTIFIED BY THE P.O.S.T. BOARD.

SECTION 6. 24-75-402 (5), Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW PARAGRAPH to read:

24-75-402. Cash funds - limit on uncommitted reserves - reduction in amount of fees - exclusions. (5) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, the following cash funds are excluded from the limitations specified in this section:

(z) THE MEDICAL MARIJUANA LICENSE CASH FUND CREATED IN SECTION 12-43.3-501, C.R.S.

SECTION 7. 39-26-102, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SUBSECTION to read:

39-26-102. Definitions. As used in this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

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(5.8) "Medical marijuana" shall have the same meaning as set forth in section 12-43.3-104 (7), C.R.S.

SECTION 8. 39-26-123 (1), Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended by the addition of a new paragraph to read:

39-26-123. Receipts - disposition - transfers of general fund surplus - sales tax holding fund - creation - definitions - repeal. (1) As used in this section, unless the context otherwise requires:

(a.5) "Sales taxes attributable to sales of medical marijuana" means the net revenue raised from the state sales taxes imposed pursuant to this article on the sales of medical marijuana.

SECTION 9. 39-26-123, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended by the addition of a new subsection to read:

39-26-123. Receipts - disposition - transfers of general fund surplus - sales tax holding fund - creation - definitions - repeal. (6) (a) For any state fiscal year commencing on or after July 1, 2010, the general assembly shall annually appropriate the first two million dollars of sales taxes attributable to sales of medical marijuana or equally appropriate the sales taxes attributable to sales of medical marijuana if two million dollars is not generated.

(b) (i) One half of the moneys described in paragraph (a) of this subsection (6) shall be appropriated to the department of human services to be used to provide integrated behavioral health services for juveniles and adults with substance use disorders and mental health treatment needs who are involved with, or at risk of involvement with, the criminal justice system. The moneys described in paragraph (a) of this subsection (6) shall be appropriated to the department of human services to be used to provide integrated behavioral health services for juveniles and adults with substance use disorders or with substance use disorders and mental health treatment needs who are involved with, or at risk of involvement with, the criminal justice system. The department shall ensure that appropriations in this line item
ARE DISTRIBUTED THROUGH THE DEPARTMENT'S DESIGNATED MANAGED SERVICE ORGANIZATIONS AND COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH CENTERS. THE APPROPRIATIONS SHALL BE BASED ON, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO SUBSTANCE USE AND MENTAL HEALTH PREVALENCE DATA THAT IS DEVELOPED WORKING COLLABORATIVELY WITH THE MANAGED SERVICES ORGANIZATIONS AND COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH CENTERS.

(II) ONE HALF OF THE MONEYS DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (a) OF THIS SUBSECTION (6) SHALL BE APPROPRIATED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH CARE POLICY AND FINANCING FOR SCREENING, BRIEF INTERVENTION, AND REFERRAL TO TREATMENT FOR INDIVIDUALS AT RISK OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE PURSUANT TO SECTION 25.5-5-202 (1) (u), C.R.S.

SECTION 10. 39-26-123, Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended by the addition of a new subsection to read:

39-26-123. Receipts - disposition - transfers of general fund surplus - sales tax holding fund - creation - definitions - repeal. (6) For any state fiscal year commencing on or after July 1, 2010, the General Assembly shall annually appropriate the first two million dollars of sales taxes attributable to sales taxes paid by persons or entities licensed by Article 43.3 of Title 12, C.R.S., or equally appropriate the sales taxes attributable to sales taxes paid by persons or entities licensed by Article 43.3 of Title 12, C.R.S., if less than two million dollars is generated. The moneys described in this subsection (6) shall be appropriated to the department of human services to be used to provide integrated behavioral health services for juveniles and adults with substance use disorders or with substance use disorders and mental health treatment needs who are involved with, or at risk of involvement with, the criminal justice system. The department shall ensure that appropriations in this line item are distributed through the department's designated managed service organizations and community mental health centers. The appropriations shall be based on, including but not limited to substance use and mental health prevalence data that is developed working collaboratively with the managed services organizations and community mental health centers.

SECTION 11. 25-14-203 (16), Colorado Revised Statutes, is
amended to read:

25-14-203. Definitions. As used in this part 2, unless the context otherwise requires:

(16) "Smoking" means the burning of a lighted cigarette, cigar, pipe, or any other matter or substance that contains tobacco OR MEDICAL MARIJUANA AS DEFINED BY SECTION 12-43.3-104 (7), C.R.S.

SECTION 12. 24-34-104 (46), Colorado Revised Statutes, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW PARAGRAPH to read:

24-34-104. General assembly review of regulatory agencies and functions for termination, continuation, or reestablishment. (46) The following agencies, functions, or both shall terminate on July 1, 2015:

(o) The regulation of persons licensed pursuant to article 43.3 of title 12, C.R.S.

SECTION 13. 24-72-202 (6) (b) (XI) and (6) (b) (XII), Colorado Revised Statutes, are amended, and the said 24-72-202 (6) (b) is further amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SUBPARAGRAPH, to read:

24-72-202. Definitions. As used in this part 2, unless the context otherwise requires:

(6) (b) "Public records" does not include:

(XI) Information security incident reports prepared pursuant to section 24-37.5-404 (2) (e) or 24-37.5-404.5 (2) (e); or

(XII) Information security audit and assessment reports prepared pursuant to section 24-37.5-403 (2) (d) or 24-37.5-404.5 (2) (d); OR

(XIII) STATE AND LOCAL APPLICATIONS AND LICENSES FOR AN OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION OPERATION AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 12-43.3-403, C.R.S., AND THE LOCATION OF THE OPTIONAL PREMISES CULTIVATION OPERATION.

SECTION 14. Part 7 of article 26 of title 39, Colorado Revised

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Statutes, is amended BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW SECTION to read:

39-26-726. Medical marijuana - debilitating conditions and ability to purchase. All sales of medical marijuana to a patient who is determined to be indigent for purposes of waiving the fee required by section 25-1.5-106, C.R.S. shall be exempt from taxation under part 1 of this article. If the patient is determined to be indigent the state health agency shall mark his or her registry identification card as such and the patient shall present the card to the licensed medical marijuana center to receive the tax exemption.

SECTION 15. Appropriation. (1) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the general fund not otherwise appropriated, to the department of human services, for allocation to mental health and alcohol and drug abuse services, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010, the sum of three hundred thirty-four thousand two hundred twenty-seven dollars ($334,227), or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the implementation of this act.

(2) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the medical marijuana license cash fund created in section 12-43.3-501 (1), Colorado Revised Statutes, not otherwise appropriated, to the department of revenue, for allocation to the enforcement business group, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010, the sum of ten million three hundred seventeen thousand five hundred eighty-three dollars ($10,317,583) cash funds and 110.0 FTE, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the implementation of this act.

(3) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby appropriated to the department of law, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010, the sum of two hundred seventy-one thousand three hundred sixty-eight dollars ($271,368) and 2.0 FTE, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the provision of legal services to the department of revenue related to the implementation of this act. Said sum shall be from reappropriated funds received from the department of revenue out of the appropriation made in subsection (2) of this section.

(4) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby appropriated to the department of public safety, Colorado bureau of
investigation, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010, the sum of two hundred sixty thousand seven hundred dollars ($260,700) and 1.2 FTE, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the provision of background checks to the department of revenue related to the implementation of this act. Said sum shall be from reappropriated funds received from the department of revenue out of the appropriation made in subsection (2) of this section.

(5) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the medical marijuana program cash fund created in section 25-1.5-106 (12), Colorado Revised Statutes, not otherwise appropriated, to the department of public health and environment, for allocation to the center for health and environmental education, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010, the sum of fifty-nine thousand seven hundred forty-seven dollars ($59,747) cash funds and 1.2 FTE, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the implementation of this act.

SECTION 16. Appropriation. (1) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the general fund not otherwise appropriated, to the department of human services, for allocation to mental health and alcohol and drug abuse services, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010, the sum of six hundred sixty-eight thousand four hundred fifty-four dollars ($668,454), or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the implementation of this act.

(2) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the medical marijuana license cash fund created in section 12-43.3-501 (1), Colorado Revised Statutes, not otherwise appropriated, to the department of revenue, for allocation to the enforcement business group, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010, the sum of ten million three hundred seventeen thousand five hundred eighty-three dollars ($10,317,583) cash funds and 110.0 FTE, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the implementation of this act.

(3) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby appropriated to the department of law, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010, the sum of two hundred seventy-one thousand three hundred sixty-eight dollars ($271,368) and 2.0 FTE, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the provision of legal services to the department of revenue related to the implementation of this act. Said sum shall be from
reappropriated funds received from the department of revenue out of the appropriation made in subsection (2) of this section.

(4) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby appropriated to the department of public safety, Colorado bureau of investigation, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010, the sum of two hundred sixty thousand seven hundred dollars ($260,700) and 1.2 FTE, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the provision of background checks to the department of revenue related to the implementation of this act. Said sum shall be from reappropriated funds received from the department of revenue out of the appropriation made in subsection (2) of this section.

(5) In addition to any other appropriation, there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the medical marijuana program cash fund created in section 25-1.5-106 (12), Colorado Revised Statutes, not otherwise appropriated, to the department of public health and environment, for allocation to the center for health and environmental education, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2010, the sum of fifty-nine thousand seven hundred forty-seven dollars ($59,747) cash funds and 1.2 FTE, or so much thereof as may be necessary, for the implementation of this act.

SECTION 17. Severability. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the act that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are declared to be severable.

SECTION 18. Specified effective date. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section, this act shall take effect July 1, 2010.

(2) (a) Sections 9 and 15 of this act shall take effect only if House Bill 10-1033 is enacted and becomes law and shall take effect upon the effective date of House Bill 10-1033.

(b) Sections 10 and 16 of this act shall take effect only if section 9 of this act does not take effect and does not become law.

SECTION 19. Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.

Terrance D. Carroll  Brandon C. Shaffer  
SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE  PRESIDENT OF  
OF REPRESENTATIVES  THE SENATE  

Marilyn Eddins  Karen Goldman  
CHIEF CLERK OF THE HOUSE  SECRETARY OF  
OF REPRESENTATIVES  THE SENATE  

APPROVED  
June 7, 2010 at 9:14 A.M.

Bill Ritter, Jr.  
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF COLORADO
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