

CML Special Conference

September -22-24, 2021 • Westminster, CO

0

Colorado's Transportation Transformation

Contents of this presentation reflects the view of the presenter, not of CML.





Colorado Greenhouse Gas Pollution Reduction Roadmap: The role of EVs

1-1-TI-L

hull I I I Knowledge

September 2021

Largest GHG Emissions Sources

2020 Largest Emissions Sources

- 1. Transportation
- 2. Electric power
- 3. Oil & Gas
- 4. Industry
- 5. Buildings





2020 CO GHG Emissions (MMT CO2e, AR5 100-yr GWP)

Near Term Actions: Transportation

Reduce pollution ~12.7 million tons by 2030

6 MMT reduction

Low and Zero Emission Vehicle rules

2 MMT Utility and public investment in fleet turnover and infrastructure for light-duty zero emission vehicles (SB19-077, electrification investments from SB21-260)

Collectively, the other strategies will target remaining 4.7 million tons

~4.7 MMT reduction	GHG Pollution Standards for transportation plans	In progress - CDOT TC Rulemaking - hearing 11/ 2021
	Incentivize land use to increase housing near jobs and reduce VMT and pollution	HB 21-1271, HB 21-1117; CDOT stakeholder process; interim affordable housing committee
	Clean trucking strategy - infrastructure, fleet incentives, consider regulatory tools such as advanced clean trucks and fleet rules	In progress - Study to be released October 2021 Stakeholder Engagement - Summer/Fall 2021; fleet investments from SB21-260
	Participate in developing post 2025 vehicle standards (state and federal)	Federal and CARB processes
	AQCC evaluation of indirect source rules	RAQC has convened committee to start developing proposals
C	Expansion of public transit, including setting the stage for Front Range Rail	In progress - SB21-238, SB 21-260, Main Streets investments, on-going multimodal emphasis



Transportation 2030 goal: 1 million light duty EVs

- Supported by existing policies + recent utility and public investment plans
- Key factor: federal infrastructure and budget reconciliation packages addressing EV tax credits, technology development, charging investments
- Achieving goal is now aligned with strategies of major automakers such as General Motors, Ford, Stellanti
- Biden admin has set target of

50% market share by 2030, setting stage for future rulemaking

- \$17.5 billion for EV charging in infrastructure package; reconciliation proposes \$12,000 tax credit (plus eBike credits)
- Achieving goal will reduce GHG approximately 2 million tons in 2030 beyond meeting existing LEV/ZEV standards
- EV Equity Study and 100% light duty ZEV study are both kicking off



Transportation: Electrification Investments (SB 21-260)



\$733 million of new fee revenue supports 3 new electrification and charging infrastructure Enterprises:

Charging Infrastructure & Electric Vehicle Equity

- New 'Community Access' Enterprise in Colorado Energy Office (CEO).
- Build charging infrastructure in communities across the State, and support electric vehicle and eBike adoption in low and moderate income communities.
- \$310 million investment
- Paired with existing CO EV
 Infrastructure Fund \$115
 million + potential federal \$

Fleet Electrification Incentives

- New 'Clean Fleet' Enterprise in CO Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE)
- Support fleet replacement (delivery trucks, TNCs, school buses, and other light/medium/heavy duty vehicles) with incentives to meet climate and air quality goals
- \$289 million investment

Public Transit Electrification

New enterprise in Colorado Department of Transportation (CDOT).

- Support electrification of public transit through electrification planning efforts, fleet replacement and associated charging infrastructure.
- \$134 million investment



Transportation: Utility Electrification Plans

- Xcel and Black Hills file plans every 3 years
- Xcel's first plan approved in January to invest roughly \$105 million over 3 years
 - 15% of budget on equity programs including \$5 million for income qualified EV rebates
 - Support for residential, workplace, and MFH charging

- \$2.2 million for electric school buses
- Black Hills first plan before the PUC for a final decision
- Two more full TEP cycles before 2030; statute allows scale of TEPs to increase as EV revenue increases, so may be significant investments



Post Model Year 2025 car standards



- In August, US EPA/US DOTissued proposed standards for MY 2023-2026; Biden EO calls for 50% ZEV by 2030
- Anticipate proposal for at least MY 2027-2030
- Clean Air Act (CAA) also allows CA to adopt standards; other states can stick with federal standard or opt in

- to CA standard using Section 177 of CAA; CARB developing proposal (Advanced Clean Cars II) for 100% ZEV new vehicles by 2035; adoption likely in late 2022
- State will provide input to both federal and CA processes, to maximize likelihood that one or the other will meet Colorado's needs







Medium and Heavy-Duty Vehicle Impacts

Medium- and Heavy-Duty Trucks - 23%

2018 US Transportation GHG Emissions by Source

Source: United States EPA



2020

Zero Emission Vehicle Phase-In

ZEVs are likely to be adopted in multiple "waves", but we need to prepare our policies and investments now in order to maximize the benefits in future years.



Clean Truck Strategy

- MJ Bradley analysis almost complete; release target is early October
- Stakeholder process mid October-Thanksgiving to take input on next steps
- SB 260 provides \$ for ZEV trucks, buses, school buses + charging and hydrogen fueling infrastructure
- Federal infrastructure

package + reconciliation include significant investments

 Regulatory options to consider include Advanced Clean Trucks, NOx omnibus rule, and fleet ZEV adoption rules







Will Toor, Executive Director, Colorado Energy Office

energyoffice.colorado.gov @COEnergyOffice







State of Fleet Electrification

Mary Till, Sawatch Labs





Global EV Sales Growth

Electric car sales drive cost reductions in batteries, which boosts deployment across all road vehicle categories







U.S. EV Sales Growth





Policy Driven Electrification







Clean Cities Coalition Influence on EV Adoption







EV applications in Fleet



- Increasing adoption in MD/HD. Growth driven by increased model availability
- Steady light-duty adoption will continue

"More than two-thirds (69%) of surveyed fleets that have used BEVs plan to either pilot or purchase them in the next 12 months. State of Sustainable Fleets 2021 survey"





New Electric Bus Registrations





Steady U.S. EVSE Growth



https://afdc.energy.gov/





Battery Life Increasing



There are programs actively gathering real-world EV data





Growing Markets for used batteries





CML Special Conference

September -22-24, 2021 • Westminster, CO

Xcel Energy's 2021-2023 Transportation Electrification Plan

Contents of this presentation reflects the view of the presenter, not of CML.



20 CML SPECIAL CONFERENCE WESTMINSTER | SEPT. 22-24

EV Market Projections

Xcel share of Governor's 2030 EV goal





Xcel Energy's 2030 EV Vision

Our vision to power 1.5 million EVs across all service areas x 2030





In customer fuel savings annually by 2030



\$1 OR LESS PER GALLON (EQUIVALENT)

To drive an EV with Xcel Energy's low, off-peak electricity prices CO₂

5 MILLION TONS OF CARBON EMISSIONS

Eliminated annually by 2030 with our clean energy





Xcel Energy's EV Programs

Focus on 3 Market Segments:



Key Barriers to Address:

Lack of Awareness and Information Initial upfront costs Suboptimal incentives to charge when energy costs are lowest







Supporting Communities on Transportation Electrification





Advisory Services

Fleet Planning



Residential / Light Duty

2 Xcel Energy*			Flectric Vehicles •	Incentives Qualified Dealers Charging
		Compare electric vehicles by range, p	Vehicles arise, or your personalized Match Score label cost compared to a similar gas rehic	
	NEW PRE OWNED	Chevrolet 🔮 🖻	Ford 💡 🕽 Cecape Plug in Hyteral	Sort Dy March Szaw v Ford Facility Brid Thanian
	Retire Match Score			
	PUEDET AFTER INCENTIVES	Exercit Temps 255 miles V257 531,003	Cente Fange 37 millow Non Range 500 million None 8 300,075	Exercit Temps 20 miles Inter Hange 010 miles Unner 5,35 plas
	MANUM CENTS	Value Value <th< td=""><td>AFTER INCENTIVES ANTO ISCORE \$23,906 100.nm</td><td>Arton McOntrylos Mkrol scone 827,916 100 mm</td></th<>	AFTER INCENTIVES ANTO ISCORE \$23,906 100.nm	Arton McOntrylos Mkrol scone 827,916 100 mm
	STREE DATABASE AND LOD ITY (2)	Honda 🕴 🕱	Hyundar 💡 🎘 Ionis Pag Is Hybrid	Hyundai 🛛 🕈 🗲



Dealership Network







Enhanced Support for Income-Qualified and Higher Emissions Communities

Multifamily Housing Programs:

Assigned Parking:

Additional rebate of \$800 per port

<u>Shared Parking:</u> Additional rebate of \$2,200 per port

Commercial Programs:

Fleets/Workplaces:

Additional rebate of \$2,200 - \$45,000 per port

<u>Community Charging Hubs:</u> Additional rebate of \$15,000 - \$40,000



Identified HECs

(Based on CDPHE and EPA Data)





Public Fast Charging



Current:

L2: ~700 ports DCFC: ~150 ports in service area

2030 need for 450k vehicles:

L2: 9,500 ports DCFC: 2,200 ports

2030 need for 650k vehicles:

L2: 13,000 ports DCFC: 3,300 ports



CML Special Conference

September -22-24, 2021 • Westminster, CO

CDOT EV Update

0 (

Contents of this presentation reflects the view of the presenter, not of CML.





CDOT's Electric Vehicle Goals

Policy Directive 14 Environmental Impact Objectives & Targets

Work collaboratively with other state agencies and local partners to **reduce statewide GHG pollution** from the transportation sector by 26% by 2025, 50% by 2030, 90% by 2050 relative to 2005 statewide GHG pollution levels.

Collaborate with other state agencies to **increase electric vehicle registrations** to support a future fleet of at least 940,000 light-duty EVs by 2030.

Work with other state departments, transit agencies, and electric utilities to meet the transit vehicle goals specified in its 2020 Electric Vehicle Plan to **convert the state transit fleet to 100% ZEV** by 2050, with an interim target of at least 1,000 ZEVs by 2030.

Collaborate with other state agencies, local governments, and private companies to **increase the percentage of total state highway miles within a 30-mile travel buffer of DC fast-charging stations** from 40% in FY 2020 to 100% by FY 2030.

Coordinate with other state agencies, the Colorado Scenic & Historic Byways Commission, local governments, and individual site hosts to **increase the number of Colorado Scenic & Historic Byways classified as electrified byways** from 3 in FY 2020 to 26 by the end of FY 2025.





Clean Trucking Strategy



In July 2020, CDOT, CDPHE, and CEO announced plans to develop an all-of-the-above strategy to reduce pollution from medium- and heavy-duty transportation. The draft strategy includes a suite of ideas that will be evaluated comprehensively to determine the most impactful and reasonable actions:

- Accelerating fleet turnover in the conventional truck fleet
- Incorporating clean technology and developing ZEV infrastructure, especially for critical freight corridors
- Encouraging participation in programs like SmartWay
- Exploring adoption of Advanced Clean Truck standard
- Supporting workforce development
- Leading by example through green procurement

Technical analysis by MJ Bradley nearing completion; Public Input meetings to be planned for early fall 2021



Transit ZEV Roadmap

ZEV Transit Roadmap Components

- National Transit ZEV Trends
- Colorado Transit ZEV Environment
- Role of Utilities in Transit Fleet Electrification
- Financial Modeling
- Achieving Colorado's ZEV Transit Goals









EV Fast Charging Access

Colorado Existing EV Fast Charging Stations (117) (with 30 Miles Travel Buffers) Updated 02/25/2021



Total State Hwy Miles	30 Miles Network Buffer's Miles	% of State Hwy Miles In Buffers
9,067	4,467	49%



Colorado Scenic Byways

Completed

- Lariat Loop
- Grand Mesa
- Silver Thread
- Collegiate Peaks
- Flat Tops Trail
- Trail Ridge Road

In-Progress

- Top of the Rockies
- West Elk Loop
- Colorado River Headwaters
- Trail of the Ancients
- Peak to Peak







Questions?





COLORADO MUNICIPAL LEAGUE





